

Bursar

REPORT
OF THE
BOARD OF GOVERNORS
OF THE
UNIVERSITY OF
ALBERTA



Year Ending December 31st, 1923

UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA
ARCHIVES

ACCESSION No. 71-164-35

REFERENCE No.

To His Honour

The Lieutenant Governor in Council.

Sir:

On behalf of the Board of Governors of the University of Alberta, and in accordance with section 31, subsection 3 of an Act respecting the University of Alberta, the undersigned have the honour to transmit to you, through the Minister of Education, the Report of the University for the year closing December 31st, 1923.

The Report consists of two parts, Part I- the Report of the President on the academic work of the University for the year ending June 30th, 1923, and Part II- the Financial Statement for the year ending December 31st, 1923.

We have the honour to remain your obedient servants,

Chairman.

President.

To His Excellency

The Minister of Education in Council.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the letter of the 14th inst. in relation to the report of the Board of Education of the University of Alberta, and in accordance with section 21, subsection 2 of the Act relating to the University of Alberta, the Minister of Education has the honor to forward to you, through the Minister of

Education, the report of the Board of Education for the year ending December 31st, 1922.

The report consists of two parts, Part I, the report of the President on the academic work of the University for the year ending June 30th, 1922, and Part II, the financial

statement for the year ending December 31st, 1922.

I have the honor to remain your obedient servant,

Chairman.

President.

P A R T I

.....
THE REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT
.....

To The Board of Governors
of The University of Alberta.

Gentlemen:

In accordance with the requirements of the University Act, Section 66, Subsection 7, I beg to submit, herewith, a report on the work of the University for the academic year ending, June 30th, 1932, the fifteenth annual report of the University, the thirteenth to your honourable body.

Staff

No changes have taken place in connection with the organization of the faculties during the current year. They stand as stated to you in the report of one year ago.

Professors	33
Associate Professors	10
Assistant Professors	14
Lecturers	17
Seasonal Lecturers	3
Instructors	10
Demonstrators	1

88

Library-

Librarian	1
Asst. Librarians	3
Seasonal help	1

Extension Department-

Director	1
Assistant Director	1
Librarian	1
Lecturer	1

96
6

To The Board of Governors
of the University of Alberta

Gentlemen:

In accordance with the requirements of the University
Act, Section 86, subsection 7, I beg to submit, herewith, a
report on the work of the University for the academic year
ending, June 30th, 1935. The following annual report of the
University, the thirtieth to your honorable body.

Staff

No changes have taken place in connection with
the organization of the faculty during the current year.
They stand as stated in the report of our last year.

23	Presidents
10	Associate Professors
14	Assistant Professors
17	Lecturers
2	Research Assistants
15	Instructors
1	Administrators

88

Library-

1	Librarian
3	Assistant Librarian
1	Specialist help
Extension Department	
1	Director
1	Assistant Director
1	Librarian
1	Lecturer

Correspondence Department :

Director	1
Instructors	3

Industrial Laboratory:

Director	1
Assistant	1

There were in addition to the above twenty-nine lecturers, instructors and demonstrators in the Faculty of Medicine who were not on the permanent staff of the University but who received a small honorarium for their services in the various laboratories and hospital departments.

Further, there were thirteen honorary lecturers in Law who were not on the salaried staff but who also received a small honorarium. This was due to the fact that we were giving Law lectures at the Edmonton and Calgary Court Houses . These lectures ,however, have now been discontinued, Law being given in the University, so that this personnel is no longer associated with the University.

29
13
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Government Department :

Director 1
 Assistant 3

Industrial Laboratory:

Director 1
 Assistant 1

There were in addition to the above twenty-nine lecturers, instructors and demonstrators in the Faculty of Medicine who were not on the permanent staff of the University but who received a small honorarium for their services in the various laboratories and hospital demonstrations. Further, there were thirteen honorary lecturers in Law who were not on the permanent staff but who also received a small honorarium. This was due to the fact that we were giving Law lectures at the Kingston and College Court Houses. These lectures, however, have now been discontinued, Law being given in the University, so that this personnel is no longer associated with the University.

18
 18
 18
 18
 18

Resignations:

T. H. Milne, M.A., Lecturer in Mathematics

Grant Leckhead, B.A., M.Sc., Ph.D., Lecturer in Biochemistry

N. M. Stover, M. Sc., Instructor in Chemistry

Grace Gladstone, B. Sc., Instructor in Household Economics

Janet M. McBratney, Instructor, Correspondence Department

Annie Norrington, B.Sc., Instructor, Correspondence Department

Ferdinand Lehmann, M. Sc. Demonstrator in Physics

Charles T. Allwork, B.A., Assistant in History

Faculty:

- E. H. Hines, M.A., Professor in Mathematics
Grant Lockhead, B.A., M.Sc., Ph.D., Professor in Mathematics
H. W. Stover, M.Sc., Instructor in Chemistry
Grace Distance, B.Sc., Instructor in Household Economics
James M. McPherson, Instructor, Correspondence Department
Annie Harrington, B.Sc., Instructor, Correspondence Department
Wendell Johnson, M.Sc., Professor in Physics
Charles T. Alford, B.A., Assistant in History

It is with the deepest regret that we report the loss by death of Professor Gaetz and Professor S. D. Killam.

Professor Gaetz came to us some years ago for the purpose of organizing the School of Pharmacy in the University and during the time that he was with us, he was one of the ablest counsellors in connection with all matters of University development. The School of Pharmacy will remain in the University as a monument to his zeal and earnestness.

Dr. S. D. Killam, one of our younger men, was one of the most brilliant young mathematicians in Canada. Although only thirty-six years of age, he had already begun to leave his mark on mathematical science. He was a teacher and colleague beloved alike by students and staff. His untimely death by accidental drowning has left a vacancy in the University exceedingly difficult to fill.

Registration by Faculties

As distributed in the various faculties
and schools, the numbers are as follows:

Total Registration1314

1. Faculty of Arts and Sciences696

B.A. and B.Sc. in Arts240

Bachelor of Commerce..... 29

B.Sc. in Household Ec. 29

B.Sc. in Pharmacy 16

Special students 64

Graduate Courses 87

Combined Courses:

Arts & Agriculture.....11

Arts & Law43

Arts & Medicine.....43

Arts & App. Sci.....16

Arts & Architecture.... 2

115

Summer Session..... 116

340
115
455

34273

2. Faculty of Applied Science103

Civil, Mining, Electrical49

Architecture 2

Graduate Courses 4

Special Students 1

Preliminary year for Engineering.... 28

Combined Courses:

Arts & App. Sci. 18

Arts & Arch..... 2 18

51
49
80

51
49
80

3. Faculty of Medicine 190

Medicine..... 102

Dentistry 44

Special Graduate students 1

Combined Courses:

Arts & Medicine..... 43

4. <u>Faculty of Law</u>	120
Law	77
Combined Courses:	
Arts & Law	43
5. <u>Faculty of Agriculture</u>	139
Agriculture	67
Bach. of Household Ec....	7
Combined Courses:	
Arts & Agric.	11
Short Course in Dairying..	54
6. <u>School of Pharmacy</u>	61
B.Sc. in Pharmacy	16
Diploma in Pharmacy.....	45
7. <u>Correspondence</u>	131
8. <u>B. D. students</u>	6

Total.... 1445

Less duplicate registration in
double courses

131

Total.. 1314

4. Faculty of Law 120

Law 77

Constitutional Law

State & Law 48

5. Faculty of Agriculture 120

Agriculture 87

Food & Nutrition 9

Constitutional Law

State & Law 41

State Center in Berlin 84

6. School of Pharmacy 11

Pharmacy 10

Pharmacy in Pharmacy 40

7. Department of 111

8. D. D. Department 4

Total 100

been distributed to registered in

111

Total 100

Student Registration for the Academic Year

Ending June 30th, 1923.

The following classification of the student body under various heads:- academic, social and religious will give some indication of the manifold interests that enter into the University.

Registration by Years

	<u>Men</u>	<u>Women</u>	<u>Total</u>
First Year	233	75	308
Second Year	182	42	222
Third Year	253	71	324
Fourth Year.....	63	34	97
Graduate Students	63	29	92
B. D.	6	0	6
Correspondence	158	73	231
Special Students	37	27	64
Summer Session.....	51	65	116
Short Course in Dairying.....	54	0	54
	900	414	1314

Student Registration for the Academic Year

ending June 30th, 1933.

The following classification of the student body under various heads: - academic, social and religious will give some indication of the manifold interests that enter into the University.

Registration by Year

Men	Women	Total
First Year	105	105
Second Year	105	105
Third Year	105	105
Fourth Year	105	105
Graduate Students	105	105
B. D.	105	105
Correspondence	105	105
Special Students	105	105
Summer Session	105	105
Short Course in Training	105	105
600	450	1050

REGISTRATION BY SUBJECT

Subject	Number of Course	Number of Students	Total
Accountancy	1 52	12 <u>5</u>	17
Agricultural Engineering	2 51 52	24 11 <u>1</u>	36
Anatomy	2 & 5 4 6 7 10 11 12 13 14 21 22 23 53 54 55	32 33 5 5 33 33 33 15 34 22 18 43 44 <u>43</u>	335
Ancient History	51	<u>14</u>	14
Animal Husbandry	1 2 3 4 10 52 53 55	28 27 13 13 25 2 3 <u>7</u>	117
Architecture	2 3 4 5 6 51 52 54 56 58 61 62	2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 <u>13</u>	29

Subject	Number of Courses	Number of Students	Total
Classics in English	51	<u>20</u>	20
Clinical Laboratory	58	<u>14</u>	14
Clinical Medicine	51	<u>14</u>	14
Clinical Surgery	51	<u>14</u>	14
Commercial Law		<u>12</u>	12
Constitutional Law		<u>21</u>	21
Contracts		<u>31</u>	31
Criminal Law		<u>51</u>	51
Dairying	51	<u>12</u>	12
Dentistry	1 2 3	5 18 <u>12</u>	41
Drawing	1 2 3 4 5	1 12 1 14 <u>8</u>	36
Education	51 53	5 <u>2</u>	7
Electrical Engineering	51 53 54 55	7 12 7 <u>6</u>	32
English	1 2 3 4 52 53 54 57 58 59 60 104 106	174 99 23 30 5 36 12 45 20 11 6 1 <u>2</u>	454

Number of Inventors	Number of Patents	Year
1	1	1880
2	2	1881
3	3	1882
4	4	1883
5	5	1884
6	6	1885
7	7	1886
8	8	1887
9	9	1888
10	10	1889
11	11	1890
12	12	1891
13	13	1892
14	14	1893
15	15	1894
16	16	1895
17	17	1896
18	18	1897
19	19	1898
20	20	1899
21	21	1900
22	22	1901
23	23	1902
24	24	1903
25	25	1904
26	26	1905
27	27	1906
28	28	1907
29	29	1908
30	30	1909
31	31	1910
32	32	1911
33	33	1912
34	34	1913
35	35	1914
36	36	1915
37	37	1916
38	38	1917
39	39	1918
40	40	1919
41	41	1920
42	42	1921
43	43	1922
44	44	1923
45	45	1924
46	46	1925
47	47	1926
48	48	1927
49	49	1928
50	50	1929
51	51	1930
52	52	1931
53	53	1932
54	54	1933
55	55	1934
56	56	1935
57	57	1936
58	58	1937
59	59	1938
60	60	1939
61	61	1940
62	62	1941
63	63	1942
64	64	1943
65	65	1944
66	66	1945
67	67	1946
68	68	1947
69	69	1948
70	70	1949
71	71	1950
72	72	1951
73	73	1952
74	74	1953
75	75	1954
76	76	1955
77	77	1956
78	78	1957
79	79	1958
80	80	1959
81	81	1960
82	82	1961
83	83	1962
84	84	1963
85	85	1964
86	86	1965
87	87	1966
88	88	1967
89	89	1968
90	90	1969
91	91	1970
92	92	1971
93	93	1972
94	94	1973
95	95	1974
96	96	1975
97	97	1976
98	98	1977
99	99	1978
100	100	1979
101	101	1980
102	102	1981
103	103	1982
104	104	1983
105	105	1984
106	106	1985
107	107	1986
108	108	1987
109	109	1988
110	110	1989
111	111	1990
112	112	1991
113	113	1992
114	114	1993
115	115	1994
116	116	1995
117	117	1996
118	118	1997
119	119	1998
120	120	1999
121	121	2000
122	122	2001
123	123	2002
124	124	2003
125	125	2004
126	126	2005
127	127	2006
128	128	2007
129	129	2008
130	130	2009
131	131	2010
132	132	2011
133	133	2012
134	134	2013
135	135	2014
136	136	2015
137	137	2016
138	138	2017
139	139	2018
140	140	2019
141	141	2020
142	142	2021
143	143	2022
144	144	2023
145	145	2024
146	146	2025
147	147	2026
148	148	2027
149	149	2028
150	150	2029
151	151	2030
152	152	2031
153	153	2032
154	154	2033
155	155	2034
156	156	2035
157	157	2036
158	158	2037
159	159	2038
160	160	2039
161	161	2040
162	162	2041
163	163	2042
164	164	2043
165	165	2044
166	166	2045
167	167	2046
168	168	2047
169	169	2048
170	170	2049
171	171	2050
172	172	2051
173	173	2052
174	174	2053
175	175	2054
176	176	2055
177	177	2056
178	178	2057
179	179	2058
180	180	2059
181	181	2060
182	182	2061
183	183	2062
184	184	2063
185	185	2064
186	186	2065
187	187	2066
188	188	2067
189	189	2068
190	190	2069
191	191	2070
192	192	2071
193	193	2072
194	194	2073
195	195	2074
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197	197	2076
198	198	2077
199	199	2078
200	200	2079
201	201	2080
202	202	2081
203	203	2082
204	204	2083
205	205	2084
206	206	2085
207	207	2086
208	208	2087
209	209	2088
210	210	2089
211	211	2090
212	212	2091
213	213	2092
214	214	2093
215	215	2094
216	216	2095
217	217	2096
218	218	2097
219	219	2098
220	220	2099
221	221	2100
222	222	2101
223	223	2102
224	224	2103
225	225	2104
226	226	2105
227	227	2106
228	228	2107
229	229	2108
230	230	2109
231	231	2110
232	232	2111
233	233	2112
234	234	2113
235	235	2114
236	236	2115
237	237	2116
238	238	2117
239	239	2118
240	240	2119
241	241	2120
242	242	2121
243	243	2122
244	244	2123
245	245	2124
246	246	2125
247	247	2126
248	248	2127
249	249	2128
250	250	2129
251	251	2130
252	252	2131
253	253	2132
254	254	2133
255	255	2134
256	256	2135
257	257	2136
258	258	2137
259	259	2138
260	260	2139
261	261	2140
262	262	2141
263	263	2142
264	264	2143
265	265	2144
266	266	2145
267	267	2146
268	268	2147
269	269	2148
270	270	2149
271	271	2150
272	272	2151
273	273	2152
274	274	2153
275	275	2154
276	276	2155
277	277	2156
278	278	2157
279	279	2158
280	280	2159
281	281	2160
282	282	2161
283	283	2162
284	284	2163
285	285	2164
286	286	2165
287	287	2166
288	288	2167
289	289	2168
290	290	2169
291	291	2170
292	292	2171
293	293	2172
294	294	2173
295	295	2174
296	296	2175
297	297	2176
298	298	2177
299	299	2178
300	300	2179
301	301	2180
302	302	2181
303	303	2182
304	304	2183
305	305	2184
306	306	2185
307	307	2186
308	308	2187
309	309	2188
310	310	2189
311	311	2190
312	312	2191
313	313	2192
314	314	2193
315	315	2194
316	316	2195
317	317	2196
318	318	2197
319	319	2198
320	320	2199
321	321	2200
322	322	2201
323	323	2202
324	324	2203
325	325	2204
326	326	2205
327	327	2206
328	328	2207
329	329	2208
330	330	2209
331	331	2210
332	332	2211
333	333	2212
334	334	2213
335	335	2214
336	336	2215
337	337	2216
338	338	2217
339	339	2218
340	340	2219
341	341	2220
342	342	2221
343	343	2222
344	344	2223
345	345	2224
346	346	2225
347	347	2226
348	348	2227
349	349	2228
350	350	2229
351	351	2230
352	352	2231
353	353	2232
354	354	2233
355	355	2234
356	356	2235
357	357	2236
358	358	2237
359	359	2238
360	360	2239
361	361	2240
362	362	2241
363	363	2242
364	364	2243
365	365	2244
366	366	2245
367	367	2246
368	368	2247
369	369	2248
370	370	2249
371	371	2250
372	372	2251
373	373	2252
374	374	2253
375	375	2254
376	376	2255
377	377	2256
378	378	2257
379	379	2258
380	380	2259
381	381	2260
382	382	2261
383	383	2262
384	384	2263
385	385	2264
386	386	2265
387	387	2266
388	388	2267
389	389	2268
390	390	2269
391	391	2270
392	392	2271
393	393	2272
394	394	2273
395	395	2274
396	396	2275
397	397	2276
398	398	2277
399	399	2278
400	400	2279
401	401	2280
402	402	2281
403	403	2282
404	404	2283
405		

Subject	Number of Course	Number of Students	Total
Entomology	1 51 61	37 7 <u>7</u>	41
Equity		<u>22</u>	22
Evidence	1	<u>21</u>	21
Field Husbandry	122 3 4 51 52 53 54 55 121	28 28 24 7 5 9 9 7 <u>2</u>	118
French	A 122 5-4 41 46 46 51 52 55 101-102	108 120 48 11 9 26 30 10 26 <u>3</u>	391
Geology	32 33 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 103	10 13 18 8 2 7 4 7 4 8 <u>3</u>	84
German	A 1-3 2-4 41 51	49 11 3 3 <u>4</u>	72

Total

Number of
Houses

Number of
Cottages

10

11

12

13

151

161

17

18

17
7
1

18

19

20

21

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101-108

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Subject	Number of Course	Number of Students	Total
Greek	1-3 52 101	7 1 <u>1</u>	9
Hebrew	51	<u>2</u>	2
History	1 2 3 54 55 58 101	142 24 54 6 20 45 <u>4</u>	295
History of Agriculture	1 2 51	28 23 <u>13</u>	63
Orticulture	1	<u>28</u>	28
Household Economics	1 2 3 31 51 52 55 56 57 58 59	7 7 6 7 6 9 9 6 4 4 <u>4</u>	69
Hygiene	51	<u>12</u>	12
Latin	A 1-3 2-4 25 57 104 111 113	119 93 3 27 2 1 1 <u>1</u>	245
Legal History		<u>50</u>	50
Maternal Medicine	1 3 4 51 52	18 25 18 4 <u>5</u>	70

Number of Cotton	Number of Spindles	Total
1-2	7	
3	1	
101	<u>1</u>	9
11	<u>2</u>	8
1	100	
2	50	
3	50	
14	5	
50	50	
50	50	
100	<u>4</u>	500
1	50	
2	51	
51	<u>10</u>	52
1	<u>50</u>	50
1	7	
2	7	
3	5	
51	7	
51	5	
50	5	
50	5	
50	5	
50	4	
50	<u>4</u>	50
51	<u>10</u>	10
4	110	
1-2	50	
1-1	5	
50	50	
50	5	
104	1	
111	1	
110	<u>1</u>	500
	<u>50</u>	50
1	10	
2	50	
4	10	
51	4	
50	<u>5</u>	10

Subject	Number of Course	Number of Students	Total
Mathematics	1	157	451
	2	32	
	3	13	
	7	19	
	21	24	
	22	26	
	25	19	
	26	18	
	31	33	
	32	29	
	36	29	
	53	3	
	55	3	
	57	4	
	58	3	
	59	6	
	61	20	
	63	2	
	101	3	
	103	3	
	106	3	
	110	<u>3</u>	
Mining Engineering	54	6	44
	56	3	
	58	4	
	59	3	
	60	4	
	61	6	
	62	3	
	63	4	
	64	4	
	65	4	
	66	<u>3</u>	
Pathology	51	<u>14</u>	14
Pharmacology	51	<u>14</u>	14
Pharmacy	1	17	113
	2	18	
	3	44	
	4	17	
	51	4	
	52	4	
	54	4	
	55	<u>5</u>	
Philosophy	2	36	61
	51	26	
	52	9	
	53	<u>11</u>	

Subject	Number of Course	Number of Students	Total
Physics	1	155	
	3	15	
	6	20	
	8	15	
	11	38	
	21	27	
	31	34	
	53	6	
	54	4	
	57	<u>3</u>	317
Physiology	1	66	
	51	12	
	61	<u>11</u>	90
Political Economy	1	75	
	3	15	
	10	11	
	62	12	
	63	43	
	66	32	
	67	19	
	68	19	
	70	12	
	101	1	
	102	1	
	120	1	
	121	<u>1</u>	242
Practice	1	<u>23</u>	23
Property		<u>31</u>	31
Psychology	51	30	
	52	24	
	53	45	
	54	12	
	55	18	
	56	18	
	102	1	
	104	13	
	105	<u>14</u>	175
Real Property		<u>23</u>	23
Sales		<u>23</u>	23
Science & Engineering		<u>12</u>	12
Soils	1	24	
	2	22	
	53	10	
	54	7	
	55	<u>7</u>	70

Subject	Number of Cases	Number of Students	Page
Physiology	1	105	
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Subject	Number of Courses	Number of Students	Total
Torts	1	<u>30</u>	30
Toxicology	1	17	
	61	<u>3</u>	20
Veterinary Science	1	22	
	51	<u>2</u>	24
Zoology	1	35	
	2	41	
	3	<u>34</u>	110
B.D.		<u>6</u>	6
Extra-mural Law Students-			
First Intermediate:			
Edmonton		6	
Calgary		<u>6</u>	12
Second Intermediate:			
Edmonton		6	
Calgary		<u>12</u>	18
First Finals:			
Edmonton		17	
Calgary		<u>20</u>	37
Second Finals:			
Edmonton		18	
Calgary		<u>19</u>	37
LL.B. Candidates-			
Legal Philosophies		11	
Ancient Law		12	
Jurisprudence		4	
Public International Law		11	
History of English Law		10	
Roman Law		9	
American Constitutional Law		<u>9</u>	66

Subject	Number of Courses	Number of Students	Total
Logic	1	10	10
Metaphysics	1	17	17
	10	3	13
Veterinary Science	1	23	23
	21	3	24
Zoology	1	23	23
	3	41	44
	3	11	14
		3	3
Extra-mural Law Students-			
First Intermediate:			
Edmonton		3	
Calgary		3	13
Second Intermediate:			
Edmonton		3	
Calgary		13	16
Third Year:			
Edmonton		17	
Calgary		20	37
Fourth Year:			
Edmonton		13	
Calgary		13	26
M.A. Candidates-			
Legal Philosophy		13	
Legal Law		13	
Jurisprudence		4	
Public International Law		11	
History of English Law		10	
Roman Law		3	
American Constitutional Law		3	36

Registration of Students According to National Origin

The following classification of students with respect to their origin shows how varied is the nationality of our student body:

1. British	1003
(a) Canada	762
Ontario	236
Alberta	190
Manitoba	101
Nova Scotia	47
Quebec	42
Saskatchewan	40
British Columbia	37
New Brunswick	37
Prince Edward Is.....	25
Yukon	4
"Canada"	1

The 190 in Alberta were distributed as follows:

Edmonton.....	47
Calgary	39
Medicine Hat	18
Ponoka	11
Lethbridge	9
MacLeod	8
Okotoks	4
Yegreville	4
Wetaskiwin	4
Star	3
Pincher Creek	3
Fort Saskatchewan	3
Cardston	3
Leduc	3
Olds	3
Lacombe	2
Beaver Lake	2
Didsbury	2
Cochrane	2

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Avonray	1
Burnt Lake	1
Ben Accord	1
Benton	1
Cayley	1
Carstairs	1
Crossfield	1
De Winton	1
Frank	1
Gleichen	1
High River	1
Hilldale	1
Innisfail	1
Irvine	1
Kinsella	1
Lament	1
Langdon	1
Lochnow	1
Lundbrick	1
Livingstone	1
Mountain View	1
Obaton	1
Red Deer	1

(b) Other Parts of the British Empire 241

England	126
Scotland	56
Ireland	41
Wales	6
Newfoundland.....	4
India	3
New Zealand	2
Australia	1
British Guiana	1
Ceylon	1

2. Foreign Countries 239

(a) United States.....128

North Dakota.....	16
Iowa	15
Illinois	14
Minnesota	11
Washington	11
Nebraska	10
Ohio	9
Michigan	8
Massachusetts	7
Pennsylvania	7
South Dakota	7
Missouri	6
Montana	6
New York	6
Utah	6
Wisconsin	6
Kansas	5
Oklahoma	5
California	3
Idaho	3
Indiana	3
New Hampshire	3
Colorado	2
New Jersey	2
Oregon	2
Vermont	2
Virginia	2
Louisiana	1
Texas	1
Wyoming	1
" U.S.A."	6

(b) Countries other than the United States51

Russia	10
Ukraine	8
Austria	5
France	5
China	3
Sweden	3
Belgium	2
Denmark	2
Poland	2
West Africa	2
Roumania	2
Finland	1
Germany	1
Japan	1
Norway	1
Mexico	1
Italy	1
Switzerland	1

II Countries not specified 73

Distribution of Students in the Province

The Home Addresses of the students represent one hundred and ninety one places in the Province. These are as follows:

Airdrie, Albemarle, Alix, Altona, Athabasca, Banf, Bashaw, Bassano, Basil, Bearberry, Beiseker, Bellis, Bellevue, Bonalta, Bentley, Beverly, Bittern Lake, Bindloss, Blackfalds, Blairmore, Bottrel, Botha, Bowden, Brant, Brecker, Brooks, Brutus, Bulwer, Busby, Cadogan, Calgary, Calmar, Camrose, Carbon, Cardston, Carmangay, Carstairs, Caster, Cayley, Cereal, Cherhill, Chauvin, Chinese, Chandle, Clarendon, Clive, Cluny, Coalhurst, Cochrane, Cold Lake, Colinton, Coleman, Compeer, Consort, Coronation, Cowley, Crowfoot, Craignyle, Dalroy, Daysland, Dalhousie, Delamater, Della, Dewberry, Didbury, Drumheller, Duffield, Dunsart, Edmonton, Edgerton, Elmore, Erskine, Excelsior, Eyremore, Foremost, Forestburg, Fork Lake, Fort Saskatchewan, Gem, Gleichen, Grand Prairie, Graman, Gurneyville, Hanna, Halkirk, Hardisty, High River, Hillcrest, Hughenden, Innisfail, Irricana, Irma, Irvine, Islay, Jasper, Jenner, Keona, Killam, Kinross, Kitscoty, Lacombe, Lake Saskatoon, Lemont, Langdon, Leduc, Leesshore, Lee, Leslieville, Lethbridge, Lloydminster, Lougheed, Lundbrook, Magrath, Malet, Manneville, Medicine Hat, McLeod, Millarfield, Millet, Morningside, Morrin, Mountain Park, Mountain View, Morinville, Mundare, Munson, Nanton, Nemaha, Nevis, New Brigidon, New Dayton, New Lindsay, Opaton, Oketoks, Olde, Oneway, Oyen, Peace River, Pekin, Pincher Creek, Ponoka, Plamonda, Provost, Radway Centre,

Raymond, Redcliff, Red Deer, Redwater, Rimby, Rocky Mountain House,
Rodene, Rosemary, Reeyth, Round Hill, Ryley, Scotfield, Sedgewick,
Shepard, Skiff, Springdale, Spruce Grove, St. Albert, St. Paul de Metis,
Standard, Stammers, Stavely, Stettler, Stony Plain, Strone,
Sturgeonville, Suffield, Sunnyside, Taber, Three Hills, Thorhild,
Tide Lake, Tofield, Usania, Vauxhall, Vagreville, Vermilion,
Veteran, Viking, Wainwright, Warner, Waskatamus, Wayne, Wealthy,
Westlock, Youngstown, Zetland.

The Religious Affiliation of the Students in the University
as shown by their Registration Cards

Presbyterians	392
Methodist	386
Anglican	224
Roman Catholic	103
Baptist	97
Hebrew	21
Lutheran	17
Mormon	13
Unitarian	13
United Church	9
Greek Orthodox	9
Congregationalist	7
Greek Catholic	4
Church of Christ	4
Quaker	3
Christian Science	2
Russian Orthodox	2
Salvation Army	1
Mennonite	1
Independent	1
Disciple of Christ	1
Free Methodist	1

The Religious Affiliations of the Students in the University

as shown by their Registration Cards

Presbyterian	392
Methodist	350
Episcopal	324
Roman Catholic	102
Baptist	97
Reformed	81
Lutheran	77
Unitarian	18
Unitarian Church	18
Greek Orthodox	9
Anglican	9
Evangelical	7
Greek Catholic	4
Church of Christ	4
Quaker	3
Christian Science	3
Protestant Episcopal	2
Salvation Army	1
Hinduism	1
Judaism	1
Disciples of Christ	1
Free Methodist	1

Methodist Episcopal	1
Evangelical	1
House of Jacob	1
Christadelphian	1
Protestant	33
Non-denominational	1
None-in-particular	1
No preference	1
"None"	13
Not given	54

Classification of Students by Occupation of Parents

Farmer	403
Merchant	109
Civil Servant	48
Clergyman	44
Contractor and Builder	43
Railwayman	41
Lawyer	40
Teacher	39
Physician	34
Mechanic	31
Broker and Agent	27
Engineer	24
Commercial Traveller	19
Clerk	18
Accountant	17
Grain Trade	15
Carpenter	15
Journalist	13
Dentist	11
Druggist	9
Sailor	8
Printer	8
Manufacturer	8
Milleright	7
Photographer	7

Banker	7
Veterinary Surgeon	6
Soldier	5
Artist	5
Butcher	4
Baker	4
Watchmaker	3
Barber	3
Tailor	3
Florist	2
Auctioneer	1
Architect	1
Musician	1
Upholsterer	1
Tinsmith	1
Shoemaker	1
Optician	1
Draughtsman	1
Not specified	227

Note: The 227 is made up of Correspondence students and those taking the Short Course in Dairying, who are not asked to specify the occupation of their parents.

Note: The 1977 is only an estimate of the number of persons taking the exam. The actual number of persons taking the exam is not known until the results are announced.

1977	1976	1975	1974	1973	1972	1971	1970	1969	1968	1967	1966	1965	1964	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942	1941	1940	1939	1938	1937	1936	1935	1934	1933	1932	1931	1930	1929	1928	1927	1926	1925	1924	1923	1922	1921	1920	1919	1918	1917	1916	1915	1914	1913	1912	1911	1910	1909	1908	1907	1906	1905	1904	1903	1902	1901	1900	1899	1898	1897	1896	1895	1894	1893	1892	1891	1890	1889	1888	1887	1886	1885	1884	1883	1882	1881	1880	1879	1878	1877	1876	1875	1874	1873	1872	1871	1870	1869	1868	1867	1866	1865	1864	1863	1862	1861	1860	1859	1858	1857	1856	1855	1854	1853	1852	1851	1850	1849	1848	1847	1846	1845	1844	1843	1842	1841	1840	1839	1838	1837	1836	1835	1834	1833	1832	1831	1830	1829	1828	1827	1826	1825	1824	1823	1822	1821	1820	1819	1818	1817	1816	1815	1814	1813	1812	1811	1810	1809	1808	1807	1806	1805	1804	1803	1802	1801	1800	1799	1798	1797	1796	1795	1794	1793	1792	1791	1790	1789	1788	1787	1786	1785	1784	1783	1782	1781	1780	1779	1778	1777	1776	1775	1774	1773	1772	1771	1770	1769	1768	1767	1766	1765	1764	1763	1762	1761	1760	1759	1758	1757	1756	1755	1754	1753	1752	1751	1750	1749	1748	1747	1746	1745	1744	1743	1742	1741	1740	1739	1738	1737	1736	1735	1734	1733	1732	1731	1730	1729	1728	1727	1726	1725	1724	1723	1722	1721	1720	1719	1718	1717	1716	1715	1714	1713	1712	1711	1710	1709	1708	1707	1706	1705	1704	1703	1702	1701	1700	1699	1698	1697	1696	1695	1694	1693	1692	1691	1690	1689	1688	1687	1686	1685	1684	1683	1682	1681	1680	1679	1678	1677	1676	1675	1674	1673	1672	1671	1670	1669	1668	1667	1666	1665	1664	1663	1662	1661	1660	1659	1658	1657	1656	1655	1654	1653	1652	1651	1650	1649	1648	1647	1646	1645	1644	1643	1642	1641	1640	1639	1638	1637	1636	1635	1634	1633	1632	1631	1630	1629	1628	1627	1626	1625	1624	1623	1622	1621	1620	1619	1618	1617	1616	1615	1614	1613	1612	1611	1610	1609	1608	1607	1606	1605	1604	1603	1602	1601	1600	1599	1598	1597	1596	1595	1594	1593	1592	1591	1590	1589	1588	1587	1586	1585	1584	1583	1582	1581	1580	1579	1578	1577	1576	1575	1574	1573	1572	1571	1570	1569	1568	1567	1566	1565	1564	1563	1562	1561	1560	1559	1558	1557	1556	1555	1554	1553	1552	1551	1550	1549	1548	1547	1546	1545	1544	1543	1542	1541	1540	1539	1538	1537	1536	1535	1534	1533	1532	1531	1530	1529	1528	1527	1526	1525	1524	1523	1522	1521	1520	1519	1518	1517	1516	1515	1514	1513	1512	1511	1510	1509	1508	1507	1506	1505	1504	1503	1502	1501	1500	1499	1498	1497	1496	1495	1494	1493	1492	1491	1490	1489	1488	1487	1486	1485	1484	1483	1482	1481	1480	1479	1478	1477	1476	1475	1474	1473	1472	1471	1470	1469	1468	1467	1466	1465	1464	1463	1462	1461	1460	1459	1458	1457	1456	1455	1454	1453	1452	1451	1450	1449	1448	1447	1446	1445	1444	1443	1442	1441	1440	1439	1438	1437	1436	1435	1434	1433	1432	1431	1430	1429	1428	1427	1426	1425	1424	1423	1422	1421	1420	1419	1418	1417	1416	1415	1414	1413	1412	1411	1410	1409	1408	1407	1406	1405	1404	1403	1402	1401	1400	1399	1398	1397	1396	1395	1394	1393	1392	1391	1390	1389	1388	1387	1386	1385	1384	1383	1382	1381	1380	1379	1378	1377	1376	1375	1374	1373	1372	1371	1370	1369	1368	1367	1366	1365	1364	1363	1362	1361	1360	1359	1358	1357	1356	1355	1354	1353	1352	1351	1350	1349	1348	1347	1346	1345	1344	1343	1342	1341	1340	1339	1338	1337	1336	1335	1334	1333	1332	1331	1330	1329	1328	1327	1326	1325	1324	1323	1322	1321	1320	1319	1318	1317	1316	1315	1314	1313	1312	1311	1310	1309	1308	1307	1306	1305	1304	1303	1302	1301	1300	1299	1298	1297	1296	1295	1294	1293	1292	1291	1290	1289	1288	1287	1286	1285	1284	1283	1282	1281	1280	1279	1278	1277	1276	1275	1274	1273	1272	1271	1270	1269	1268	1267	1266	1265	1264	1263	1262	1261	1260	1259	1258	1257	1256	1255	1254	1253	1252	1251	1250	1249	1248	1247	1246	1245	1244	1243	1242	1241	1240	1239	1238	1237	1236	1235	1234	1233	1232	1231	1230	1229	1228	1227	1226	1225	1224	1223	1222	1221	1220	1219	1218	1217	1216	1215	1214	1213	1212	1211	1210	1209	1208	1207	1206	1205	1204	1203	1202	1201	1200	1199	1198	1197	1196	1195	1194	1193	1192	1191	1190	1189	1188	1187	1186	1185	1184	1183	1182	1181	1180	1179	1178	1177	1176	1175	1174	1173	1172	1171	1170	1169	1168	1167	1166	1165	1164	1163	1162	1161	1160	1159	1158	1157	1156	1155	1154	1153	1152	1151	1150	1149	1148	1147	1146	1145	1144	1143	1142	1141	1140	1139	1138	1137	1136	1135	1134	1133	1132	1131	1130	1129	1128	1127	1126	1125	1124	1123	1122	1121	1120	1119	1118	1117	1116	1115	1114	1113	1112	1111	1110	1109	1108	1107	1106	1105	1104	1103	1102	1101	1100	1099	1098	1097	1096	1095	1094	1093	1092	1091	1090	1089	1088	1087	1086	1085	1084	1083	1082	1081	1080	1079	1078	1077	1076	1075	1074	1073	1072	1071	1070	1069	1068	1067	1066	1065	1064	1063	1062	1061	1060	1059	1058	1057	1056	1055	1054	1053	1052	1051	1050	1049	1048	1047	1046	1045	1044	1043	1042	1041	1040	1039	1038	1037	1036	1035	1034	1033	1032	1031	1030	1029	1028	1027	1026	1025	1024	1023	1022	1021	1020	1019	1018	1017	1016	1015	1014	1013	1012	1011	1010	1009	1008	1007	1006	1005	1004	1003	1002	1001	1000	999	998	997	996	995	994	993	992	991	990	989	988	987	986	985	984	983	982	981	980	979	978	977	976	975	974	973	972	971	970	969	968	967	966	965	964	963	962	961	960	959	958	957	956	955	954	953	952	951	950	949	948	947	946	945	944	943	942	941	940	939	938	937	936	935	934	933	932	931	930	929	928	927	926	925	924	923	922	921	920	919	918	917	916	915	914	913	912	911	910	909	908	907	906	905	904	903	902	901	900	899	898	897	896	895	894	893	892	891	890	889	888	887	886	885	884	883	882	881	880	879	878	877	876	875	874	873	872	871	870	869	868	867	866	865	864	863	862	861	860	859	858	857	856	855	854	853	852	851	850	849	848	847	846	845	844	843	842	841	840	839	838	837	836	835	834	833	832	831	830	829	828	827	826	825	824	823	822	821	820	819	818	817	816	815	814	813	812	811	810	809	808	807	806	805	804	803	802	801	800	799	798	797	796	795	794	793	792	791	790	789	788	787	786	785	784	783	782	781	780	779	778	777	776	775	774	773	772	771	770	769	768	767	766	765	764	763	762	761	760	759	758	757	756	755	754	753	752	751	750	749	748	747	746	745	744	743	742	741	740	739	738	737	736	735	734	733	732	731	730	729	728	727	726	725	724	723	722	721	720	719	718	717	716	715	714	713	712	711	710	709	708	707	706	705	704	703	702	701	700	699	698	697	696	695	694	693	692	691	690	689	688	687	686	685	684	683	682	681	680	679	678	677	676	675	674	673	672	671	670	669	668	667	666	665	664	663	662	661	660	659	658	657	656	655	654	653	652	651	650	649	648	647	646	645	644	643	642	641	640	639	638	637	636	635	634	633	632	631	630	629	628	627	626	625	624	623	622	621	620	619	618	617	616	615	614	613	612	611	610	609	608	607	606	605	604	603	602	601	600	599	598	597	596	595	594	593	592	591	590	589	588	587	586	585	584	583	582	581	580	579	578	577	576	575	574	573	572	571	570	569	568	567	566	56
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SCHOLARSHIP

On the whole, the academic work of the year has been carried out in a manner eminently satisfactory to the University authorities. The financial difficulties of the times unfortunately prevented a good many from returning. Their places were taken by others who had been forced to stay out of college during the preceding year.

The work of the Freshman Committee continues to be a great source of gratification. As has been previously stated, this committee is organized for the purpose of assisting freshmen to adjust themselves from their school course to the course at the University. Further, many students on coming to the University are not sure of the vocation which they are to follow afterwards. Both of these matters are very carefully watched by the Freshman Committee and wherever advice and help are possible, it is made available. During the year a questionnaire has been filled out by every freshman in the University. This has been made the basis on which helpful advice could be given to students after comparing their chosen course of study with the results of examinations.

As the result of a questionnaire, some very interesting facts were elicited from the students. For example, in the Faculty of Arts and Sciences about 50% of the total freshman registration answered the question- "When you entered the University why did you enroll in the Faculty of Arts and Sciences?"- by the statement- "To get a broad education" . With regard to vocational plans, it was found that 50% of the students entering the university had already at entrance matured plans for their future lives. 20% were still in doubt as to what occupation they would fill. As the result

of discussions with their advisers on the Freshman Committee about 20% have changed their plans and are now heading for lines of work for which they seem more fitted. Altogether vocational enquiries were received from approximately 50% of the students of the freshman year.

The same class was asked to answer this question- "State any occupation in which you have been engaged other than that of a student". While the returns were incomplete the following list is probably indicative of the previous occupations of these students.

Teacher	43
Farmer	36
Clerk	36
Surveyor	8
Mechanic	7
Lumber-jack	4
"odd jobs"	3
Teamster	3
Laborer	3
"Business"	3
Carpenter	2
Sailor	2
Steam Engineer	2
Miner	2
Butcher	1
"Chattanooga"	1
Cream Grader	1
Dressmaker	1
Dairyman	1
Dentist's Assistant	1
Dietitian	1
Elevator Man	1
Electric Worker	1
Miller	1
Missionary	1
Journalist	1
Printer	1
Proof-reader	1
Telephone operator	1
Travelling Agent	1

of discussion with their division on the Treasury Committee

about the advantages their plan and are now waiting for

lines of work for their study and more (1934, 1935)

various subjects were resolved from approximately 1934 to 1935

subjects of the Treasury year.

The same class was asked to answer this question-

What are occupations in which you have been engaged other

than that of a student? Within the returns were included

the following list is probably indicative of the previous

occupations of these students.

40	Teacher
35	Writer
30	Chief
25	Surveyor
20	Mechanic
15	Inspector
10	Field Agent
5	Lawyer
3	Librarian
2	Physician
2	Engineer
2	Editor
2	Business Manager
2	Miner
1	Botanist
1	Geologist
1	Chemist
1	Physicist
1	Electrician
1	Plumber
1	Painter
1	Blacksmith
1	Farmer
1	Merchant
1	Banker
1	Hotelier
1	Postman
1	Telegraph Operator
1	Travelling Agent

With regard to the distribution of students, there has been much discussion during the year and many vague remarks have been made as to the extent to which the University is serving the public outside of the city of Edmonton. Definite statements have been made that the southern part of the province, that is the part south of Red Deer, has not been served by the University as has the northern portion. A complete survey has been made which shows the distribution as follows: 307 students are from Edmonton and 218 from Calgary.

There are about one hundred students who give their addresses as Athabasca Hall, Assiniboia Hall, Alberta College, etc., these being students who in the main are without home addresses at all but who are teaching or following some other pursuit in various parts of the province and who come to Edmonton for the winter for education. Leaving these out of consideration, an analysis shows that, with Red Deer considered as the dividing line between the north and south of the province, of those who give registered addresses five hundred and thirty eight are from north of Red Deer from a population of 304,061, while from south of Red Deer there are four hundred and fifty one students representing a population of 284,392, taking the census of 1921 as a basis. As a matter of fact, the ratio of the student body is almost identical with the ratio of population, the ratio of students north to south being approximately 1.2, while the ratio of population is 1.1. Leaving the two chief

With regard to the distribution of students, there has been much discussion during the past few years as to how best to distribute the students among the various departments of the University. It has been pointed out that the number of students in each department should be determined by the needs of the country and the needs of the University.

It has been suggested that the number of students in each department should be determined by the needs of the country and the needs of the University. It has been pointed out that the number of students in each department should be determined by the needs of the country and the needs of the University. It has been pointed out that the number of students in each department should be determined by the needs of the country and the needs of the University.

There are many who believe that the number of students in each department should be determined by the needs of the country and the needs of the University. It has been pointed out that the number of students in each department should be determined by the needs of the country and the needs of the University. It has been pointed out that the number of students in each department should be determined by the needs of the country and the needs of the University. It has been pointed out that the number of students in each department should be determined by the needs of the country and the needs of the University.

cities out of consideration- Edmonton and Calgary- (there can be no doubt that the University being in Edmonton, the Edmonton students are more favorably situated) there were actually two students more from South of Red Deer in the University, last year, than from north of Red Deer.

This only goes to show what anybody, who will give a moment's serious thought, will at once recognize, that the question of travelling expenses from any part of the province to Edmonton is a matter of no consequence in estimating the cost to the student, as from \$15 to \$20 will buy a return ticket from any part of the province to Edmonton, while the total expense at the University for the year is approximately \$500. I would also call attention to the fact that the actual cost of education for students outside the city of Edmonton, in comparison with that for students living in the city, has been greatly exaggerated. The cost of clothing and books is the same for all students. The University Residences, that is the board and lodging, are conducted approximately at cost, so that the difference between the cost to those living at home and to those in residence is reduced to a minimum.

I would like to call attention to one further fact. A census of the students from Alberta attending other universities shows that last year there were one hundred and four students studying at other universities in Canada. Of these fifty-three were medical students pursuing courses in the higher years and could not have attended

distances and of considerable dimensions and weight - (these can be
seen that the University is in London, the University
students are more favorably situated) there were actually two
students more from South of Red Bank in the University, and from
then from north of Red Bank.

This only case to show what might be done, the only case
a woman's services through, will be even more important, than the
question of travelling expenses (see my note of the previous
to London is a matter of no consequence in estimating the cost
to the student, as from 1910 to 1920 will pay a return of
the only part of the expenses in London, with the 1921
expenses of the University for the year is approximately 1920.
I would also call attention to the fact that the actual cost
of education for students outside the city of London, in
connection with that for students living in the city, has
been greatly exaggerated. The cost of clothing and books
is the same for all students. The University in London,
that is the board and lodging, are conducted approximately
at cost, so that the difference between the cost to those
living at home and to those in residence is reduced to
a minimum.

I would like to call attention to one further
fact. A number of the students from Alberta attending
other colleges told them that last year there were no
boarded and that students studying at other universities in
Canada. Of these fifty-five were medical students receiving
scholarships in the higher years and could not have attended

the University of Alberta. Eight were students in other faculties who were following courses not offered in this university. There were, however, forty-three students studying outside the province who might have been attending our own university. These figures are significant as showing how completely our own university is taking care of the student life of our own province.

Discipline and Medical Services

The following report of the Provost shows how the problems of discipline have been worked out during the year and also indicates the extent of the work of the Medical Services.

(a) Discipline

There have been no serious difficulties during the past session. The students occupying the various offices have always endeavored to discharge their duties faithfully and I feel that substantial progress has been made in carrying out the policy of encouraging students to assume the fullest responsibility for regulating their own conduct. The Students' Court which is officered mainly by members of the Faculty of Law has succeeded in commanding the respect and confidence of the student body. "The trials are open to all students and the fair and honest manner in which the students give testimony has contributed to the efficiency and justice of the court." For the first time in the history of the University a case has been referred by the University authorities to the Students' Court. The case was dealt with in a very judicial manner with general satisfaction to all concerned.

(b) Student Organizations and Activities

1. Students' Union

The affairs of the Students' Union have been very ably managed. Strict business methods have been insisted upon in the expenditure of all money. The books are kept in the Bursar's office and are audited by the Bursar. The

The following report of the President

shows how the problems of discipline have been marked and during the year and also indicates the extent of the work of the Natural Sciences.

(a) Discipline

There have been no serious difficulties during

the past session. The students occupying the various offices have always endeavored to discharge their duties faithfully and I trust that satisfactory progress has been made in carrying out the policy of encouraging students to assume the fullest responsibility for regulating their own conduct. The University Court which is organized mainly by members of the Faculty of Law has succeeded in conducting the work and maintaining the high standard of the law. The law is one of the most important and the law and honest manner in which the students give testimony has contributed to the efficiency and honor of the court. For the first time in the history of the University a case has been referred by the University authorities to the University Court. The case was dealt with in a very judicial manner with general satisfaction to all concerned.

(b) Student Organization and Activities

A. Students' Union

The affairs of the Students' Union have been very well managed. Strict business methods have been insisted upon in the execution of all work. The house and part of the Union's office and are visited by the Senate, the

session ended with a surplus of \$950.90 .

The elections in connection with the Students' Union were particularly keenly contested and there is an increasing desire on the part of the students to elect for the important positions those who are best qualified to fill them.

2. Athletics

In athletics the year has been an unusually successful one. The Rugby Team, for the first time, played the University of Saskatchewan. The score for the first game in Saskatoon was 8-3 in favour of Saskatchewan. In the second game at Edmonton, it was 23-0 in favour of Alberta, the University of Alberta thus winning the championship. The Track Team won second place in the Interuniversity Track Meet at Winnipeg, Manitoba winning first place by a large lead. In Association Football the University of Alberta won from the University of Saskatchewan 1-0 in the game played on our grounds. We also won the Pennant Cup for the City Intercollegiate title.

The Men's Basket-ball Team won the Rugby Cup, emblematic of the Western Universities championship, and the Gillette Cup which is awarded to the Provincial champions. It is interesting to note that our basket-ball score totalled 301 points to the opponents's 276.

The Women's Basket-ball Team won the Western Universities championship and the City Intercollegiate title.

The Women's Hockey Team won the Interuniversity championship.

During the session the regulations requiring satisfactory scholastic standing have been rigidly enforced

and the result was no hockey team. The students have acknowledged the justice of this regulation and have backed its enforcement. The regulation on scholastic standing has been changed to correspond to the regulation adopted by the Western Canada Intercollegiate Athletic Union. This regulation which has now been adopted by the Universities of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta requires that students playing on athletic teams must pass three-fifths of a full course of lectures of University grade. An endeavor is being made to get a uniform interpretation and administration of this regulation which when accomplished should avoid many of the difficulties which have been experienced during the past two years in interuniversity athletics.

What is probably the most noteworthy advance in athletics during the past session is the increased interest and participation of the student body in interfaculty and interclass sport of all kinds. It is estimated by the President of the Students' Union that about 90% of the students have engaged in some form of recognised sport under the direction of the Athletic Association.

3. The Literary Association

The Dramatic Society has done excellent work during the session. The inter-year competition displayed a very high standard and the presentation of "Dear Brutus" was without doubt the most successful dramatic performance ever given in the University.

The Debating Society held four sessions of the Mock Parliament and also several meetings which took the form of debates, forums, and impromptu speeches. A large number of

and the result was no longer seen. The student was administered

the question of this regulation and have noted its enforcement.

The regulation on smoking at the University has been observed to

enforcement to the regulation observed by the student body.

Intercollegiate Athletic Union. This regulation which has been

observed by the University of Minnesota, Northwestern and Illinois

regimes that students playing on athletic teams must wear short-sleeved

of a full course of instruction at University level. In addition to

being able to get a national investigation and distribution of this

regulation which was administered about every year of the

distinction which have been arranged during the past few years

in intercollegiate athletics.

What is usually the most noteworthy change in athletics

during the past season is the increased interest and participation

of the student body in intercollegiate and interscholastic sports.

It is noteworthy that the President of the National Union

has about 70% of the students have agreed in some form of

regulation which under the direction of the Athletic Association.

2. The Intercollegiate

The Dramatic Society has been successful with

during the season. The inter-collegiate competition finished a very

high standard and the presentation of "The Merchant of Venice" was a

great success. Several excellent reviews were given in the

University.

The Dramatic Society held four sessions of the

first Parliament and also several sessions which took the form

of debates, forums, and legislative sessions. A large number of

students participated and through these channels debaters were trained who later represented the University against the Universities of Manitoba and Saskatchewan. Alberta finished second, losing the championship to Saskatchewan by one point.

"The Gateway", the official publication of the Students' Union, published twenty-one issues. It has been much enlarged and improved in every way and an endeavor has been made to make it representative of the best student opinion.

In connection with the work of the Students' Union I should like to mention the very fine work of the President, Mr. Robert L. Lamb, who has been selected as Rhodes Scholar for Alberta.

Medical Services

The work of the Medical Services has gone on very smoothly during the year under the efficient care of Doctors Gray and Minnich and Nurse Hayes. We have had a few severe cases but with no serious results.

Students participated and through their obedient behavior
were trained and tested represented the University students
the University of Kentucky and Washington, D.C.
Detailed account, listing the participants as follows:
by our point.

"The University, the official publication of the

Students' Union, published twenty-one issues. It has been well
collected and improved in every way and an editor has been
made to take it representative of the best student opinion.
In connection with the work of the Students' Union
I should like to mention the very fine work of the President,
Mr. Robert L. Lamb, who has been selected as Editor General
of the Union.

The Union

Medical Building

The work of the Medical Building has been very
successful during the year under the efficient control of Dr. Brown
Gray and Misses and Nurses. We have had a few serious
cases but with no serious results.

Donations

The University is in receipt of a donation from Mrs. Cressy of Hurstleigh, Windsor Forest, England, through the High Commissioner's Office, London, consisting of the volumes of the Proceedings of the Institute of Civil Engineers, the property of her deceased husband.

R. F. C. Reel, Esq., D. Sc., of Cambridge, donated to the Library, the Proceedings of the Cambridge Philosophical Society from the year 1906 and is sending the current numbers.

The Class of 1923 has had bound as its class memorial the set of Documents of the Peace Conference bequeathed by the late Right Hon. A. L. Sifton, and given to the University by the Hon. Charles Stewart. This set is now displayed in the Reading Room of the Arts Building.

An additional prize of \$100 has been given by the Association of Professional Engineers of Alberta for a student in Mechanical Engineering.

A prize of books has been offered by Madame G. Cote to the non-French speaking undergraduate student in French 51 who makes the most progress in French.

A prize of fifty dollars has been offered by Mrs. R. B. Wells to the graduating student making the best record in a special examination in French.

The Carswell Company, Ltd., Publishers of Toronto, has offered three prizes of books to the value of twenty, thirty and fifty dollars to be awarded annually to the student making the highest averages in the first, second, and third year in the Faculty of Law.

The University is in receipt of a donation from
Mrs. Evelyn of Hertsford, Hertsford House, Hertsford, through
the High Commissioner's Office, London, consisting of the
volume of the Proceedings of the Institute of Civil Engineers,
the property of her deceased husband.

E. V. G. Frost, Esq., D. Sc., of Cambridge, has
to the Library, the Proceedings of the Cambridge Philosophical
Society from the year 1800 and is sending the names of members.
The Grant of 1877 has been paid in its place according
the list of documents of the House of Commons transmitted by the
Right Hon. A. L. Balfour, and given to the University by the
Hon. Charles Stewart. This set is now deposited in the
Reading Room of the Arts Building.

An additional volume of 2100 has been given by the
Association of Professional Engineers of America for a student
in Mechanical Engineering.

A price of books has been offered by Thomas G. Cook
to the non-graduate working engineering student in French 21
who makes the most progress in French.

A price of fifty dollars has been offered by the
R. B. Fairs to the engineering students taking the first year
in a mental examination in French.

The General Company, Ltd., Publishers of Toronto, has offered
the price of 25 cents the value of twenty, thirty and fifty
dollars to be awarded amongst the students making the highest
progress in the first year in the Faculty of Law.

The Association of Professional Engineers of Alberta have again this year repeated their awards of one hundred dollars each to be made to the best student in Civil, Electrical and Mining Engineering.

The Alberta Optometry Association have given a sum of \$255 to form the nucleus of a fund for the purpose of encouraging Optometry education.

The Association of Professional Engineers of Alberta have again
this year requested their share of one hundred dollars each to be made
to the best student in Civil, Electrical and Mining Engineering.
The Alberta University Association have given a grant of \$250
to take the winner of a first for the purpose of encouraging
University education.

Summer School

The University buildings and equipment were again used during July and August for the Summer School for Teachers conducted by the Department of Education. In addition, our Summer Session was held in the Faculty of Arts in which courses leading to a degree were offered. The attendance of those taking Teachers' courses as well as Undergraduate courses was smaller than in the preceding year due to the change in the policy of the government. It had been the practice in former years for the government to pay the travelling expenses of those who attended the Summer School and in addition to pay the salaries of the instructors. This year, the work was put upon a self-supporting basis. All students paid their own travelling expenses and fees sufficient to pay the cost of instruction. It is of special interest to note that under these conditions two hundred and seventy teachers attended for the courses offered by the Department of Education and ninety four for the undergraduate courses offered by the University. While this changed to a certain extent the aspect of the Summer School from the point of view of numbers, there can be no question that the school itself was the most successful ever held. All of those who came did so with a desire to study and improve themselves. The result was the programme of work was carried out in a more intensive manner.

Of the students registered for University Summer School courses ninety-four were taking purely University work and not registered for Teachers' courses under the Department of Education. Of this number 49 were men and 45 were women.

The registration was as follows:

First Year-	French 1 and 3, part 1,	13
	" " " , part 2,	9
	Mathematics 1, part 1,	16
	" " , part 2,	9
	Physics 1, part 1,	17
	" " part 2,	9

Second Year-	French 4 and 5, Part 1,	6
	" " " 2,	6
	Chemistry 1 " 1,	11
	" " 2,	8
	History 2 " 1,	7
	" " 2,	6
	Mathematics 7 " 2,	7

Senior Courses-

Mathematics 62, " 1,	8
" 110,	11
Psychology 61 " 1,	12
" 86 " 1,	15
" " " 2,	5

Of the students registered for University Summer School

courses ninety-four were taking University work and

not registered for Teachers' courses under the Department of

Education. Of this number 49 were men and 45 were women.

The registration was as follows:

First Year- French 2 and 3, 10
" " " " 9

Mathematics 1, Part 1, 10
" " " " 9

Physics 1, Part 1, 10
" " " " 9

Second Year- French 4 and 5, Part 1, 8
" " " " 8

Chemistry 1, " " 11
" " " " 8

History 2, " " 7
" " " " 8

Mathematics 2, " " 7

Junior Courses-

Mathematics 3, " " 8

" " " " 11

Psychology 3, " " 10

" " " " 10

" " " " 8

Convocation

The Convocation for the year was held on May 16th, 1923.

Total number of degrees granted-

In course 114
Ad eundem 13
Diplomas in Pharmacy... 13

The following persons were admitted to degrees in
the University:

Admitted to the degree of Bachelor of Arts

Ballantyne, Jessie McIntyre
Barker, Lucile
Bramley-Moore, Alfred Gordon
Brown, James
Brownlee, Eva Anne
Bryan, George James
Chalmers, Helen Harriet
Churchill, Ernst Leroy (Second Rank Honours in Mathematics)
Dixon, Irma Augusta
Duclos, Geraldine Florence
Edwards, Cedric Gerald
English, John Frederic Kerr
Fraser, Irene Beryl
Geddes, Helen Emma (Second Rank Honours in Classics)
Gowan, Edward Hunter
Gray, Harold Ellacott (First Class General Standing in Arts
and Agriculture)
Grindley, Thomas William (First Class General Standing in
Arts and Agriculture)
Hall, Robert Bruce
Herbert, Walter Bertram
Hickey, Elizabeth Euphemia
Hope Jean Terry
Jarrett, William Arthur
Jean-Richard, Marcel Elmond (First Rank Honours in Modern
Languages)
Lamb, Robert Lincoln
Lukaschuk-Laoren, Henry Roman
Martin, Edith Mary Foster
MacEachran, Marion Mae
MacFarlane, Agnes Winnifred
MacLennan, Ruth
MacLung, John Wesley
McIntyre, Beulah Marie
Moss, Raleigh Walter
Muir, Charles Keith
Murray, Mary Augustine
Richards, Dorothy Freda (First Rank Honours in Modern
Languages)
Rudd, Frederick Albert
Shanks, Margaret Stevenson

Shankman, Harry
Simmons, Marberis
Stewart, Neil Martin
Wees, Wilfred Rank (First Rank Honours in Philosophy)
Willis, Ernest MacPherson

Admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Arts, Ad Eundem

Best, Edgar Leslie, B.A.
Broadbridge, Ross Friscilla, B.A.
Doddman, Edith Frances, B.A.
Morrison, Barbara Robina, B.A.
Morrison, Helen Kathleen, B.A.
Shaver, Alice, B.A.
Senet, Edouard, B.-es-L
Walton, Jean Cameron, B.A.
Wilkie, Ada, B.A.
Willis, Charles, B.A.

Admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Commerce

Allan, Donal Hendry
Page, Robert Henry Constant
Palmer, Max Bayard

Admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Arts

Campbell, William Paton (Second Rank Honours in Chemistry)
Dowding, Eleanor Silver
Fisher, Harry
Hegler, Florence Helene
Lang, William Albert
Mair, Beveridge James (First Rank Honours in Chemistry)
Pegram, Reginald Herbert
Shew, Olive Jennie
Simpkin, Melville Mary
Taylor, Geoffrey Bradford (Second Rank Honours in Physics)
Wilson, George Leslie

Admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Household Economics

Carmichael, Bernice
Raver, Irma Carolyn
Roth, Edna Irene
McLaughlin, Ione Estelle

Admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Household
Economics, Ad Eundem

Gladstone, Grace Truman, B.Sc.

WILLIS, CLARENCE, B.A.
WILLIS, ELLA, B.A.
WILSON, LEON CLARENCE, B.A.
WILSON, ALBERT, B.A.
WILSON, ALICE, B.A.
WILSON, HENRY, B.A.
WILSON, HENRY, B.A.
WILSON, HENRY, B.A.
WILSON, HENRY, B.A.
WILSON, HENRY, B.A.

Admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy

Bennett, Margaret Victoria
Garbutt, Amy Eleanor (with First Class General Standing)
Hardin, Nahum Moses
Pawling, Henry Murray
Russell, Margaret Barr

Admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering

Barnes, Reginald
Glen, Herbert Douglas Stewart

Admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Mining Engineering

Burgess, Wilfre Duncan
Hnatyshyn, Andrew Charles
Jackson, Alexander Bloemer
Jewitt, William Gladstone
McDonald, William Leslie
Richards, Russell
Whitman, Frederick Primrose

Admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Engineering Physics

Reid, Charles David

Admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Agriculture

Bayfield, Edward Geoffrey
Birand, Felix Paul
Brown, William Redman
Cairns, Andrew (First Class General Standing)
Cross, John Selkirk
Elliott, Russell Howard
Haskins, Charles Leonard
Marryat, Sheila
McAllister, John Wilfred
McKinnon, Donald James
Richardson, James Wesley
Robinson, Samuel Clifford

Admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Laws

Blain, Lysle Kellogg
Clarke, Roy Percy
Dobry, Christine Antionette
Duff, Sibella Mary Gwendoline
Henry, Halley
Jones, James Israel
Kronick, Israel Robert
Macdonald, Hugh John
Moore, George Gerald Logan
Van Buren, Hazel

Admitted to the Degree of Master of Arts

Anderson, Ada Augusta, B.A.
Boschworth, Hubert, B.A.
Broadus, Kemper Hammond, B.A.
Diller, Dorothy, B.A.
Gardiner, Bessie Dow, B.A.
Hudley, Robert Wesley, B.A.
McLeod, William Joseph
Morrison, Barbara, B.A.
Mulholland, Elsie, B.A.
Rice, Cecil Ethelbert, B.A.
Taylor, John Gladstone, B.A.

Admitted to the Degree of Master of Science in Arts

Sanderson, James Owen Cresham, B.Sc.
Morgan, Stanley Chapin, B.Sc.

Admitted to the Degree of Master of Science in Agriculture

Manna, William Fielding, B.A., B.S. A.

Admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Divinity

Bainbridge, Sidney, B.A.
Kirk, Joseph Elmer, B.A.

Admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Education

Laycock, Samuel Ralph, M.A., B.D.

Admitted to the Degree of Doctor of Medicine, Ad Eundem

Johnson, George, M.D.
McBride, Clifford Dawson, M.D.

Diplomas in Pharmacy

Cameron, George
Cohen, Bernard
Colpman, Charles Campbell
Claxton, John Featherstone
Douglass, William Rose
Hecker, William Ernest
Henderson, John Douglas
Lachoy, Hamilton Rogers
Lewis, George Allan
McPhae, Miles Shatford
Scott, Lola May
Stiles, Edgar Norman
Third, Clayton Thomas

Professional Examinations

Since Convocation, 1933, the following persons have passed the examinations for Licence to Practise, conducted by the University on behalf of the Affiliated Professional Societies:

Accountancy-	Donaldson, William; Ford, H.W.; Longmire, E.C.; Ross, D.A.
Medicine-	Woolf, Wilfrid
Nursing-	Anderson, M.A.; Batter, V.; Best, M.E.; Boucher, Y.; De Beaudrop, Sr. Y.; Boyle, F.; Callahan, R. B.; Clapperton, M.A.; Copley, J.; Dale, M.U.; Davies, F. M.; Field, Mrs. L.; Gilker, P.A.; Girard, L. M.; Griffiths, M.; Good, B.B.; Gow, M.E.; Hall, V.A.; Havens, V. E.; Hennig, M.M.; Hill, O.G.; Kerr, T.; Knight, E.M.; Krenas, A.; Lancoureux, L. B.; Landry, A.; Le Clerc, A.M.; Love, Mrs. F.A.; Mason, E.E.; Myrthu, E.E.; Overton, G.; Parker, S.M.; Prette, E.A.; Robertson, M.M.C.; Sandell, A.; Schumm, A.; Solberg, L.; Terry, W.E.; Vipond, E.M.; Vandereggen, E.; Warren, O.; Williams, I.G.; Worthington,
Optometry-	Newman, Harold.
Pharmacy-	Bennett, A.T.; McBride, C.D.; Richardson, S.
Surveying-	Cormack, A.; Gibben, J.; Snell, C.H.

Subnormal Children

In May 1932, on the initiative of a member of the Senate, a committee was appointed for the purpose of studying the question of sub-normal children. During the year, a body of valuable information was collected and a thorough scientific statement of the whole problem prepared and submitted to the Senate. It is hoped that this valuable document will be of great service in dealing with this problem.

Medical Faculty

It is a pleasure to report that our Medical Faculty has received special recognition by the American Medical Association, having been given Class "A" standing among the medical colleges of America. It is probably a unique experience that an institution so young has secured such standing. The Medical Faculty is continuing to have the support of the Rockefeller Foundation, the grant for the year for the upkeep of the medical school being \$25,000, making the total received from the Rockefeller Foundation to date, \$100,000. The good-will shown to us by the Rockefeller Foundation has received grateful appreciation at the hands of the Board of Governors.

National Territory

It is a pleasure to report that the National Territory has received special recognition by the American National Association, having been given the "standing" which the national affairs of America. It is probably a matter of course that an institution as young and growing as this. The National Territory is continuing to have the support of the Rockefeller Foundation, the grant for the year for the support of the national school being \$25,000, making the total received from the Rockefeller Foundation to date \$100,000. The good-will shown to us by the Rockefeller Foundation has received gratifying expression at the hands of the Board of Governors.

The Canadian Universities Conference:

The Canadian Universities Conference

was held last June at Kingston. Three matters of very great interest were discussed which without question will bear fruit in the future. The first was the relation of the universities to research, the second, the better organization in Canada of medical education and the third, the possibility of founding a Canadian graduate school and of laying down a scheme for courses of study which would make it possible for students from all the younger universities to enter on a basis of equality.

The Canadian Universities Conference

The Canadian Universities Conference

was held last June at Kelowna. Three sessions of very great interest were discussed which without question will bear fruit in the future. The first was the relation of the universities to research, the second, the better organization in Canada of medical education and the third, the possibility of founding a Canadian graduate school and of having some scheme for co-operation of study which would make it possible for students from all the younger universities to enter on a basis of equality.

Public Health Laboratories

The figures for the year 1933 are not available at the moment of writing but will be found in Appendix III which will be attached to this report. During the year 1932, however, approximately 12,000 specimens sent in by the medical profession of the province for diagnostic purposes were examined and reported upon, an increase of about 20%. The cash value of the work based on normal laboratory fees would have been at least \$55,000.

Note- Since writing the above, the figures for the current year have come to hand and show a greatly increased amount of work, the estimated value of which is \$60,934.

Extension Department

The work of the Extension Department for the year has been carried on with great vigor and success. The three working members of the department have delivered three hundred and ninety eight lectures to audiences outside the University with a total attendance of over 45,000.

Extension classes in Economics have been carried on in the Calgary Trades and Labor Council, at the Calgary Y.M.C.A.; in the Edmonton Trades and Labor Council; and to labor and farm groups in Canmore, Rosedale, Big Valley, Minnie and Ponoka.

Further, a demand was made upon the department by labor and farm groups at various centres for the establishment of a course of lectures to be associated with correspondence work. These lectures were given, books prescribed, directions given and essays read for one hundred and twenty-five persons. The subjects taught were mainly those connected with the fundamentals of Political Economy, the aim being to give the persons seeking the information a grasp of general ideas.

The Open Shelf Department of the Extension Department Library reports that for the past year there has been a circulation of 8,543 volumes, an increase of 1710 volumes for the year.

In addition, the Travelling Library Department which now contains two hundred and thirty two small libraries had a circulation of nearly 20,000 volumes. Forty-five special libraries were made up to meet the demands of certain groups,

had a circulation of over eight hundred and sixty volumes.

These libraries served one hundred and thirty community groups; forty school districts; fifty one U.F.A. and twenty-four U.F.W.A.; ten Women's Institutes and forty-one other organizations, a total of two hundred and ninety six communities.

The lantern slide and film service was also in great demand during the year, the circulation having increased about 60% above that of the preceding year. Sixteen hundred and thirty one lantern slides were shown twenty eight hundred times. The total attendance at the associated lectures amounted to one hundred and fifty-five thousand, seven hundred. In addition, the film service was used five hundred and eighteen times during the year with an aggregate attendance of over forty-nine thousand.

As part of the Extension work for the year, the week for Young Farm Persons was held with an attendance of seventy three, slightly under that of the preceding year.

Full particulars of all matters in connection with the Department of Extension will be found in Appendix II.

Research Council

During the year, the research work under the Research Council of the Province of Alberta has been carried on vigorously and considerable progress has been made. Special attention has been given to the two problems of our coals and our road materials. The small briquetting machinery which was ordered, last year, arrived and has been set up in the research laboratories. The problem of carbonizing has received continued study. A variety of binders have been tried out with various degrees of success, among others the residue from the tar sands. It has been tested out and found to be efficient and a good many samples of briquettes have already been made from the various coals brought to the laboratories.

The work begun, last year, on methods of storage has been carried forward and the experience acquired will without question lead to improved methods of storage for our Alberta coals.

A series of experiments have been carried on during the year, testing the efficiency of the various kinds of domestic heaters used in the province, in order to suggest improvements in relation to our fuels and to determine their comparative value. Some results have been given to the manufacturers with suggestions as to improvements which will without question bear fruit in the future.

In co-operation with the Mines Branch of the Government a study of our coal fields has been carried on with a view to determining by chemical analysis the relative

During the year, the research work under the Research Council of the Province of Alberta has been carried on vigorously and considerable progress has been made. Special attention has been given to the two problems of our coal and our food materials. The small briquetting machinery which was ordered, last year, arrived and has been set up in the research laboratory. The problem of carbonizing has not been continued early. A variety of devices have been tried out with various degrees of success, among others the reaction from the tar gases. It has been tested out and found to be efficient and a good many samples of briquettes have already been made from the various gases produced in the laboratory. The work begun last year, on synthesis of tars, has been carried forward and the processes completed with without question lead to improved methods of tars and tar Alberta coal. A series of experiments have been carried on during the year, testing the efficiency of the various kinds of basic materials used in the process, in order to suggest improvements in relation to our fuels and to determine their comparative value. Some results have been given to the manufacturers with suggestions as to improvements which will without question bear fruit in the future. In co-operation with the Mining Branch of the Government a study of our coal fields has been carried on with a view to determining by chemical analysis the relative

value of the various coals coming from the producing mines of the province. This has been done to assist the department in its effort to extend the market for Alberta coals.

The work in regard to the survey of the coal fields of the foot-hills, which was begun last year under the direction of Dr. Allen, was continued during the current year. Substantial progress has been made, the details of which will be set out in the Report of the Research Council for 1923. In addition to the above, the Research Department had under its direction, in co-operation with the Mines Branch, the operations in connection with the boring for salt in the McMurtry district.

The study of the materials of the tar sands areas has been continued during the year and much new information has been obtained. The process advised by Dr. Clark and described in last year's annual report has been perfected and over one hundred tons of material separated. This has been actually put to a practical test on a short strip of road which was built during the summer. Time is now required to show the value of this as road material.

It is also worthy of mention that recently the contact between the Research Council of the Province of Alberta and the Honorary Advisory Council for Scientific and Industrial Research of the Dominion of Canada has been more closely established through the appointment of the President of the University to the Honorary Chairmanship of the Research Council. The effect of the work of the Honorary Advisory Research

Council upon the development of Alberta has already had definite significance as the following grants by the Honorary Advisory Council shows:

In 1920-21 Julius Ferdinand Lehmann held a Research Council Studentship to the value of\$500 for work in the Department of Physics under Dean Boyle.

The Air Research Committee of the Honorary Advisory Council for Scientific and Industrial Research has given grants over a period of three years amounting to \$1500 (1920-\$1000; 1921- \$1500; 1922-\$1500; 1923-\$500) These grants were to aid in the research work done by Professor C.A. Robb in connection with the starting of an aero engine in cold weather.

In 1921, a grant was given to Dean R. W. Boyle for work done in the Department of Physics \$5000

In 1922, a grant was given to Professor S. Smith in connection with the work of the Air Board \$ 500

In 1923, a grant to Professor Lehmann for continuing the study of the chemical substances in the bituminous sands \$1000

In 1923, a grant to Professor F. J. Lewis of..... \$ 400 for expenses in connection with researches on the seasonal changes in food materials in evergreen leaves.

In 1923, a grant to Professor Collip for continuing the study of insulin \$3000

In 1923, a grant to Professor E. Newton of..... \$2000 for continuing the study on the nature of the winter hardiness in wheat.

In 1923, a grant to Professor H.J. McLeod of \$ 600 for an investigation in relation to electric dynamos.

In 1923, to Mr. W. J.K. Harkness the sum of \$500 for the beginning of a study of the breeding methods of the sturgeon. Although this work is being done in the lakes of Ontario for the present, it is believed that it will have great significance in relation to the fisheries of the northern lakes of the Province of Alberta.

Two other applications are under consideration at the moment, one from Professor Alan Cameron for \$2500 to investigate commercial methods for the de-ashing of the bituminous coals of Alberta. This investigation has been undertaken in the hope that some simple method may be found for purifying our coals at the mines so as to enormously increase their value for shipping long distances. The other from Professor R. S. L. Wilson for \$3500 for the beginning of a study of methods in connection with the economical utilization of some of the forest areas of the Province.

That the work of the University is being appreciated by other institutions is shown by the number of its graduates enjoying bursaries and scholarships for the purpose of graduate study at other universities :

E. C. Bayfield, B.S.A., '23, is now at Macdonald Agricultural College, Quebec, holding a Macdonald Registered Scholarship.

K. H. Broadus, B.A., '23, M.A. '23, is at Merton College, Oxford, under an award by the Rhodes Trust.

Andrew Cairns, B.S.A. '23, won a scholarship at the University of Minnesota and is now taking post-graduate work in Biochemistry.

E. L. Churchill, B.A. '23, won a scholarship in Mathematics at the University of Chicago.

Alexander J. Cook, B.Sc. (Alta) '20; M.A. (Harvard), has been awarded one of the Shattuck Scholarships in Mathematics at Harvard, and is pursuing studies towards a Ph.D.

W. F. Hanna, B.A. (Dalhousie), B.S.A. '22 and M.S.A. '23 (Alberta) has won the Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturalists' scholarship, tenable at the University of Manitoba.

Robert L. Lamb, B.A. '23, is the 1923 Rhodes Scholar and is now at Merton College, Oxford.

J. F. Lehmann, B.Sc. '20, M.Sc. '22, has won an 1851 Exhibition Science Research Scholarship, three of which are available in Canada, each year. He is now studying in the Cavendish Laboratories, Cambridge, under Sir Ernest Rutherford.

Charles D. Reid, B.Sc., '23 is studying at the University of Alberta, having received a scholarship from the Honorary Advisory Council for Scientific and Industrial Research.

S. C. Robinson, B.S.A. '23 won the Milton Harney Scholarship at Macdonald College, Quebec.

J. C. G. Sanderson, B.Sc. '21, M.Sc. '23 won two scholarships, one from Yale University and the other an award from the Honorary Advisory Council for Scientific and Industrial Research. He chose the latter, and is now studying at the University of Alberta.

G.B. Sandford, B.S.A. '20, has won a scholarship at the University of Minnesota.

Carl Schell, B.S.A. '18, won a scholarship at the University of Minnesota and also one at the University of California. He accepted the latter, and is now studying at Berkeley.

I attach, herewith, as Appendices to this
Report the following special reports:

- The Report of the Faculty of Agriculture, as Appendix I.
- The Report of the Department of Extension, as Appendix II.
- The Report of the Provincial Laboratory, as Appendix III.
- The Report of the Industrial Laboratory, as Appendix IV.
- The Report of the Publications and Research done by
Members of the University Staff, as Appendix V.

A P P E N D I X I

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THE REPORT OF THE FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE

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A P P E N D I X

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THE REPORT OF THE FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE

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REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE

FOR THE YEAR 1923

The enrolment of students in the College of Agriculture for the year 1923 was as follows:

Spring Term

First Year.....	27
Second Year.....	28
Third Year.....	12
Combined Course - Arts and Agriculture.....	11
Household Economics (Girls).....	6
Graduate Course.....	3
Total.....	<u>87</u>

Fall Term

First Year B.S.A.....	23
First Year B.Sc.....	10
Second Year B.S.A.....	13
Second Year B.Sc.....	2
Third Year B.S.A.....	10
Third Year B.Sc.....	14
Fourth Year B.Sc.....	10
Combined Course - arts and agriculture.....	5
Graduate Students.....	9
Household Economics (Girls).....	6
Special Students.....	<u>1</u>
Total.....	105

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE

FOR THE YEAR 1933

The statement of accounts in the College of Agriculture for the year 1933 was as follows:

Spring Term

First Year.....	187
Second Year.....	23
Third Year.....	15
Combined Course - Arts and Agri- culture.....	11
Non-degree students (living).....	8
Graduate students.....	8
Total.....	251

Fall Term

First Year A.B.A.....	23
First Year B.B.A.....	10
Second Year A.B.A.....	15
Second Year B.B.A.....	8
Third Year A.B.A.....	10
Third Year B.B.A.....	15
Fourth Year A.B.A.....	10
Combined Course - Arts and Agri- culture.....	8
Non-degree students.....	8
Graduate students (living).....	8
Special students.....	1
Total.....	108

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

It will be noticed that there is an increase of 18 students over last year's enrolment. The difference in the classification is caused by the fact that a new degree course in agriculture was offered at the opening of the fall term of 1923. Under the previous arrangement only students from the Schools of Agriculture, or those possessing similar credits, were admitted to our B.S.A. course. Under the new arrangement a four year course of the full University year, with the usual matriculation requirement for entrance, is offered; this course leads to the degree of B.Sc. in Agriculture. Students from the Schools of Agriculture are admitted to this course if they have matriculation standing, and are given one year's credit at entrance on this four year course. By this change Agriculture is placed on exactly the same footing in the University as all other faculties, and our degree will receive recognition at all approved colleges.

There has been an increase in the number of graduate students. The College of Agriculture has the trained staff necessary to put on this work in some departments; already attention is being attracted from outside the province to this work.

It will be noted that there are six students entered for the degree of B.H.Sc. These girls are from the

REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1933

It will be noticed that there is an increase of 13 students over last year's enrollment. The difference in the classification is caused by the fact that a new degree course in agriculture was offered at the opening of the fall term of 1933. Under the previous arrangement only students from the Schools of Agriculture, or those receiving similar credits, were admitted to the B.S. degree. Under the new arrangement a four year course of the full University type, with the usual classification requirement for entrance, is offered; this course leads to the degree of B.Sc. in Agriculture. Students from the Schools of Agriculture are admitted to this course if they have satisfactory standing, and are given one year's credit at entrance on this four year course. In this course the student is placed on exactly the same footing as the student in all other faculties, and the degree will be given on recognition of all approved colleges.

There has been an increase in the number of students. The College of Agriculture has the trained staff necessary to meet this work in new departments; already attention is being attracted from outside the province to this work.

It will be noted that there are six students awarded for the degree of B.Sc. These include one from the

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

Schools of Agriculture, this part of the Domestic Science work being under the direction of the Faculty of Agriculture.

Graduates of the College of Agriculture have been particularly successful this year in winning recognition from other institutions. Following is a list of the scholarships and fellowships won by the graduates:

- E. G. Bayfield - Scholarship at Macdonald College awarded by the Wm. C. Macdonald Registered.
- S. C. Robinson - Milton Hersey Scholarship, offered through Macdonald College.
- Andrew Cairns - Fleischmann Scholarship, offered through the University of Minnesota.
- W. F. Wanne - Scholarship offered by the Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists. First offered in Canada; won in Dominion wide competition.
- A. Dingwall - Part time student, Scholarship offered by the University of Minnesota.
- G. B. Sanford - Scholarship offered by the University of Minnesota.
- Carl Scholl - Fellowships offered by the University of Minnesota and California. Elected to accept California appointment.

This is a record not often equalled.

Elsewhere reports will be given of those Departments connected with the Faculty of Agriculture which are not directly agricultural. Our students have courses in Chemistry, Physics, Biology, Bacteriology, Zoology, Political Economy, English, and Mathematics. This work is put on by the departments which serve all the Faculties of the University.

Schools of Agriculture, this part of the Department has been
well placed under the direction of the Faculty of Agri-
culture.

Graduates of the College of Agriculture have been
previously successful in this year in winning recognition
from other institutions. Following is a list of the
scholarships and fellowships won by the graduates:

- A.B. Smith - Scholarship at Washington College
awarded by the Wm. B. Smith Foundation.
- H.W. Robinson - Wilson Estate Scholarship, offered
through Washington College.
- Andrew Burns - Fellowship at University of Minnesota,
awarded by the University of Minnesota.
- U.P. Hanna - Scholarship offered by the American
Society of Technical Agriculture.
- First offered in Canada; won in
competition with competition.
- A. Dingwall - First time offered, Scholarship offered
by the University of Minnesota.
- G.W. Sanford - Scholarship offered by the University
of Minnesota.
- Carl Schell - Fellowship offered by the University
of Minnesota and California. Awarded
to accept California appointment.

This is a record not often equalled.

Elsewhere records will be given of those departments
connected with the Faculty of Agriculture which are not
directly agricultural. Our students have shown in
Chemistry, Physics, Biology, Zoology, Botany,
Political Economy, English, and Mathematics. This work is
put on by the departments which serve all the faculties of
the University.

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

Following is a report by departments of what may be described as the directly agricultural work of the College.

DEPARTMENT OF POULTRY

No courses are given in this Department although space has been left for such on the time-table. An instructor in poultry was not provided to take the place of Professor Bergey who resigned two years ago. Now that we have students coming to us directly from the high schools it becomes doubly necessary to provide an instructor in this important department, and to begin the establishment of a poultry plant for breeding and experiment.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

Three courses are given. Farm Machinery, Farm Motors, Farm Buildings.

This Department gave assistance in three short courses during the year: International Harvester Co. in Edmonton; a course put on by the Department of Extension at Red Deer; and a course given to Farm Young People.

In June assistance was given in judging at plowing matches put on by the Department of Agriculture. In addition to the foregoing several special trips were

Following is a report by department of what was so
described as the directly agricultural work of the
College.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

No courses are given in this department although
space has been left for such on the time-table. In
addition in poultry was not provided to take the place
of Professor Perry who resigned two years ago. Now
that we have students coming to us directly from the
high schools it becomes doubly necessary to provide an
instructor in this important department, and as being
the establishment of a poultry plant for breeding and
experiment.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

Three courses are given, four mechanics, two
lectures, and two practical.
This department gave assistance in three short
courses during the year: International Harvester Co.
in Wheaton, a course run on by the department of
extension at Red Deer, and a course given to farm
young people.
In June assistance was given in judging at showing
matches run on by the department of agriculture. In
addition to the foregoing several special trips were

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

made to investigate certain problems.

A bulletin on Plows and Plowing has been published. and the manuscript of another on rope work is ready for the printers.

A good many letters were received asking for assistance in matters pertaining to farm mechanics. Acknowledgment is here made to the different Agricultural Implement Companies who have assisted by providing machinery for our laboratory; one company has over \$4000. worth of equipment in our laboratory. The Department of Agricultural Engineering is handicapped for lack of space, otherwise even more laboratory equipment would be furnished free.

DEPARTMENT OF HORTICULTURE

The growing season of 1923 was one of the most favourable for tree growth experienced for some years. Trees, shrubs and bushes in the wild produced bloom in profusion and fruit set in such abundance as has not been seen for years. The same was equally true of the cultivated fruits indicating wonderful returns possible if more attention were given to these valuable aids to the home.

The bush fruits did particularly well. There was no winter killing even where they were unprotected. So favorable was the growing season that raspberry canes made a growth of five and six feet, as compared with about three

made to investigate certain problems.

A bulletin on rice and wheat has been published.

and the manuscript of another on rice work is ready for

the printer.

A good many letters were received asking for assist-

ance in various problems of rice production.

Indications are here and there of the different agricultural people

most companies who have assisted in providing machinery.

For one laboratory, the company has over \$4000, most of

equipment in the laboratory. The Department of Agriculture

Engineering is published for each of these, otherwise

even more laboratory equipment would be furnished there.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

The growing season of 1928 was one of the most

favorable for rice growth extension for some years.

Green, brown and white in the wild produced rice in

production and trials not in such numbers as has not been

seen for years. The same was equally true of the white-

water trials indicating wonderful results possible if more

attention were given to these valuable rice to the home.

The main trials did particularly well. There was no

winter killing even where they were unprotected. No favor-

able was the growth season that majority cannot make a

growth of five and six feet, as compared with about three

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

last year. The yield was well up to the average of the past years in spite of the short canes.

The yield of red and white currants was better than, and that of the black currants much above, the average. One variety of black currants gave a yield at the rate of \$1000.00 per acre, another over \$1200.00 and a third \$1685.00 per acre. A wild black currant cultivated in the garden for some years is promising well. A few varieties of red and black currants were set out.

Eighteen varieties of strawberries grown in the open without protection were all killed. There is no question that this was helped by the shortage of moisture as well as lack of protection.

There was considerable freezing back of the new growth of the apple trees and also an increase of fungus disease among the trees due to black heart trouble which has been very prevalent. So serious has this condition become that it may be advisable to destroy the trees and start over again.

The cultivated crab-apples have not stood the test any better, and will be removed next spring to make way for a new lot.

The crosses with the wild crab of Siberia - *Pyrus baccata* - have all proven hardy, starting each year from the

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1928

terminal bud. Of these the earliest is Silvia. One tree of this variety bore its third crop, and two other trees their second crop this year. The apples are a pale yellow in color and from an inch to an inch and a quarter across, and an inch and a half in length. Two trees of a second variety - Jewell - fruited for the second time, giving a smaller apple averaging about an inch in diameter and one and a quarter long, but more tart in flavour and a harder apple. Both varieties made excellent jelly. Both these varieties can be grown in any garden.

This year several trees of the wild Siberian crab gave heavy yields of apples a little better than one-half inch in diameter. Seed was saved from the largest of these trees for a stock of seedling trees for grafting and instruction purposes.

A very promising fruit is a cherry plum cross. The plants grow as bushes rather than trees and bear a nice quantity of purple colored fruits, low down on the branches. Only one of three varieties fruited this year bearing its third crop. These cherry-plums are from an inch to an inch and a quarter in diameter and made a jam of very superior flavour.

The row of Saskatoons gave an astonishingly large yield of fruit again this year. This is now four heavy

...of these the ... is ...
... of this variety ... and ...
... their ... this year. The ...
... is ... in ... and ...
... and ... in length. The ...
... - ... for the ...
... a ... in diameter
... and ... in ... and ...
... both varieties made ...
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... of ... in the ...
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... of ... this year. This is not ...

crops in succession. It would appear that there are possibilities in this fruit that have been overlooked.

There was some winter killing among the perennial flowers, one or two varieties, that have stood the test for years, dropping out. Among the perennials deserving special mention are the peonies, irises, lilies and the bleeding heart. They are all hardy, well known old flowers, and do well in the flower border. They should be given a trial. To these can be added some forty or fifty other hardy perennials that can be recommended to grow in the border making a profusion of bloom.

The permanent plantings of trees and shrubs about the grounds came through the winter without a failure. Additional plantings were made, particularly caragana hedges, about 1300 ft. in length; in all, over 3000 shrubs and trees were lifted and planted; all made good growth. Quite a few of the Russian poplars made over four feet of growth.

Virginia creeper of the self clinging kind having done so well on the Arts Building, cuttings were taken and now plants have been set out around the other buildings.

DEPARTMENT OF DAIRYING

In addition to the regular academic work of three full year courses given by this Department to students in agriculture, two short courses for professional dairymen

There was some minor killing among the potential
possibilities in this tract that have been overlooked.

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possibilities in this tract that have been overlooked.

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1925

were put on, January 8th to 19th, and March 13th to 23rd, 1925. Twenty students attended the former and thirty-six the latter course, making a total of fifty-six students. This was a satisfactory response to the announcement of the courses which was circulated among the dairy factory operators of the Province. The announcement was confined to this field for the reason that our laboratory facilities can accommodate only a limited number of students. In the March course we became so crowded that the class had to be subdivided and one of the adjoining engineering laboratories was placed at the disposal of this Department during the course.

Experimental Work

The Department has under way some special work upon which no report should yet be made. It is hoped, however, that it may be sufficiently advanced this year to be of considerable value to the industry for the coming season's operations.

DEPARTMENT OF ENTOMOLOGY

Three courses in Entomology were given by this department.

During the summer about half time was devoted to assisting the Department of Agriculture in its campaign for the control of grasshoppers. The organization and control measures adopted in the summer of 1923 had been so successful that the spread of this destructive pest had been

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

definitely checked, and only in comparatively small districts of the infested area were conditions such that personal advice and supervision were necessary. A local outbreak of the Roadside grasshopper which threatened to occasion serious losses occurred in the Grand Prairie region of the Peace River district. The majority of farmers of this region were unfamiliar with the habits and control of this pest, with the result that early in the season little attention was paid to the enormous numbers of small hoppers that had hatched out in the sod. At the request of the Department of Agriculture, Grand Prairie was visited during the latter part of May, and by means of addresses and field demonstrations, a campaign was inaugurated which resulted in the establishment of energetic control measures throughout the threatened territory.

A serious situation arose later in the season in the extreme southern portion of the province. In the adjacent state of Montana, on account of an ineffective campaign of eradication in 1922, the Lesser Migratory Grasshopper was entirely beyond control in the spring of 1923. Not only were some 500 square miles of territory in that state entirely denuded of all growth other than native sod, but frequent migrations northward from this devastated region seriously menaced the splendid crops of southern Alberta. Serious losses were avoided by the use of exceptionally

...effectively checked, and only in comparatively small districts of the interior were the conditions such that personal advice and supervision were necessary. A formal outbreak of the malarial epidemics which threatened to occasion serious losses occurred in the Grand Prairie region of the lower river district. The majority of farmers of this region were unfamiliar with the nature and control of this pest, with the result that early in the summer little attention was paid to the numerous numbers of small hoppers that had infested the crops. At the request of the Department of Agriculture, Grand Prairie was visited during the latter part of May, and by means of addresses and field demonstrations, a campaign was inaugurated which resulted in the establishment of systematic control measures throughout the threatened territory.

A serious situation arose later in the season in the extreme western portion of the province. In the adjacent State of Kansas, on account of an ineffective campaign of eradication in 1922, the lesser prairie grasshopper was entirely beyond control in the spring of 1923. Not only were some 500 square miles of territory in that State seriously denuded of all growth other than native sod, but thousands of miles northward from this devastated region seriously damaged the spring crops of eastern Kansas. Serious losses were avoided by the use of exceptionally

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

large quantities of bait in this territory, but it is feared that there has been an inevitable reinfestation that will necessitate a continuation of the campaign in 1924.

The infested area of Montana was visited, and the conditions encountered there constituted an indubitable vindication of the policy that was adopted in Alberta in 1922 upon the recommendation of this Department. It is now seen that, owing to the adoption of a more "economical" campaign in Montana in 1922, the resulting losses in one county far exceeded, in 1923, the entire cost of the campaign in the infested area of Alberta.

Since it was seen that the southern portion of the Province was menaced by a serious reinfestation from the devastated region of Montana, communication was established with the State Entomologist regarding the feasibility of a conference for a discussion of the best method of dealing with the situation. This resulted in the promise of an improved campaign in Montana during the spring and summer of 1924.

The outbreak of the Forest Tent Caterpillar throughout the northern portion of the province did not receive as close attention as was desirable, since it occurred simultaneously with the most active period of the grasshopper campaign in the south. Its causes, and probable length

large number of people in the party, but it is
further stated that there was no significant relationship
that will demonstrate a correlation of the campaign in

1982.

The interest of the party was stated and the

relationship mentioned there consisted in the

relationship of the party that was stated in Alberta in

1982 with the representation of this relationship. It is

now even more, owing to the adoption of a more "open" policy

campaign in 1982. The relationship between the

party for example, in 1982, the party of the

party in the federal area of Alberta.

Since it was stated that the northern portion of the

province was covered by a certain relationship from the

divided region of Alberta, communication was established

with the same relationship regarding the possibility of a

conference for a discussion of the best method of dealing

with the situation. This resulted in the review of an

involved campaign in Alberta during the spring and summer

of 1982.

The election of the party that participated through

out the northern portion of the province did not receive

as close attention as was desirable, since it occurred at

simultaneously with the most active period of the campaign

campaign in the south. Its success, and probable length

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

of duration were however, investigated. Numerous letters regarding this pest were answered, and in press articles and an address the best methods for its control were outlined.

Other pests, regarding which information was requested by correspondents, included:- Cutworms, Wireworms, Flea beetles, Currant Sawflies, Currant Maggots, Turnips-beetles various plant lice, Wheat-stem Sawflies, etc.

Little definite information regarding the habits, and control, of many of these insects in the northern portion of the province is available, and it is especially desirable that a biological study of the wireworm fauna of the province be made. Correspondence received by this Department indicates that these insects occasion considerable damage annually, and that the habits of some of the species are so much at variance with those of the species that are most destructive in the southern portion of the province that no general recommendations for their control can be given.

Owing to the lack of necessary equipment for investigational work, no investigational work could be attempted during the year. All available time was given to the collection of material for the class-room and for the reference collection of the insect fauna of Alberta. A cabinet for the latter has been procured and all available

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

of interest were however, investigated. Numerous letters
regarding this part were answered, and in some articles
and an address the best methods for the control were out-
lined.

Other guests, regarding which information was request-
ed by correspondents, included:- Winnipeg, Weyburn, Pelly,
Dawson, Current Section, Current Section, Current Section,
various plant life, West-Asian Section, etc.

This definite information regarding the habits, and
control, of many of these insects in the northern portion
of the province is available, and it is especially desir-
able that a biological study of the western fauna of the
provinces be made. Correspondence received by this depart-
ment indicates that these insects are a serious pest
destroying annually, and that the habits of some of the species
are as much at variance with those of the species that are
most destructive in the southern portion of the province
that no general recommendations for their control can be
given.

Owing to the lack of necessary equipment for investiga-
tional work, no investigation work could be attempted
during the year. All available time was given to the
collection of material for the winter and for the
reference collection of the insect fauna of Alberta. A
cabinet for the latter has been procured and all available

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

named material is being transferred to it.

DEPARTMENT OF SOILS

The progress of the work of the Department of Soils for the year 1923 is as follows:

Owing to the decrease in appropriations it was necessary to dispense with the services of two of our staff. The remaining members of the staff have continued the work on the soil survey report for the Macleod sheet; for which the analytical work was completed in July. The results have since been tabulated.

Chemical and mechanical analyses were made on approximately 200 samples of soil, representing the seven most important soil types of the Macleod sheet, and covering an area of about 2, 235,000 acres. Of this about 11 per cent is eroded area, river bottoms, and mixed types in general, largely unsuited to farming. About 9 per cent is sand, and 12 per cent sandy loam, or 21 per cent of the lighter classes and about 68 per cent of the more desirable soil types. It was found that only slightly more than 50 per cent of the total area was devoted to crops, and that of all the crops, wheat and oats constitute from 92 to 95 per cent of the total, with about four or five acres of wheat for each acre of oats.

The fertility invoice of the sands is only about one-half that of the better types of soil, whereas the sandy

General statement is being prepared as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

The progress of the work of the Department of the Interior

for the year 1903 is as follows:

During the year 1903 the Department of the Interior has been

very busy in connection with the various matters of the Department.

The various matters of the Department have been continued during

the year 1903, and the various matters of the Department have been

continued during the year 1903, and the various matters of the Department

have been continued during the year 1903.

Chemical and mechanical analyses were made on various

samples of soil, and the results of the analyses were as follows:

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loom is about two-thirds that of the better types.

Provision should be made for the completion of the analytical work and checking of the field work on the Medicine Hat sheet, so that a report for this area may be submitted some time during 1924. It is hoped that provision will be made for a continuation of the field work in connection with the soil survey.

During the past summer and fall, investigations have been conducted to determine the rate of decomposition of organic matter in the soils of the Edmonton district. Upwards of 300 samples of soil have been subjected to analysis. This work has disclosed some very important and interesting data as follows: The Edmonton soils have a high nitrifying power. In the early spring all plots were high in nitrates. The nitrates increased with the advance of the season in the summer fallow, and decreased under all crops. At no time were the plots under perennial crops as high in nitrates as those under annual crops. Some of the plots contained sufficient nitrates to produce a 50 bushel crop of wheat without any further decomposition of organic matter. The summer fallow plot contained about the same amount of nitrates as the other plots in the early spring, but at the end of the season was from 5 to 10 times as high as the cropped plots. The summer fallow plot contained much more water than any of the

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cropped plots, and was generally near the saturation point for the upper two feet of soil, whereas the timothy and alfalfa plots were often almost down to the wilting point. It is hoped to publish the results of this investigation during the coming winter. This investigation should be continued at least during one more summer and fall.

A considerable number of miscellaneous samples have been analysed for farmers and reports made on same; together with minor pieces of work for the Provincial Department of Agriculture.

Several hundred samples of alkali soils and drainage water have been analysed, and it is hoped to expand this work during the coming year.

The Department of Animal Husbandry transferred a piece of land to the Department of Soils for experimental purposes; but, it was impossible to obtain data for yields this year. The land will be laid out in plots and subjected to experiments in the spring of 1924.

Dr. J.D.Hewton has been devoting a part of his time to the following investigations: Measurement of carbon dioxide evolved from roots of different crop plants, with a view to understanding the effects of these different crops upon soil compounds. Rates of carbon dioxide evolution are being related to rates of transpiration and

dropped from, and was generally near the surface
points for the upper two feet of soil, whereas the dis-
cuss and slighter points were often found down to the
surface. It is hoped to repeat the results of
this investigation during the coming winter. This
investigation should be continued at least during the
next season and fall.

A considerable number of miscellaneous samples have
been analyzed for arsenic and various metals as usual; to-
gether with which glass of soil for the Provincial
Department of Agriculture.

Several hundred samples of animal waste and drainage
water have been analyzed, and it is hoped to repeat this
work during the coming year.

The Department of Animal Husbandry has received a
check of land to the Department of Agriculture for experimental
purposes; and it is possible to obtain land for yields
this year. The land will be laid out in plots and ex-
posed to experiment in the spring of 1924.

Dr. J. B. Horton has been receiving a part of his time
to the following investigations: Management of various
diseases caused by the use of a chemical stock plant, with
a view to understanding the effects of these diseases
on the stock and the use of various chemical stock
plants are being raised in view of transposition and

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growth. It seems desirable to obtain more data before publishing these results.

Dr. Newton has published the major part of his Doctor's thesis in "Soil Science" Vol. XIV, no. 3, March 1923.

The following two circulars have been prepared by the Department, and are now ready for the press:

1. Soil Sampling.
2. Inoculation of Legumes.

DEPARTMENT OF ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

There are at present 7 pure-bred Belgians, 7 pure-bred Percherons, and 5 registered Clydesdales on the University Farm. This year we were successful in raising four foals - 2 Clydesdales, 1 Percheron and 1 Belgian. During the year we lost one of the Percheron mares from acute indigestion. In order to maintain a sufficient number of Percherons for class-room work we purchased this year a pair of fillies. These were selected from the Bar U stud: both are rising three-year-olds and give promise of developing into good brood mares. One clydesdale filly rising two-year-old was purchased from the E.P. Ranch. This mare was imported this year; she is sired by one of the outstanding stallions in Scotland, Dunure Recollection, is a good representative

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growth. It seems desirable to state that the Board is continuing these studies.

Mr. Tanton has outlined the major part of his report in "Bull Bulletin" Vol. IV, No. 3, March 1934.

The following two statements have been prepared by the Board, and are now ready for the Board:

1. Bull breeding.
2. Introduction of foreign.

STATEMENT OF BULL BREEDING

There are at present 7 pure-bred Belgians, 7 pure-bred Flemish, and 3 registered Flemish in the University herd. This year we were successful in raising four bulls - 2 Belgians, 1 Flemish and 1 Belgian. During the year we lost one of the Flemish males from acute indigestion. In order to maintain a sufficient number of Flemish for comparison with the pure-bred this year a pair of Flemish were selected from the U herd, both are rising three-year-olds and give promise of developing into good breeders. One Belgian bull rising two-year old was purchased from the A.V. herd. This year was imported this year one to start by one of the outstanding stallions in Belgium, because he is a good representative

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

of the breed and will strengthen considerably the Clydesdale stud at this institution. In addition to the pure-bred horses, 5 grade horses are maintained to help out with the farm work. One saddle horse, the Farm Superintendent's horse, and a two-year-old grade colt complete the horses maintained at this institution.

Beef Cattle: A two-year-old in the 300-day division. This

is Representatives of the three beef breeds - Shorthorns Herefords and Aberdeen-Angus - are maintained on the University Farm. A pure-bred Aberdeen-Angus bull was added to the herd this year. This bull came from Mr. Henderson's herd at Lucerne. He is an exceptionally well bred animal, two International grand champion bulls appearing in the first three generations on his sire's side. The increase from the beef herd has been rather disappointing this year due to the outbreak of abortion in the summer. We have on hand at present however, a few calves of both sexes. Due to the fact that the demand for bulls has been limited, the male calves for the most part have been castrated and will be developed as steers to be used for classroom work. In addition to the calves bred at the Institution, several breeders in the province have donated calves which will help complete our herd of show steers another year. In addition to the breeding herds, 75 feeder steers were put into the feed lots this fall to be fed throughout the year. One of these was proved to be in calf, but afterwards a few of them aborted. The result is that the increase in calves this

the winter. These steers are being used in a marketing
various feeding trials mentioned elsewhere in this report.

Dairy Cattle:

A few very creditable milk records have been completed
during 1923 in the dairy herd. The pure-bred Jersey heifer
V.A. Milk Cow No. 21 produced 7450 pounds milk and 435 pounds
butterfat as a two-year-old in the 305 day division. This
is the third highest butterfat for this age and class in
the Dominion, and heads in the 305 day division. In
the Holstein, Friesian, Jersey and Guernsey divisions
produced 18755 pounds milk, 824 pounds butterfat, and
14884 pounds milk and 873 pounds butterfat respectively.
In the two-year-old class. In the three-year-old division
Keston and his heifer gave 14850 pounds milk and 875 pounds
butterfat, and his heifer gave 18370 pounds milk and
466 pounds butterfat. The three mature cows, Keston
and his heifer, and his heifer, gave an average of
15137 pounds milk and 877 pounds butterfat.
A few of the Jerseys in the herd were finished at
this year; they were animals that were comparatively low
in production and inferior in breed type. No additional
were made to the herd this year. Over a year ago a
number of cows in the dairy herd were allotted with Val-
lides. These were given treatment and later on being
bred proved to be in calf, but afterwards a few of them
abort. The result is that the losses in calves this

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year is comparatively small. The trouble with abortion is not yet altogether stamped out, and we have now taken steps to have all affected animals isolated and given treatment by means of the live bacilli. It is hoped that during the next year the entire herd will be completely cleaned up and again be on a productive basis.

Only two breeds of dairy cattle are maintained at this institution as yet - Holsteins and Jerseys - there being 20 Holsteins and 14 Jerseys.

Sheep

During the summer about 50 grade ewes were disposed of as the flock was becoming too large to handle with the pasture available. In order to carry on the experimental work with sheep that is considered essential, however, it is necessary to carry a reasonably large flock of grade sheep. Approximately 140 grade ewes are on hand at present, practically all of which are being used in winter feeding trials. In addition to the grade flock, representatives of five breeds are maintained for our teaching work in Animal Husbandry. A small flock of Oxford Downs was added to the flock during the present year. These were purchased from the Earl of Minto's ranch, and some of these ewes are part of the foundation flock that was established at this ranch a few years ago. Included in the purchase are a few imported sheep, the balance being bred

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from imported stock. Altogether we have 62 pure-bred sheep including the following breeds: Hampshires, Suffolks Shropshires, Oxfords and Leicesters. There has been a keen demand for breeding stock during the present year, and quite a number of pure-bred rams and ewes from the University flock have been disposed of to breeders in various parts of the province.

Swine:

The present year has been a very satisfactory one so far as the swine department has been concerned. Last spring approximately 60 sows farrowed. A few litters born in March suffered more or less from pleuro pneumonia due to the cold weather; with the exception of a few deaths from this trouble we were quite successful with the spring farrowed litters. Between 25 and 30 sows were bred to farrow this fall in September. There was an average of very close to 8 pigs per litter, which means we are carrying a comparatively large number of hogs through the winter. Feed is cheap, there is considerable experimental work that should be carried through, we have accommodation for the number on hand, and we feel justified in increasing slightly the number of swine at this institution.

Previous to this year breeding work was carried on principally with the Tamworth and Berkshire breeds. Early in the year a small herd of Yorkshires was established by

from 1921 to 1922. Although we have 22 years of
experience in the following fields: Manufacturing, Distribution,
Transportation, Commerce and Labor. There has been a
keen interest for handling stock during the previous year,
and quite a number of years have been and will be
unusually high have been reported of 20 years in
various parts of the province.

General

The present year has been a very satisfactory one as
far as the wine department has been concerned. Last
year approximately 20 years ago. A few years
ago in March we had some of the most severe weather
due to the cold weather, with the exception of a few days
from this time we were quite successful with the wine
department. Between 25 and 30 years ago we
have this fall in September. There was an average of
very close to 2 days per year, which means we are getting
ing a comparatively large number of days through the
year. In the wine department, there is considerable experience
at work that should be carried through, we have considerable
for the number on hand, and we feel that in future
ing slightly the number of wine at this institution.
Experience in this year handling work was carried on
entirely with the same old and reliable methods, as
in the year a small part of experience was established by

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the purchase of four sows and a boar. With the increased demand for bacon hogs to supply the British market, it seemed advisable to give this popular breed a place in our breeding work in order to determine their suitability in the province of Alberta. In addition to the three breeds mentioned, a few Duroc Jersey and Poland China sows are being retained. This is necessary in order to provide material for class-room work. During the past year a number of pure-bred hogs of both sexes have been sold to breeders in the province to improve their herds.

Steer Exhibit:

Fifteen steers from the University were exhibited this year at the larger Eastern shows, i.e., The Royal Agricultural Winter Fair at Toronto, The International Live Stock Exposition at Chicago, and the Provincial Winter Fair at Guelph. This exhibit was made possible by the co-operation of some of the prominent breeders of pure-bred beef cattle in the province. These breeders donated the steers, as calves, on the understanding that they were to be fitted and shown by the University. In addition to the animals received in this way, a few steers bred on the University Farm were also included in this year's exhibit. The entire herd of fifteen were in competition at the Royal Show, six steers only were shown at

The purpose of this report is to give the public a general view of the progress of the various departments of the Department of Agriculture during the year 1893. It is divided into three parts: the first part contains a general statement of the work of the Department; the second part contains a statement of the work of the various bureaus; and the third part contains a statement of the work of the various stations. In addition to the three parts mentioned, a few pages have been added containing a statement of the work of the various bureaus and stations during the year 1893. This is necessary in order to provide an outlet for class-room work. During the past year a number of new-hand books of both makes have been sold to students in the province to improve their habits.

State Exhibit

Fifteen acres from the University were exhibited this year at the larger station shown. The Royal Agricultural Society of London, the International Live Stock Exposition at Chicago, and the Provincial Winter Fair at Guelph. This exhibit was made possible by the co-operation of some of the prominent breeders of pure-bred beef cattle in the province. These breeders donated the stock, as well as, on the understanding that they were to be fitted and shown by the University. In addition to the animals received in this way, a few of the best on the University farm were also included in this year's exhibit. The entire herd of fifteen head in exhibition at the Royal Show, six of which only were shown at

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

Chicago, and nine at Guelph. The following list gives the details of the winnings at the three shows.

TORONTO:

Placing	Class	Breed	Name of Animal	Breeder
4th	Senior yearling	Shorthorn	Craiglevar Hancock	Wm. Sharp Lacombe
8th	Junior "	"	Snowball Perfection	Jas. Sharp Lacombe
6th	" "	"	Craiglevar Viscount	Jas. Sharp Lacombe
3rd	Junior calf	"	Graven's Snowman	J. Chas. Yu Cardinals
8th	" "	"	Lately Supreme	University of Alberta
1st	Junior yearling	Hereford	Linda Gay Lad	University of Alberta
4th	" "	"	Beau Perfection	S. B. Blair Red Deer
2nd	Senior Calf	"	Bonshadio	University of Alberta
4th	" "	"	Helen's Lad	University of Alberta
1st	Senior yearling	Aberdeen- Angus	Knight of Willow Park	C. E. Richard Bowden
1st	Junior "	"	Eliminator's Best L.E.S.	Lacombe Experiment Farm Lacombe
4th	" "	"	Marshall of Hartburn	A. E. Hood Olde
6th	" calf	"	Alta Bartlett	A. E. A. S. S. Clomons
7th	" "	"	Victor's Bride	Sedgewick University of Alberta

Champion Hereford steer and reserve grand champion steer of show - Linda Gay Lad.

Champion Aberdeen-Angus steer - Eliminator's Best L.E.S.

Chicago, and also at Seattle. The following list gives

the details of the findings at the above places.

RESULTS

Place	Time of day	Time of year	Time of day	Time of year
Chicago	10:00	1932	10:00	1932
Chicago	11:00	1932	11:00	1932
Chicago	12:00	1932	12:00	1932
Chicago	13:00	1932	13:00	1932
Chicago	14:00	1932	14:00	1932
Chicago	15:00	1932	15:00	1932
Chicago	16:00	1932	16:00	1932
Chicago	17:00	1932	17:00	1932
Chicago	18:00	1932	18:00	1932
Chicago	19:00	1932	19:00	1932
Chicago	20:00	1932	20:00	1932
Chicago	21:00	1932	21:00	1932
Chicago	22:00	1932	22:00	1932
Chicago	23:00	1932	23:00	1932
Chicago	24:00	1932	24:00	1932
Chicago	25:00	1932	25:00	1932
Chicago	26:00	1932	26:00	1932
Chicago	27:00	1932	27:00	1932
Chicago	28:00	1932	28:00	1932
Chicago	29:00	1932	29:00	1932
Chicago	30:00	1932	30:00	1932
Chicago	31:00	1932	31:00	1932
Chicago	32:00	1932	32:00	1932
Chicago	33:00	1932	33:00	1932
Chicago	34:00	1932	34:00	1932
Chicago	35:00	1932	35:00	1932
Chicago	36:00	1932	36:00	1932
Chicago	37:00	1932	37:00	1932
Chicago	38:00	1932	38:00	1932
Chicago	39:00	1932	39:00	1932
Chicago	40:00	1932	40:00	1932
Chicago	41:00	1932	41:00	1932
Chicago	42:00	1932	42:00	1932
Chicago	43:00	1932	43:00	1932
Chicago	44:00	1932	44:00	1932
Chicago	45:00	1932	45:00	1932
Chicago	46:00	1932	46:00	1932
Chicago	47:00	1932	47:00	1932
Chicago	48:00	1932	48:00	1932
Chicago	49:00	1932	49:00	1932
Chicago	50:00	1932	50:00	1932
Chicago	51:00	1932	51:00	1932
Chicago	52:00	1932	52:00	1932
Chicago	53:00	1932	53:00	1932
Chicago	54:00	1932	54:00	1932
Chicago	55:00	1932	55:00	1932
Chicago	56:00	1932	56:00	1932
Chicago	57:00	1932	57:00	1932
Chicago	58:00	1932	58:00	1932
Chicago	59:00	1932	59:00	1932
Chicago	60:00	1932	60:00	1932

Chicago, and also at Seattle. The following list gives

the details of the findings at the above places.

Chicago, and also at Seattle. The following list gives

the details of the findings at the above places.

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

CHICAGO: (Only six steers from University showing)

<u>Fleecing</u>	<u>Class</u>	<u>Breed</u>	<u>Name of animal</u>	<u>Breeder</u>
5th	Senior yearling	Shorthorn	Craigievar Lassot	Wm. Sharp Lacombe
4th	Junior calf	"	Craven's Snowman	J. Chas. Yul Carstairs
4th	Junior yearling	Aberdeen-Angus	Eliminator's Best L.S.S.	Lacombe Experimenta Farm Lacombe
8th	Senior calf	Hereford	Don Radio	University of Alberta
11th	Junior yearling	"	Linda Gay Lad	University of Alberta
5th	Group	Shorthorn Steers		

QUELPH:

- 1st. Steers over 1 year Shorthorn Snowball Perfection
Jas. Sharp, Lacombe.
- 1st. Steers under 1 year Shorthorn U.A. Golden Drop
University of Alberta.
- 3rd. Steers under 1 year Shorthorn U.A. Lovely Supreme
University of Alberta.
- 2nd. Steers over 1 year. Aberdeen-Angus Marshall of Hartburn
A.E. Road, Olds.
- 3rd. Steers over 1 year. Aberdeen-Angus Knight of Willow Park
C.H. Richardson, Bowden
- 1st. Steers under 1 year. Aberdeen-Angus Alta Bartlett
A.E.A.E.S. Clemons, Edgewick.
- 3rd. Steers over 1 year. Hereford Dean Perfection
S.D. Blair, Red Deer.
- 3rd. Steers under 1 year Hereford, Helen's Lad
University of Alberta.

Champion Shorthorn Steer - Snowball Perfection.

4th - Group of Three Steers under 1100 pounds.

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Extension Work:

During the present year the members of the Department of Animal Husbandry have spent considerable time in extension work throughout the province. This has taken the form of attending farmers' meetings in connection with Soldier Settler work, as well as assisting the Provincial Department of Agriculture with Farmers' Institute meetings. At the request of the Superintendent of Fairs and Institutes a number of fairs in various parts of the province were attended and assistance given in judging.

Feeders' Day:

The second Feeders' Day put on at the University of Alberta was held last April at the time the feeding trials being conducted during the winter were completed. It is recognized that in order to make experimental work worth while it is necessary that the general public should be kept in touch with the results of such tests. Experience at this institution in common with others, has shown that there is no better way of doing this than by means of what has come to be known as feeders' or farmers' day. The event this year was very satisfactory indeed. Over 200 were in attendance, including farmers, especially those interested in livestock feeding problems, commission men, packers, experimentalists, farm newspaper editors, as well as representatives of the Provincial and Dominion Governments.

Expenditures

During the present year the members of the Board of Animal Husbandry have been considerably busy in extension work throughout the province. This has been the case of extending the work of the Board in connection with the various departments of the Government, as well as extending the provincial Board of Agriculture and Forestry, and the various departments of the Government of India in various parts of the province where extended and assistance given is being.

Expenditure

The Board of Agriculture, as far as the expenditure of the Board is concerned, has been very much increased during the year. It is being conducted during the year with considerable work being done in order to make experimental work worth while it is necessary that the general public should be kept in touch with the results of such work. It is also necessary that the Board should be able to show that its expenditure is a reasonable one. There is no better way of doing this than by means of what has come to be known as Expenditure or Expenditure. The Board of Agriculture, as far as the expenditure of the Board is concerned, has been very much increased during the year. It is being conducted during the year with considerable work being done in order to make experimental work worth while it is necessary that the general public should be kept in touch with the results of such work. It is also necessary that the Board should be able to show that its expenditure is a reasonable one. There is no better way of doing this than by means of what has come to be known as Expenditure or Expenditure. The Board of Agriculture, as far as the expenditure of the Board is concerned, has been very much increased during the year. It is being conducted during the year with considerable work being done in order to make experimental work worth while it is necessary that the general public should be kept in touch with the results of such work. It is also necessary that the Board should be able to show that its expenditure is a reasonable one. There is no better way of doing this than by means of what has come to be known as Expenditure or Expenditure.

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The animals used in the feeding trials during the previous months were on view, and those present had an opportunity of seeing for themselves the actual results of these experiments. Prominent livestock men in the province, and representatives from the Provincial Government and the Natural Resources Department of the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. very kindly co-operated, outlining the results of livestock experimental work carried on by their various institutions.

Publications:

Two bulletins were prepared by the Department of Animal Husbandry during the year. Bulletin No.1 "Rations for Wintering Pregnant Ewes", is a complete report covering three years' work at this institution with various feeds most commonly used for winter feeding of breeding ewes. "The Production of Fall Pigs in Alberta" Bulletin No.7, is compiled from data secured during the past few years at the University of Alberta in respect to the economy of fall litters, together with a few suggestions on the winter feeding and management of swine. These bulletins are being distributed by the Department of Extension at the University.

EXPERIMENTAL WORK:

Steer Feeding:

During the winter of 1922-23 the third test comparing

The animals used in the feeding trials during the previous months were on view, and those given had an opportunity of seeing for themselves the actual results of these experiments. President Roosevelt was in the audience, and representatives from the Provincial Government and the National Museum, as well as the Canadian Wildlife Service, were also present. The results of the feeding trials were reported, including the results of the various experiments which resulted in the various

Feeding Trials:

Feeding Trials:

Two feedings were made by the Commission of animal husbandry during the year. Bulletin No. 1 "Notes for Feeding 'Experiment' No. 1" is a complete report covering three years' work at this location with various birds and mammals and for winter feeding of breeding stock. "The Production of Fall Birds in Winter" Bulletin No. 2, is compiled from data received during the past two years at the University of Alberta in regard to the feeding of fall birds, together with a few suggestions on the winter feeding and management of birds. These

bulletins are being distributed by the Department of

Extension at the University.

FEEDING TRIALS:

Feeding Trials:

During the winter of 1932-33 the birds feed covering

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the value of sunflower and oat silages for fattening steers was completed. The results of the three trials correlate very closely, showing that, for finishing steers, oat silage was superior to sunflower silage. The report of this experiment covering the three year's work has been carefully checked and compiled and should be ready for publication early in the New Year.

Further work has been done testing the feeding value of oat hay and prairie hay for fattening steers. Two years' work would indicate that oat hay has a higher feeding value for the purpose than prairie hay. At least one more test should be conducted with these two hays before the results will be ready for publication.

Two tests to determine the value of silage for fattening steers proved that silage was worth slightly over \$5.00 per ton. The work outlined in this connection this year has been somewhat broadened. An experiment is in progress this winter to compare the gain produced by feeding a definite acreage of oats made into hay with the same quantity from a similar acreage, cut at the same period, made into silage.

With the object of securing some definite data on the economy of gains made by steers of different ages, three groups of yearlings, two-year-olds and three-year-olds, were on test last winter. The results of only

The value of ammonia and urea for feeding
acres was completed. The results of the three trials
correlation very closely, showing that for feeding
acres, urea alone was superior to ammonia alone.
The results of this experiment covering the three years
work has been carefully checked and compiled and should
be ready for publication early in the New Year.

Further work has been done covering the feeding value
of urea and ammonia for the following reasons. The
work would indicate that urea is a better
feeding value for the various types of crops. At
least one more trial should be conducted with these two
have before the results will be ready for publication.
Two tests to determine the value of urea for

feeding acres proved that urea was worth slightly
over \$2.00 per ton. The work carried in this connec-
tion this year has been somewhat restricted. An error
found in the progress of the work is to correct the data
produced by feeding a definite amount of urea to
the hay with the same amount of urea as a single amount.
out of the same source, made in the office.

With the object of securing more definite data on
the amount of gain made by crops of different ages,
three groups of corn, two-year-old and three-year-
old, were on test last winter. The results of only

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

one test were in favour of the two-year-old steers.

This work is being continued on the same basis this year.

Two new projects in steer feeding were commenced this year: one to determine which is the more economical- a full feed of grain or a limited grain ration, the other to ascertain the value of oilmeal when fed in conjunction with the ordinary grain ration of barley and oats.

Experiments with sheep:

Work was commenced two years ago with a view of comparing the effect on the growth and development, together with the breeding capacity, of sheep when bred as lambs with those that were not bred until a year later. An experiment of this nature necessarily takes some few years to carry through. Two years' trials have brought out some rather interesting facts. No report on this work will be available for a year or two yet.

Oat hay when fed as a sole ration to pregnant ewes has resulted in a disappointing lamb crop. In order to determine the most suitable supplement to feed with oat hay, various rations are being used, as well as one mineral mixture consisting of calcium carbonate.

One trial has already been conducted to compare the value of oat silage and sunflower silage for pregnant ewes. The results so far obtained would indicate that the relative

the year was in favour of the two-year-old steers.
This year is being completed on the same basis this year.
The new projects in stock feeding were commenced this
year and the experience which is the most successful in
feeding of grain on a limited grain ration, the order to
ascertain the value of animal feed as a substitute
with the existing production of dairy and other

Experiment with sheep

Work was commenced two years ago with a view of com-
paring the effect on the growth and development, together
with the feeding capacity, of sheep when used as labor
with those that were bred until a year later. An
experiment of this nature necessarily takes some two years
to carry through. The results have brought out
some rather interesting facts. No report on this point will
be available for a year or two yet.
But just when the most rapid progress was being
made in a disintegrating land crop, in order to deter-
mine the most suitable methods of stock raising and
various factors are being used, as well as the general
methods of raising of various animals.
The trial has already been conducted to compare the
value of the sheep and whether or not the present year.
The results so far obtained seem to indicate that the relative

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value of these two silages is dependent upon the other feeds fed in the ration. This work is being continued this winter.

Previous trials with various feeds from winter feeding of breeding ewes would indicate that the prevalence of goitre in lambs is to some extent affected by the rations fed the sheep during the period of pregnancy. In order to secure further information in this connection trials are in progress this year upon which close observations will be made.

During the past summer an experiment was in progress with the view of comparing the relative merits of rape and oats as pasture crops for sheep from the standpoint of gains on the flock as well as the carrying capacity of the two crops. The summer was comparatively wet; growth was abundant throughout the season, which meant that pasture crops of all kinds did particularly well. Considering all features of a desirable pasture for sheep, the rape proved slightly superior to oats. The work comparing pasture crops for sheep will be continued next year and enlarged to include both sweet clover and alsaswede clover.

Experiments with Swine:

In 1923 three years' work was completed with a view of determining the economy of fall pigs. It was found that fall pigs could be raised at a profit. The average of

value of these two kinds is dependent upon the other
factor fed in the ration. This work is being continued
this winter.

Previous trials with various kinds of rations feeding
of breeding ewes have indicated that the provision of
kitchen in lamb is to some extent affected by the ration
fed the sheep during the period of pregnancy. In order
to make further information in this connection trials
are in progress this year with other observations
will be made.

During the past season an experiment was in progress
with the view of comparing the relative merits of two and
three ewes crops for meat from the standpoint of
gains on the flock as well as the carrying capacity of the
two ewes. The summer was comparatively wet, growth was
abundant throughout the season, which meant that pasture
crops of all kinds did satisfactorily well. Considering
all things at a realistic picture for sheep, the crops
proved slightly superior to other. The work comparing
pasture crops for sheep will be continued next year and
will try to include both home grown and otherwise crops.

Experiment with Sheep

In 1933 three years' work was completed with a view of
determining the economy of this plan. It was found that
full pigs could be raised at a profit. The average of

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three years' work showed that it took approximately 500 pounds of grain to produce 100 pounds gain under winter conditions. A three years' average figure taken from experiments conducted at this institution showed that it required 469 pounds of grain to produce 100 pounds gain with spring farrowed pigs, self-fed on pasture during the summer months. While the difference is somewhat in favour of spring farrowed pigs, it was found that the increase in price for the fall pigs marketed in the spring practically offset any difference in economy of gains in favour of the pigs fed during the summer. The results of the winter feeding trials showed that when extra labor and cost were considered it did not pay to cook the ordinary grains for winter pig feeding. Bulletin No. 7, "The Production of Fall Pigs in Alberta", issued by the Extension Department of the University of Alberta, gives a complete report of all the trials in connection with the winter feeding of pigs at this institution.

Several tests have been made comparing oats and barley as well as mixture of these two grains as feeds for brood sows during the winter. The results obtained thus far are in favour of oats.

A comparison of various supplements to be fed in conjunction with the ordinary farm grown grains - barley and oats - to sows during the suckling period has shown

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that buttermilk is superior to either tankage or shorts. This is based on two years' work.

A test was conducted during the winter of 1922-23 to determine the value of cull potatoes as a feed for fall pigs. One trial showed that 411 pounds of potatoes equalled 100 pounds of grain. When barley was valued at 66 cents per bushel, oats at 52 cents and shorts at 26 dollars per ton, potatoes could be marketed at 21 cents per bushel through fall pigs.

One test conducted last winter to determine the value of tankage for feeding fall pigs indicated that the feeding of this protein supplement at the rate of 5 per cent is advantageous from the standpoint of economy of gains and time required to reach market weight. Further trials are in progress this winter to check up on the previous year's results.

An experiment was commenced early in the summer with the object of comparing rape, alfalfa, and a grain mixture made up of 1 bushel each of barley, oats and wheat, as forage crops for swine. All three crops made a remarkably good showing due to the frequent rains throughout the summer. Both the alfalfa and grain mixture made an early growth and were ready for pasturing about two weeks before the rape. In the case of the grain mixture, however, it ripened at the usual time, and for this reason did not

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provide during the latter part of the season, the succulent growth, as was the case with the rape and the alfalfa. This work will be followed up next summer, with the addition of sweet clover, four plots having been seeded to this crop during the past season.

Rather an extensive experiment was outlined last spring with the purpose of ascertaining the influence of various feeds and methods of feeding on the market type of hogs. Eight groups of pigs, including 7 pigs in each lot, were fed different rations under different conditions. The effect of the various protein supplements - skim milk, tankage and alfalfa, were considered, the results of limited hand-feeding as compared with self-feeding was noted, and the use of two pasture crops was checked against dry lot feeding. The hogs were all graded on feet by an official grader before being slaughtered and all the carcasses were scored by a competent man from the standpoint of their suitability of Wiltshire sides, texture of meat, mixture of fat and lean, general balance and all those features that are considered in a good side of bacon. This particular experiment is being conducted again this winter, only in a slightly modified form. The aim is to carry this experiment for possibly two years or more under both summer and winter conditions with a view of securing definite data on the rather press-

providing during the latter part of the season, the
essential growth up was the same with the same and the
results. This work will be followed in next season,
with the addition of extra labor, that alone having
been needed to this crop during the past season.
Further an extensive experiment was conducted last
spring with the purpose of ascertaining the influence
of various feeds and methods of feeding on the growth
type of hogs. Eight groups of pigs, including 5 also
in each lot, were fed different rations under different
conditions. The effect of the various protein supple-
ments - skim milk, kelp and alfalfa, were considered.
The results of limited hand-feeding as compared with
self-feeding was noted, and the use of the protein foods
was checked against dry lot feeding. The pigs were all
graded on Feb 1 by an official grader before being slaughtered
and all the carcasses were scored by a competent man
from the standpoint of their suitability for various
uses, texture of meat, mixture of fat and lean, general
balance and all those factors that are considered in a
good side of bacon. This particular experiment is being
conducted again this winter only in a slightly modified
form. The aim is to carry this experiment for possibly
two years or more under both summer and winter conditions
with a view of securing definite data on the proper feed-

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ing problem of the improvement of the type of hogs in the province of Alberta.

Two other projects have been started this year: A determination of the value of mineral mixtures for fall pigs - this work was only commenced this fall; the other was a test with brood sows to learn the most economical amount of grain to feed pregnant sows during the summer months while running on pasture. One season's work would go to show that while running on good pasture brood sows can be satisfactorily maintained with a very small amount of grain.

Experiments with Dairy Cattle:

The first experimental work of any nature with the dairy herd at this institution was commenced this year. A comparison is being made of the relative value of oat silage and sunflower silage for milk production.

Determination of Silage Production Costs:

During the past season the Department of Animal Husbandry has made an attempt to gather some figures on the cost of producing oat and sunflower silages. In this work the co-operation of several farmers in various parts of the province was secured. The farmers have kept records of labour costs in connection with the growing and harvesting of these crops, and a check was also made on the yields in as far as it was possible to do so.

the problem of the improvement of the type of work in the province of Alberta.

The other projects have been started this year: a determination of the value of mineral resources for 1911; this work has only commenced this fall; the extent was a test with view to learn the most economical amount of grain to feed pregnant cows during the summer months while running on pasture. One season's work would go to show that while running on good pasture would now can be satisfactorily maintained with a very small amount of grain.

Experiments with Dairy Cattle

The first experimental work of any nature with the dairy herd at this institution was commenced this year. A comparison is being made of the relative value of oat silage and mountain silage for milk production.

Investigation of Silage Production

During the past season the experiment at animal husbandry has made an attempt to gather some figures on the cost of producing oat and mountain silage. In this work the co-operation of several farmers in various parts of the province was secured. The farmers have kept records of latest crops in connection with the growing and harvesting of these crops, and a check was also made on the yields in as far as it was possible to do so.

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Losses in Ensiling:

Records are being kept on the crops in the various silos on the University Farm with a view of determining the losses that occur in ensiling both sunflowers and oats. The losses will be based on moisture, content and the changes that occur in the chemical composition of the silages at various depths in the silo.

DEPARTMENT OF FIELD HUSBANDRY

As was announced a year ago, the work in the Department of Field Husbandry has been organized along three lines, viz., Field Crops and Field Crop Experiments, Plant Genetics and Plant Breeding, and Plant Biochemistry. This arrangement offers opportunity for specialization, and enables the work of the Department to progress systematically. The report this year is being given in accordance with this scheme of organization.

Owing to the rapid and extensive development of the Alberta Crop Improvement Association during the last four years it is proposed to deal with this also as an additional separate division of the report.

Field Crops and Field Crop Experiments:

Varieties

Five year tests indicate the following varieties of farm crops as best suited to existing conditions.

Lessons in English

Lessons are being kept on the crops in the various
fields on the University farm with a view of determining
the lessons that can be learned from such studies and
also. The lessons will be based on scientific, practical
and the changes that occur in the chemical composition
of the crops at various stages in the life.

INSTITUTIONS OF FIELD RESEARCH

As was announced a year ago, the work in the
Department of Field Research has been organized along
three lines, viz., Field Crops and Field Crop Experiments,
Plant Genetics and Plant Breeding, and Plant Physiology.
This arrangement offers opportunity for specialization
and enables the work of the department to progress rapidly
effectively. The report this year is being given in accordance
with this scheme of organization.

During the year the field and experimental development of the
Alberta Crop Experiment Station has been the last
year focus is to proceed to deal with this also as an
additional separate division of the report.

Field Crops and Field Crop Experiments

Wheat

Five years have elapsed the following varieties of
wheat have been raised to existing conditions.

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Projects:

1. Wheat: Marquis, Kitchener, Huron, Ruby, Red Fife, in the order mentioned, constitute the most suitable wheat varieties for Alberta. Of these Marquis combines in the best manner the qualities desired, viz., earliness, good baking and milling qualities, maximum yield in keeping with suitable earliness, fair strength of straw and non-shattering propensity. Red Fife may be considered under exceptionally favorable conditions that promote earliness, though risky at best.

Ruby is an early wheat ripening in 6 to 8 days earlier than Marquis, but its quality and yield are quite inferior to Marquis. Where frosts reduce the commercial value of Marquis, however, 4 years out of 5, such varieties as Ruby and Red Bobs should be resorted to.

2. Oats. Banner, Victory, Swedish Select and Abundance are among the best varieties for Park Belt conditions. As grain, green fodder and silage production, they combine excellent merits. The question is often asked which of Banner and Victory is the better, to which it is difficult to give a satisfactory answer. Banner is slightly more productive, though less uniform in color and plumpness and does not, therefore, attract the eye so readily. The grain of Victory invariably outscores

Problems:

1. Wheat: Harvest, Elmhurst, Kansas, 1925, and 1926, in

the order mentioned, constitute the most valuable wheat varieties for Elmhurst. Of these varieties the place in the best manner the quality desired, viz., earliness, good baking and milling qualities, maximum yield in keeping with earliness earliness, fair strength of straw and non-shattering propensity. And 1926

may be considered as a very exceptionally favorable condition. These wheat varieties earliness, though they are best. 1926 is an early wheat ripening in 2 to 3 days earlier than earliness, but its quality and yield are quite inferior to earliness. The two wheat varieties the commercial value of earliness, however, 4 years ago 1922. 1926 varieties as 1926 and 1926 should be considered as.

2. Grain: Harvest, Elmhurst, Kansas, 1925 and 1926, in

are among the best varieties for their respective years. In 1925, even though and slight production, they are fine excellent varieties. The question is often asked which of 1925 and 1926 is the better, to which it is difficult to give a satisfactory answer. 1925 is slightly more productive, though less uniform in color and appearance and less hot, therefore, without the eye no results. The grain of 1926 is invariably more uniform

that of Banner when in competition, and has, as a result, won many prizes and no less than four Grand Championships in International competition during the last four years. If Victory possesses any undesirable features at all it is that, on account of its plumpness, it shatters rather easily when being threshed, with the result that a small percentage of the grains are hulled.

Other varieties to be mentioned are: Swedish Select and Abundance. The early oat, as represented by Dauteney or Alaska, is not sufficiently productive to warrant mention here.

5. Barley. O.A.C. #21 is the best of the six-rowed varieties. Bark's also has a place, though it is slightly later. Canadian Thorpe, a two-rowed variety, is worthy of special mention, partly because of its favourable yielding capacity and superior strength of straw. Guy Mayle, a hulless, bearded barley, is the best of the hulless sorts. Because of the hulless character of its seed this variety is essentially a feed barley and not suitable for commercial purposes. Improved white hulless barley is splendid for fodder purposes. Combined with this is its special value for aiding in the control of such bad weeds as wild oats. It is early, and when seeded on land infested with wild oats,

that of January when in competition, and has, as a result, won many prizes and no less than four Grand Championships in international competition during the last four years. It is very productive and abundant, bearing at all times, on account of its pump-like action, it is a very useful variety when being produced, with the result that a small percentage of the fruit is lost.

Other varieties to be mentioned are 'Gallia', 'Gallia' and 'Gallia'. The early one, as represented by 'Gallia' or 'Gallia', is not sufficiently productive to warrant mention here.

3. Gallia. G.A. 111 is the best of the six-year varieties. 'Gallia' also has a place, though it is slightly later. 'Gallia' is a two-year variety, is worthy of special mention, partly because of its low-yielding capacity and excellent strength of stem. 'Gallia', a hybrid, is the best of the hybrid group. Because of the hybrid character of the seed this variety is essentially a seed variety and not suitable for commercial purposes. Improved white hybrid variety is suitable for food purposes. Crossed with this is the special value for sowing in the control of each and every seed. It is early, and when needed to land selected with early.

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it competes with them in growth, and consequently both may be cut prematurely for hay. Alberta Beardless, a new hulless, two-rowed variety, is also useful as a fodder crop. Moreover it is more productive than the Improved White Hulless, and even compares very favourably with oats.

4. Peas. Many varieties of peas have been tested during the last six years. One of the varieties most commonly recommended can be relied upon on account of the fact that they do not ripen satisfactorily in our short season. A variety developed in this department, the White Albertan, has proven the best in our trials because of its earliness. It yields as well as Arthur in a four year test. That the White Albertan is a variety of peas of merit, and suitable for Alberta conditions, is shown by the fact that during the last three years it has been grown at Lloydminster, Fenn and Helder with equal success, as revealed by its winnings in competition at the International Grain and Hay Show at Chicago. It is a small seeded, white variety of unusual quality and weight.

5. Rye. North Dakota #959 - Dakold - has proven our surest variety. It withstands our winters very satisfactorily in contrast with all other varieties tested.

In spring rye the O.A.C. #62 is very satisfactory.

is compared with them in growth, and consequently both may be not particularly for hay. Alberta, a new halibut, two-rowed variety, is also useful as a fodder crop. Moreover it is more productive than the improved white halibut, and even compares very favorably with corn.

4. Barley. Many varieties of barley have been tested during the last six years. One of the varieties most commonly recommended can be relied upon on account of the fact that they do not ripen satisfactorily in our short season. A variety developed in this department, the white ribbed, has proven the best in our trials because of its earliness. It yields as well as barley in a few years. That the white ribbed is a variety of good of merit, and suitable for winter conditions, is shown by the fact that during the last three years it has been grown at Edmonton, Yarm and other with equal success, as revealed by the following in comparison of the International Corn and Hay Show at Chicago. It is a small seeded, white variety of unusual quality and weight.

5. Barley. North Dakota 1901 - 1902 - has proven our winter variety. It withstands the winter very satisfactorily in contrast with all other varieties tested. In spring the C. 1902 is very satisfactory.

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6. Potatoes. Irish Cobbler, Early Ohio and Wee MacGregor are among the best varieties of potatoes. These are medium to early and produce a fair table quality and acre yield. Other varieties worthy of mention are Bovee and Idaho Rural and Rural Russet, the latter two however, are rather late and apt to be poor in table quality; nevertheless, they do not seem quite so subject to disease, particularly scab, as some of the other mentioned varieties.

LEGUMES

7. Alfalfa. Grimm is the surest variety of alfalfa. While it is true that Cossack, Turkestan and Common, and other strains, have shown much winter hardiness, we do not feel that at the present time they should be recommended because of the difficulty of securing adequate seed from northern-grown hardy strains. With Grimm there is plenty of seed available, though we must be sure that it is of northern origin - and preferably Alberta. If one can be sure that seed from other varieties is grown from a satisfactory stand (indicating winter hardiness), the risk is correspondingly reduced. This applies particularly to Cossack, which in many respects is similar to Grimm.

8. Red Clover. Altaswede stands supreme among clovers at Edmonton. It has shown remarkable, though not perfect,

0. Introduction. Irish potatoes, early, mid and late varieties are among the best varieties of potatoes. There are medium to early and produce a fair yield of quality and some yield. Other varieties worthy of mention are Doves and Idaho Russet and Rural Russet, the latter two however, are rather late and not so good in taste quality; nevertheless, they do not have this so subject to disease, particularly early, as some of the other common varieties.

II. THE PROBLEM

V. Albino. Albino is the current variety of potato. While it is true that Albino, Russet and common and other strains, have shown much strain resistance, we do not feel that at the present time they should be recommended because of the likelihood of increasing resistance need from northern-grown early strains. Albino there is plenty of seed available, though we must be sure that it is of northern origin - and preferably Albino. If one can be sure that seed from other varieties is grown from a satisfactory seed stock, variation is given from a satisfactory seed stock. This applies particularly to disease, which is very common in strains.

6. Red River. Albino strains are very common at present. It has shown resistance, though not perfect.

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winter hardiness, during tests carried on during the last six years. It is especially valuable as a hay and seed producer. One farmer, south and west of Edmonton, has produced 60 bushels of excellent seed from 20 acres. His crop growth was so rank, due to favourable seasonal conditions, that he was tempted to cut it for hay. This clover is the result of artificial and natural selection in this Department from the late Swedish clover.

9. Other Clovers. Alsike and White or Dutch show a high degree of winter hardiness.
10. Sweet Clover. The Biennial White and Biennial Yellow are the most suitable of our present strains or varieties of sweet clover. The former grows somewhat coarse and upright, while the latter is more bushy and finer in stem, and yet it is not to be preferred over the former. These varieties are both quite winter hardy at Edmonton.
11. Grasses. Western Rye, Timothy and Brome Grass are suitable for hay and pasture, with a second choice of Meadow Fescue and Kentucky Blue, particularly for grass mixtures.
12. Corn. Some seventy-seven varieties and strains of corn have been tested in this department during the last six years. Many of these represent the flint

Winter vegetables, during tests carried on during the last six years. It is especially valuable as a hay and seed producer. The former, south and west of Minnesota, has produced 30 bushels of excellent seed from 10 acres. The crop growth was so rank, due to favorable seasonal conditions, that he was compelled to cut it for hay. This clover is the result of artificial and natural selection in this department from the late English clover.

9. Winter Clover. Alaska and White at Dutch show a high degree of winter hardiness.

10. Winter Clover. The Minnesota White and Minnesota Yellow are the best examples of our present strains of varieties of winter clover. The former grows somewhat coarser and upright, while the latter is more bushy and finer in stem, and yet it is not so preferred over the former. These varieties are both quite hardy at Edmonton.

11. Summer. Kentucky 300, Minnesota and Home strains are suitable for hay and seed. With a second cutting of medium stems and Kentucky Blue, particularly for green mixtures.

12. Corn. Some seventy-seven varieties and strains of corn have been tested in this department during the last six years. Many of these represent the lines

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types, while many represent the dent types. In all these tests the major share of the flint varieties have proven to be earlier than the dent varieties. Very few of the flints, however, succeeded in ripening seed, in fact only one, viz., the Howes Alberta Flint, proved a certainty in this respect. It should be remembered, however, that there are two quite well marked groups in flint and dent varieties. The early, or small stature, short-season group; and the later or tall growing, long-season groups. The early maturing varieties in each group, however, are characterized by light production of fodder, with a possibility of a small percentage production of mature corn. Hence, if one desires ripe grain, preference is given to grain at a sacrifice of large yield of stalk. This varies, it is true, in keeping with the length of the growing season. A variety growing in a 130 day season may appear a very different one in a 90 day season.

The following varieties are recommended:

Small Flints - Howes Alberta Flint, (very early, light fodder production).
Gehr, Assiniboine Indian, (slightly later and more productive of fodder).

In all types, while many represent the best types. These seeds the major share of the time varieties have proved to be earlier than the best varieties. Very few of the flint, however, succeeded in reaching seed, in fact only one, viz., the House of Lords flint, proved a certainty in this respect. It should be remembered, however, that there are two quite well marked groups in flint and dent varieties. The early, or small stature, short-season group, and the later or tall growing long-season group. The early maturing varieties in each group, however, are characterized by light production of fodder, with a possibility of a small increase in production of silage crops. Hence, if one desires large grain, preference is given to grain as a result of large yield of stalk. This variety, it is true, in keeping with the length of the growing season. A variety growing in a 120 day season may reach a very different one in a 90 day season. The following varieties are recommended: Small Flint - House of Lords flint, (very early, light production of fodder production). Large Flint - House of Lords flint, (very early, light production of fodder production). Large Flint - House of Lords flint, (very early, light production of fodder production).

Free Press, (slightly later and more productive of fodder.)

Medium to

Large Flints-Quebec #28, Longfellow, Dakota White Flint, Compton's Early, Improved Squaw, King Phillip. These do not ripen corn at Edmonton, yet they yield from 8-15 tons fodder.

In the south eastern Alberta the medium to large Flints promise both a fair yield of fodder and grain.

Smaller to

Medium Dents-North Western Dent

Minnesota #13

Wisconsin #7

Of these groups the medium to large flints and dents are the only varieties capable of giving satisfaction for silage or dry forage corns. For this purpose they may reach as high yield as 12-14 tons of green fodder.

13. Sunflowers. Many varieties of sunflowers have come under test during the last four years. These, like corn, divide themselves naturally into the long season, medium season and short season varieties. The first mentioned grows very tall with low percent dry matter, while the latter, though shorter, reach a more advanced degree of maturity and thus give a somewhat higher percentage of dry matter. The total dry matter of the latter is quite as high, however, as the former, and what is quite as important it is cheaper to handle; less water washes out of the silo, and a better quality of silage is likely to result. Mammoth-Russian or

Russian Giant, or Giant Russian as it is often called depending upon source of seed, represents the former, the latter is represented by the Black Giant and White Beauty. The last mentioned unfortunately is rarely found in the trade.

14. Roots. Roots of one kind or another hold an important place in the feed ration of livestock in this province. Succulence in the winter feed not only improves the health of animals and lessens the percentage of losses, but increases the palatability and digestibility of coarse fodders, and lowers the cost of beef and milk production. Unfortunately roots require much hand labour in their production. Again occasional losses occur when the plants are in the early stages of growth, due to drifting soil, high winds, cutworms, and severe dry weather. A minor difficulty arises, especially when grain crops are grown on a large scale, in the conflict ^{with} harvesting and threshing operations. The relative position of the different classes of roots is determined chiefly by the yield, keeping quality, and dry matter content, though resistance to spring and fall frost, suitability for specific purposes, and ease of growing and harvesting, must always be considered. Swedes, Turnips, Mangels, Sugar Beets and Carrots in the order mentioned indicates the relative

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determined chiefly by the field, feeding quality, and
dry matter content, though resistance to rotting and
fall frost, suitability for specific purposes, and
ease of growing and harvesting, must always be con-
sidered. Sweet, turnips, mangels, tuber roots and
cane in the order mentioned included the relative

importance of the roots for these conditions.

Management:

15. The intertillage of cereal grains is a question that has been studied for three seasons in this department.

Can wheat, or oats be seeded in such a manner as to be tilled like corn, and enable the wheat grower to grow cereal crops continuously by virtue of moisture conservation? In this project soil moisture determinations have been made regularly to check up on the efficiency of inter-tillage in moisture conservation.

The possibility of discovering a partial substitute for the bare fallow, through the use of the cereal grains as well as corn, is here the main concern. Our investigations show many very significant facts.

16. Pasturing fall rye intended for grain in the spring shows some pronounced results. Our experiments indicate that winter rye pastured up until the end of May reduces the yield of grain 50%. If pastured 10 days later the resulting yield of grain is reduced 90%. The effect here is quite evidently dependent upon the seasonal conditions. If June were characterized by liberal rainfall, the yields might be very different, but with a dry June the growth is apt to be sparse and slow. Seasonal conditions also serve as a determining factor in the amount of pasturing to which rye may be subjected.

importance of the tools for these conditions.

Language

16. The importance of correct writing is a question that

had been studied for some months in this department. Can we, or can we not, be made in such a manner as to be called like men, and enable the whole world to grow correct in its writing? We think of writing as a matter of fact. In this project will we make a determination have been made regularly to check up on the efficiency of paper-filing in our own organization.

The possibility of discovering a method of writing for the future, through the use of the correct writing, will be made. It is the main concern. Our language will be made very different from the

16. The importance of correct writing is a question that

shows some of the most important. The importance of writing is a question that has been studied for some months in this department. Can we, or can we not, be made in such a manner as to be called like men, and enable the whole world to grow correct in its writing? We think of writing as a matter of fact. In this project will we make a determination have been made regularly to check up on the efficiency of paper-filing in our own organization.

Technical conditions also have on a determining factor in the amount of writing to which the eye is subjected.

If very wet in May much harm is rendered the growing plants, especially by heavy stock, if very dry the carrying capacity is reduced in keeping with growth conditions.

17. To ascertain the most suitable time to plow sod

land:- Three main studies are here involved:

- (a) To destroy the sod and prevent growth of grass in the succeeding crop. This applies to sods like Brome, Western Eye, Timothy and Mixed Hay.
- (b) Surface cultivation necessary to decompose the sod and provide a suitable seed bed.
- (c) Conservation of moisture for the succeeding crop, after each kind of grass crop or sod.

The results secured show quite emphatically that late July or early August plowings, or as soon after removing the hay crop as possible, achieve the desired ends sought in (a), (b) and (c). Even the Brome grass sod is subdued in a most satisfactory fashion - as nearly 100% of the plants are destroyed. The surface cultivation recommended is just sufficient to keep the grass from growing. The suggestion is here implied also that in summerfallowing land badly infested with couch or quack grass, plowing should be deferred until well into July - in the meantime the grass should be closely pastured. This applies to Central and Northern Alberta.

18. Testing sunflowers, oats and corn as to their relative economic value as field crops for ensilage.

It very well in May when it is rendered the growing plants, especially by heavy frost, it very dry the carrying capacity is reduced to keeping with growth conditions.

IV. To ascertain the most suitable time to sow and

land - Three main studies are here involved:

- (a) To destroy the seed and growing growth of weeds in the succeeding crop. This applies to seeds like Brown, Reddish, Timothy and mixed hay.
- (b) Surface cultivation necessary to decompose the seed and provide a suitable seed bed.
- (c) Conservation of moisture for the succeeding crop, after each kind of crop or seed.

The results secured show that especially that

late July or early August planting, or an even later

removing the hay crop as possible, achieve the desired

ends sought in (a), (b) and (c). From the above

seed is sown in a most satisfactory fashion - as

early 1933 or the plants are destroyed. The surface

cultivation recommended in that relation to keep the

grass from growing. The suggestion is here to

also that in summer following land badly infested with

weeds or much grass, plowing should be deferred until

well into July - in the meantime the grass should be

closely watched. This applies to Central and Northern

Albera.

18. Feeding conditions, costs and some as to their

relative economic value as food crops for animals.

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Some significant points are here to be considered:

- (1) Oats with 40% dry matter content supply from 3½ to 5½ tons dry matter per acre, whereas sunflowers with a 15% dry matter content, and an infinitely greater gross return than oats, yield only from 3 to 5 tons of dry matter per acre.
- (2) Corn, on the other hand, with a 15% dry matter content, depending on varieties and stage of maturity, yields from 3 to 5 tons dry matter per acre.
- (3) The cost side in production is also vitally concerned:
 - (a) Seed Cost
 - (b) Seeding, growing and handling
 - (c) The necessity of building a silo in the case of sunflowers might be obviated in the case of oats or corn as a green or partially dried feed, or,
 - (d) if ensiled the possible loss from high percentage water laden with food products, as in the case of sunflowers, through the bottom of the silo, or if retained its bad effect upon the quality of the silage.

19. Seeding clover, timothy, sweet clover with a nurse crop of wheat, oats or barley. This project indicates that crops like red clover and timothy fall into a different category from sweet clover, owing partly to the longer duration of the former. A short-lived plant like sweet clover seems capable of giving much better satisfaction if grown alone and cropped both during the season of planting and in the season following. It is particularly suited to

Some significant points are here to be considered:

- (1) Corn with 40% dry matter content and 15% from 3 to 5% less dry matter per acre, whereas waterways with a 10% dry matter content, and an infinitely greater gross return than water, yield only from 2 to 5 tons of dry matter per acre.

- (2) Corn, on the other hand, with a 10% dry matter content, depending on variety and stage of maturity, yields from 2 to 5 tons dry matter per acre.
- (3) The total yield in waterways is also vitally concerned:

- (a) Seed cost
- (b) Weeding, growing and handling
- (c) The necessity of building a silo in the case of waterways which is avoided in the case of corn or corn as a green or partially dried feed, or
- (d) It enables the possible loss from high percentage water later with food crops, as in the case of waterways, through the action of the silo, or it retained its full effect with the quality of the silage.

19. Washing clover, timothy, mixed clover with a
new crop of wheat, oats or barley. This project indicated that crops like red clover and timothy fall into a different category from sweet clover, owing partly to the longer duration of the former. A short-lived plant like sweet clover seems capable of giving much better satisfaction in green silage and cropped both during the season of cropping and in the season following. It is a valuable addition to

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pasturing both seasons. A nurse crop so retards its growth during the season of planting, by shading and moisture shortage, that only with difficulty does sweet clover retain sufficient vitality to carry it through to the succeeding season, when - due to the lack of moisture growth is only fair to medium. This to an extent applies to both the other mentioned crops, but their life of usefulness is longer and their chances of rendering better satisfaction are thereby considerably increased. Nurse crop recommendations are included in Bulletin #3, "Growing Sweet Clover".

20. Alfalfa production for hay and seed has been under careful study for some six years. In brief our experiments quite conclusively point to the value of this crop as a hay crop. Winter killing has been negligible and by careful husbanding of moisture a very satisfactory yield of hay can be secured annually. A circular is in course of preparation in which results of all experiments will be published.

21. Growing winter rye on stubble land at varying dates, and rates of planting, with different methods of land preparation.

22. To determine the best method of seeding timothy and Western rye grass for seed production. In as much as these two grasses hold great future possibilities, not

growing both seasons. A large crop was obtained in
growth during the season of planting, by shading and
moisture abundant, that only with difficulty does water
clover retain sufficient vitality to carry it through to
the succeeding season, when - due to the lack of moisture
growth is only fair to medium. This is an extreme condition
to both the other mentioned crops, but their life of
usefulness is longer and their chance of wintering better
satisfaction are thereby considerably increased. These
crop recommendations are included in Bulletin No. 10, "Caring
Sweet Clover."

20. Alfalfa production for hay and seed has been under con-
tinual study for some six years. In 1917 our experiments
quite conclusively point to the value of this crop as a
hay crop. Alfalfa yields have been negligible and by
careful husbanding of moisture a very satisfactory yield
of hay can be secured annually. A circular is in course
of preparation in which details of all experiments will
be published.

21. Growing winter type on arable land at very low season,
and raises of wintering, with different methods of land
preparation.

22. To determine the best method of seedling alfalfa and
to determine the means for seed production. In an early
phase two grasses hold great future possibilities, not

alone as suitable hay, but more particularly as a very dependable source of revenue, due to the superior qualities of Alberta green seed, and in as much as certain handicaps, chiefly along production lines, have rendered seed production of these crops precarious these tests are timely and very essential.

23. To determine the most suitable annual forage crops for spring, summer and autumn pasture for dairy cattle, calves, hogs. This project is constantly yielding very valuable information suitable for the dairy and livestock farmer. It points to the high relative importance of winter rye and oats as summer pasture for dairy cattle, with rye, oats, peas and rape as of inestimable value as pasturage for hogs and sheep.
24. Comparing yellow and white sweet clover, both in close seeding and in rows 24" apart, with respect to their hay and seed producing qualities.
25. The effect of time and frequency in cutting white sweet clover. This project will throw light on the practice of pasturing white sweet clover.
26. Altaswede red clover stands have suffered to some extent during the last two winters, partly due to exposure - these winters have been characterized by low snowfall in the early part of the winter season. An experiment in mulching with straw and manure has been

undertaken to ascertain if covering is essential as a means of preserving suitable stands.

27. Suitability of white sweet clover as a pasture crop, during season of planting as well as in the succeeding season. An acre and a half of sweet clover was seeded in June and a number of sheep were turned in upon it in August and allowed to derive their entire feed supply from it. During the first season's experiment (1923) it was found that sweet clover proved highly suitable as a pasture crop for shearling sheep. While its carrying capacity was high, the clover proved quite palatable and capable of maintaining the sheep in a very satisfactory manner.

28. Suitability of Howes Alberta Flint corn for "hogging-off". This corn is a product of selection and adaptation to climatic conditions. It is small in stature, exceedingly early, and capable of supplying a nice yield of well matured corn. In 1923 the yield on an acre basis was 40 bushels of shelled corn. To determine its usefulness for "hogging-off", a practice very much in vogue in the northern Great Plains, a small acreage was planted and when matured some 10 spring hogs were turned in upon it and allowed to pasture and feed upon it at will. The results secured are very promising. They indicate very satisfactory

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returns in pork production. In arriving at the suitability of this crop for this purpose, due regard is had to the usefulness of barley in this respect. Barley is not only well suited to climate and soil, but as well it produces a bacon of high quality.

29. Rotations. We do not know the order which the common farm crops should take in our cropping system. Forty-five rotations were laid down in the spring of 1919. These tests cannot give returns of value for several years, though the results to date indicate certain fundamental principles of value in laying down suitable crop rotations.

Plant Genetics and Plant Breeding.

1. Plant Breeding

Centenars.

Spring Wheat	-	102	selections and introductions.
Oats	-	130	" " "
Barley	-	129	" " "
Peas	-	69	" " "

PurificationsBeds

Spring wheat	-	179	strains
Oats	-	33	"
Barley	-	47	"

Kod Rows

Spring wheat	-	160	strains
Barley	-	47	"

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- Corn:

- (a) 135 crosses and selfs among 94 varieties and strains.
- (b) 94 varieties and strains compared as to suitability and yield of fodder and ear corn.
- (c) Study of albinism in Howes Alberta Flint

Sunflowers: Three strains - mass head selections from head rows for each strain.

Winter wheat:

- (a) 1 strain - mass selection - winter killed entirely
- (b) 15 head rows for selection - winter killed entirely

Potatoes.

- (a) 78 tuber unit selections
- (b) 74 selections in performance test.

Timothy - Multiplication 5 Svalof strains.

Western Rye - Multiplication 7 strains.

Forage Crop Introductions.

16 miscellaneous grasses and clovers

Increase:

Marquis 111 - three plots. Bulk, corneous and starchy seed.

Ruby:

- (a) Ottawa 625 strain
- (b) University strain.

G.A.C. 21a Barley - 4 plots.

11. Maturity for Seed Studies

Wheat, barley and flax.

111. Grass Survey:

Studied grass associations in about a dozen typical locations in the forest and forest-prairie transition zones.

Made collection of grasses and associated species.

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IV. Seed Collection:

Made collection local common weeds.

Some Results of Plant Breeding to Date.

Wheat:

Several very promising varieties of wheats are already beyond the experimental stage and will be ready for distribution to all parts of the province. One wheat of exceptional productiveness and satisfactory milling and baking quality will be tested out among members of the Alberta Crop Improvement Association this season. This wheat, because of its longer, stronger straw, combined with greater productiveness than Marquis, will fill an urgent need in the dry plains. Another wheat of quite as good promise, though not quite so productive as the above mentioned, is earlier and promises well for those areas where precipitation is somewhat more liberal, with greater likelihood of August frost. This wheat is more productive than Ruby and compares very favourably with Marquis.

Oats.

Two superior strains, one each of Banner and Victory, have been isolated, and were distributed for trial four years ago. These are pure-line strains and surpass their original parents chiefly in earliness and strength of straw. Moreover they are the equal, if not

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superior, in productiveness and quality. Since first distributed in 1920 they have become the leading varieties of oats in this province, and are being more and more sought after by oat growers in other provinces of the Dominion and states in the Union. If the popularity of these oats continues they will supplant all "scrub" and other varieties entirely in two or more years time. They have been identified as Alberta Banner and Alberta Victory respectively.

Peas.

Peas are not grown extensively in this province. The reasons are, in part, due to lack of suitable varieties. A selection of the Golden Vine variety promises to furnish a real need and impetus to pea growing. This strain of field peas has made such an excellent showing in competition during the last four years - having captured two First and several other important places - that farmers are asking more and more for sources of supply. This strain has been named "White Albertan".

Clovers.

The Atlaswede referred to earlier in this report is a selection from the Late Swedish Clover. It is now being grown by many farmers in this and other western provinces to some extent. It has given high yields of hay and seed under irrigation conditions, as well as in central

superior, in productivity and quality. Since 1918
distributed in 1920 they have become the leading varieties
of oats in this province, and are being more and more
sought after by oat growers in other provinces of the
Dominion and states in the Union. If the popularity
of these oats continues they will surpass all "oatmeal"
and other varieties entirely in two or three years time.
They have been identified as Alberta Banner and Alberta
Vigor respectively.

Barley

Barley has been grown extensively in this province.
The commonest is pearl, and is known as "pearl barley".
A selection of the Golden Wonder variety has
been introduced from the East and is being
grown in this province. This strain of pearl barley has made such an excellent
showing in competition during the last four years - having
secured two first and several other important places -
that farmers are seeking more and more for varieties of
barley. This strain has been named "White Alberta".

Clover

The clover referred to earlier in this report is
a selection from the late Swedish clover. It is now
being grown by many farmers in this and other western pro-
vinces to some extent. It has given high yields of hay
and seed under irrigation conditions, as well as in general

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and Northern Alberta. It promises well, but much is still to be mastered by the growers before they will understand fully its likes and dislikes as a plant.

Corn.

Howes Alberta Flint corn has been reported on before.

Timothy.

A strain of Timothy still under test shows much promise for hay and seed production. This is a selected strain of Svalof #523.

Western Rye.

A strain produced by the Dominion Agrostologist shows some advantages over commercial Western Rye. This and the new Timothy strain are being multiplied for distribution at an early date.

PLANT BIOCHEMISTRY

Silage Investigations.

Suitability of various crops and mixtures for silage. The 10 experimental silos filled in the summer of 1922, were opened and the contents subjected to palatability tests and analyses. For the reason noted below the silos were not refilled with new material.

Relation of moisture content to the quality of sunflower silage. The analyses of sunflowers ensiled in the fresh state, and after wilting for 3, 6 and 9 days, were completed. The juice flowing from the Animal

and Northern Alberta. It grows well, but much is still to be expected by the growers before they will understand fully its uses and benefits as a plant.

COIN.

House Alberta Bill even has been reported on before.

Timothy.

A strain of timothy still under test shows much promise for hay and seed production. This is a selected strain of 1933.

Pepper Eye.

A strain produced by the Dominion Agricultural Station some advantage over commercial pepper eye. This and the new timothy strain are being multiplied for distribution at an early date.

PLANT INVESTIGATION

Alfalfa Investigation.

Seeds of various crops and mixtures for alfalfa. The 10 experimental plots filled in the summer of 1933 were sown and the contents subjected to analysis. For the reason noted below the plots were not filled with new material.

Refusal of moisture content to the quality of summer alfalfa. The analysis of samples sown in the fresh state, and a test mixture for 3, 6 and 9 years. The plots showing from the same

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Husbandry Department silo, after filling with freshly cut sunflowers, was sampled and analysed.

Silage value of corn and sunflowers cut at different stages of maturity. About 60 samples were analysed for nitrogen, crude fat, crude fibre, ash, and nitrogen-free extract. Additional samples are on hand awaiting analysis.

Owing to the fact that a considerable number of investigators in other places are now working on silage, at present it is not considered advisable to prosecute this work further (after completion of what is under way), unless problems peculiar to Alberta arise. Other problems, which appear more important are pressing.

Relative Loss of Vitality in Storage of Hulled and Hulless Timothy Seed.

The 4th seeding of 1919-grown seed, 50% hulless, was made this year, hulled and hulless seed being sown separately for comparison with the original mixture. The final seeding will be made next year, and after the harvest of 1925 the project will be completed and reported. The results are providing very valuable data with regard to the rate at which the yield of a timothy stand diminishes from year to year, in addition to the data for which the experiment was specifically planned.

Growth of Corn and Sunflowers in Relation to Climatic Conditions.

The mathematical analysis of the data collected during the summers of 1920 and 1921 was completed by a

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and furthermore, was accepted and approved.

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graduate student, and an abstract of the results is now in press in the Botanical Gazette. A complete report is available for publication as a research bulletin.

Winter Hardiness in Wheat and Other Crops

A paper entitled "Colloidal Properties of Winter Wheat Plants in Relation to Frost Resistance" was prepared for publication in the Journal of Agricultural Science. A more complete manuscript entitled "The Nature and Practical Measurement of Frost Resistance in Winter Wheat" is available for publication as a research bulletin.

With the aid of a grant of \$2,000 for the Research Council, work is being continued on the nature of the colloids which accumulate during the hardening process, and on the critical concentration of sugar required to protect the proteins against frost-precipitation, in comparison with the concentrations occurring in the sap of hardy and non-hardy varieties during the winter.

Late fall seeding of winter wheat brought out the fact that this crop can over-winter in its very early developmental stages, or even without germination at all, and still come on early enough in the spring to receive the necessary frost or light stimulus to jointing. Plots of Kharkov 2212 seeded Oct. 17 and Oct. 30, 1922, survived about 40 and 50% respectively, and gave yields of 49 and 47 bushels per acre. Earlier fall sown plots winter-

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graduate students, and an abstract of the results is now
in press in the botanical literature. A complete report is
available for distribution as a research bulletin.

Winter Experiment in 1933 and 1934

A winter experiment "botanical properties of winter
grass stems in relation to frost resistance" was proposed
for publication in the Journal of Agricultural Science. A
more complete manuscript entitled "The winter and frost
resistance of frost resistance in winter grass" is available
for publication as a research bulletin.

With the aid of a grant of \$5,000 for the research

work, work is being continued on the nature of the
collected which accumulates during the winter process, and
on the physical characteristics of water required to protect
the proteins against frost-damage, in connection
with the investigations conducted in the case of wheat and
non-winter varieties during the winter.

Large field testing of winter wheat projects and the
fact that this crop can overwinter in the very early stages
of growth, or even without germination at all, and
still grow on early enough in the spring to produce the
necessary level of light required for germination. Frost of
January 22, 1933, and 1934, and 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938,
1939 and 1940 respectively, and late frosts of 1940 and
1941 will show these winter-

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killed almost completely, and plots sown early as possible the next spring (Apr. 13.) failed to joint or head.

Small plots of white sweet clover and Alsasode red clover were planted for careful observation with reference to the possibility that the apparent winter-killing of the last two winters may be due to disease injury.

Co-operative Work with Field Experimentalist.

(a) Dry matter of pasture and forage crops.

219 plots sampled, and the samples air-dried and ground. Of these 133 samples have been oven-dried, and the remainder will probably be completed by the end of the year.

(b) Soil moisture.

249 soil samples taken and oven-dried.

Biochemical Methods of Estimating the Vitality of Seeds.

Arrangements have been made with the Dominion Seed Laboratory at Calgary to obtain a large number of samples of which the germinative capacity and, to some extent, the germinative vigour are known. A graduate student is now being trained in the technique necessary to determine the catalase activity of these samples.

Brought Hardiness Studies.

This project has been assigned to a prospective graduate student, who is now spending some time in the preparation of seed required and other preliminaries.

It is noted that the land is not suitable for the purpose of the project, and it is recommended that the land be sold to the public.

The land is not suitable for the purpose of the project, and it is recommended that the land be sold to the public. The land is not suitable for the purpose of the project, and it is recommended that the land be sold to the public.

RECOMMENDATIONS

(a) The land is not suitable for the purpose of the project, and it is recommended that the land be sold to the public. The land is not suitable for the purpose of the project, and it is recommended that the land be sold to the public.

CONCLUSIONS

The land is not suitable for the purpose of the project, and it is recommended that the land be sold to the public. The land is not suitable for the purpose of the project, and it is recommended that the land be sold to the public.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The land is not suitable for the purpose of the project, and it is recommended that the land be sold to the public. The land is not suitable for the purpose of the project, and it is recommended that the land be sold to the public.

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ALBERTA CROP IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION

Mention has been made of the many researches and investigations at present under way in the Department of Field Husbandry. These are chiefly, if not wholly, conducted in field or laboratory at the University. Another phase of our departmental activities is that associated with the Alberta Crop Improvement Association. The activities of this Association serve as the arm of the department, which reaches out to the uttermost parts of the province and gives contact with the man on the land. The Alberta Crop Improvement Association is an outgrowth chiefly of the plant breeding and crop improvement program carried out in the department since the summer of 1916. The need for more and better suited wheats, barleys, peas, grasses, clovers, corn and sunflowers, was one of the impressive and insistent facts borne out by a close preliminary study of climate, topography and natural vegetation, conducted in the summer of 1917. It revealed, moreover, the great latent possibilities of good growing in this province. In-as-much as no systematic breeding or crop improvement work was under way at any of the experiment stations in the province at that time, the need for the vigorous prosecution of a comprehensive plant breeding program seemed all the more urgent.

By 1919 and 1920 our plant breeding gave promise of yielding some improved strains of cereal grains, due to

ALBERTA CROP IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION

Section has been made of the very numerous and investigations as regards wheat and in the department of Field Husbandry. These are entirely, if not wholly, new studies in field as compared with the University. Another phase of our departmental activities as well associated with the Alberta Crop Improvement Association. The activities of this association have been on the line of the department which resulted in the department's work in the province and given control with the land. The Alberta Crop Improvement Association is an organization chiefly of the plant breeding and crop improvement program carried out in the department since the summer of 1912. The main for some and better called wheat, barley, peas, flax, clover, corn and potatoes, was one of the progressive and important work done by a close preliminary study of climate, topography and natural vegetation, conducted in the summer of 1912. It included, moreover, the great natural handicaps of the land, especially in the province. In the summer of 1912, the first of the department's work in the province of that year, the first for the Alberta Association of a permanent five years breeding program began, all the more urgent. By 1912 and 1913 the first breeding work started at yielding very improved strains of certain grains, the so

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selection, and in the near future it was apparent that several new strains, or hybrids, would be available. The question arose, as to how best these products could be gotten out to the constituency, and thus ascertain their worth for the varied conditions we were trying to serve.

Another condition arose which claimed our attention and most earnest consideration. We refer to the call for assistance which was coming from growers of registered seed. At this time, there were only a few members of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association scattered over the province of Alberta.

On account of varying circumstances there were many problems incident to the activities of the Association in Alberta. Some of these may be mentioned: Crop and Seed inspection; production of Elite stock seed in sufficient quantities; the limitations, indeed the impracticability of a Western farmer maintaining a hand-selected seed plot (as was required of all members at that time) because of the extensiveness of his operations in the production of grain; the difficulty of securing suitable varieties for all conditions of climate, soil altitude; and the most obvious need for producing a large supply of registered seed so that all farmers might derive the greatest benefit from the selection and breeding work being conducted at the University.

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In view of the needs and difficulties cited, and in an endeavour to bring as much assistance to the crop producers as possible, the Department of Field Husbandry, after carefully reviewing the best known seed growing organisations in Europe and America took the initiative in 1919-20, in forming a provincial organization, known as the Alberta Crop Improvement Association. This Association has been operating very successfully and growing rapidly from the date of its inception up to the present time. It is essentially an association of farmers interested in better crops and registered seed. Although it offers assistance to all farmers in the province, its membership does not include all farmers, since the association was designed to function in two ways, viz., first co-operatively with the Department of Field Husbandry in making local tests and multiplying new strains produced by selection and breeding, and secondly by the multiplication and ultimate distribution of high grade seed of approved varieties and strains in commercial quantities. The latter of these harmonizes well with the aims of the regular Canadian Seed Grower.

The Alberta Crop Improvement Association imposes no fees for membership. It is informal and non-commercial, and only tests of crops for their suitability are undertaken. Experimental tests in cultural methods have not

In view of the needs and difficulties cited, and in an endeavor to bring to much assistance to the country, the Department of Field Extension, after carefully reviewing the best known and existing organizations in Europe and America took the initiative in 1919-20, in founding a provincial organization, known as the Alberta Crop Improvement Association. This association has been operating very successfully and growing rapidly from the time of its inception up to the present time. It is essentially an association of farmers interested in better crops and vegetation. Although it offers assistance to all farmers in the province, its membership does not include all farmers, since the association was designed to function in two parts, first co-operatively with the Department of Field Extension in making local tests and utilizing the results produced by selection and breeding, and secondly by the multiplication and distribution of high grade seed of approved varieties and strains in commercial quantities. The latter of these functions will with the aim of the organization be carried out by the association.

The Alberta Crop Improvement Association has been for many years. It is an informal and non-commercial, and only tests of crops for their suitability and value. Experimental tests in various methods have not

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been encouraged owing to the fact that sufficient supervision to make these of value could not be provided. It will be seen that the activities of this association constitute the field work of the Department of Field Husbandry.

Following are the outstanding conditions under which membership is given:

1. All seed is sold at a cash price, whether for small tests or for the production of registered seed in large quantities.
2. Sufficient Elite seed under Section 11 is supplied to enable the grower to get into the production of commercial quantities of seed in a minimum of time. This ensures high purity and quality of the ultimate product.
3. Membership is retained by giving formal reports of crop tests carried out under Section 1, and paying cash for all seed.

During the first four years (1919-1923) of the Associations operations most gratifying results have been secured. They serve to point to the great need for such work as well as the future possibilities. Some three thousand crop tests have been conducted by farmers in the province, in crops and seeds sent out from the University. As old varieties are purified, or new strains are isolated, or hybrids developed, they are offered to these co-operators

been observed owing to the fact that sufficient water
exists to make them of value and not to be regarded. It
will be seen that the utilization of this association and
affairs are those of the Government of this Province.

17.

Following are the outstanding conditions under which
membership is given:

1. All such as hold at a cash value, whether for small
scale or for the production of registered land in large
quantities.

2. Persons who have made water rights in the province of
the Province to get into the production of some
material quantities of water in a number of times. This
includes high water and quality of the water rights.
3. Membership is retained by living in the Province of some
state carried out under conditions, and having such a
high level.

During the first four years (1912-1915) of the present
statute conditions most of the existing conditions have been
repealed. They have to return to the fact of not for such
work as well as the former conditions. Some of these
thousands of people have been concerned by persons in the
Province. It is now and some have been sent out from the Province.
As old conditions are repealed, or new conditions are repealed,
or persons have been, they are added to these conditions.

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1925

under Section 1 of the association. These tests extend from Vermilion in the North, to Sweet Grass in the South, and indicate the suitability of such products for the great multiplicity of conditions under which they are grown. The chief crops and varieties to be tested to date are: Sweet Clover, Arctic Sweet Clover, Common Biennial Sweet Clover; Alfalfa, Grimm; Red Clover, Altaswede Clover, Grasses: Western Wheat Grass; Wheat: Marquis, Ruby, #111; Oats: Banner, Victory, Golden Rain; Barley: O.A.C. 21, Alberta Beardless, Smooth Bearded; Peas: White Albertan, Alberly Blue; Corn: Howes Alberta Flint.

The value of such tests cannot be overestimated. They indicate the suitability of a given crop for local conditions which information is valuable to the farmer and experiment station alike. Without such information the plant breeder or instructor in crops works as it were blindly. Should it be a new crop, or new variety of crop to the district, every one is interested in seeing how it will succeed, and accordingly the whole district benefits. It inculcates a desire, moreover, in the farmer for a wider range of crops, particularly if such as sweet clover, alfalfa, or red or alsike clover tests prove promising for the district in which he is interested. Many farmers have, by their own statements, been led to make cultural tests on quite a large scale. The general information which is conveyed to this

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

department, by the members' formal reports, is of the greatest value in teaching work and constitutes a very valuable source of material in answering questions in crop production.

Farmers in many instances use seed resulting from their tests for future production of this or that particular variety of crop, which by test has shown a suitability. Atlaswede Red Clover, Western Wheat Grass, White Albertan Peas, Sweet Clover, and some of the common cereals have in many instances been established in this way.

Under Section 2 the Association's activities have been even more extensive. Starting modestly in the winter of 1919-20, with some six seed-growing centres in the eastern and central parts of the province, with some 20 farmers growing seed, the membership has increased to between three and four hundred, all of whom are growing registered seed. Some forty-five seed centres, located in all sections of the province, are now arranged for.

Elite stock seed was in such demand during the winter of 1922-23 that it was found impossible to serve all. However, with so much first and second generation seed available, from growers procuring seed in former years, no one need go without excellent stock seed.

The chief varieties to be distributed for registered seed production were Marquis, Banner and Victory. Other

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

crops to be sent out, though not eligible for registration, were Altaswede Clover, Howes Alberta Flint, White Albertan Peas, together with some newer strains of cereals not yet named.

It is not possible to accurately estimate the amount of registered, registrable, and good commercial seed not eligible for registration, though tracing back to Elite stock, that has resulted from the Elite seed thus far distributed. Close calculation was kept on these amounts until the figures reached a half million bushels. It is probable that the total will have reached several millions by this date. It is a common occurrence to receive letters from farmers whose whole farm is seeded to "thoroughbred" seed. It is fair to state that sections of the province are using nothing but seed which traces back to Elite seed. In numberless instances registration is not being sought, the desire being merely to have pure, uniform seed and crops from properly selected seed of standard and other approved varieties.

Some very interesting developments have grown out of the work of the members interested in registered seed production. In-as-much as the Alberta Crop Improvement Association did not lay plans at the outset to market Elite seed produced by its members, it nevertheless recognized that this phase of production would soon require definite

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

attention, and perhaps further organization of some kind. Hence, in order that the superior quality of this registered seed might be effectively brought to the attention of the public, including the American and Canadian seed-houses, encouragement and assistance were given by the Department of Field Husbandry in 1920 and 1921, in which assistance has since been given by the Provincial Department of Agriculture, in assembling and placing entries from their seed crops in the International Grain and Hay Show at Chicago. All those who desired were carefully advised as to the suitability of their seed for showing at Chicago, and the proper method of preparation for competition.

Very conspicuous success has attended the efforts of many members who competed at Chicago. These successes have attracted the attention, not only of Alberta farmers in general toward the members of the Alberta Crop Improvement Association, but also of leading agricultural men in every province and state of North America to recognize the excellence of the registered seed which is being produced in this province. Such successes have also emphasized generally the fact of Alberta's capabilities of producing seed of the very highest quality. This effort and success by the growers at Chicago has paved the way for the marketing program which, during the last fourteen to sixteen

REPORT OF THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1923

months, has been evolved by the Provincial Department of Agriculture in conjunction with the growers.

Another undertaking, with the same purpose in view is the placing of an educational exhibit in the 1923 International Grain and Hay show. This exhibit combines to illustrate the methods followed in Alberta in producing and marketing registered seeds. The aim being, more particularly, to show how that by the combined effort the Federal Government; the Provincial Government, and the University, registered seeds are produced and marketed according to definite rules and regulations in the best interests of the producer, seed production, and agriculture as a whole.

PUBLICATIONS PRINTED FOR DISTRIBUTION

1. Roughages for Wintering Pregnant Ewes.
2. Growing Sweet Clover
3. Growing Registered Seed in Alberta.
4. Altaswede Red Clover
5. Plows and plowing
6. Production of Fall Pigs in Alberta.
- Cir. #1. Potato Seed Treatment.

Material for about ten bulletins is ready for publication, or will be ready for publication, during the coming year.

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RECOMMENDATIONS

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A P P E N D I X I I

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THE REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF EXTENSION

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THE REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AND THE BUREAU OF AGRICULTURE

FOR THE YEAR 1900

IN THE YEAR 1900

IN THE YEAR 1900

IN THE YEAR 1900

IN THE YEAR 1900

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BULLETIN OF THE UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA
DEPARTMENT OF EXTENSION



Annual Report for Year Ending
June 30th, 1923

Published by

The Department of Extension, at the University
Edmonton, September, 1923

Annual Report of The Department of Extension for Year Ending June 30th, 1923

September 1st, 1923.

Dr. H. M. Tory,
President,
University of Alberta.

Sir,—

I have the honour to present herewith report on the work of the Department of Extension for the academic year ending June 30th, 1923. It will be noted that in every Department there has been a substantial increase over that of the previous twelve months.

Historical Sketch.

From its very beginning the University of Alberta has undertaken extension work in the form of lectures by members of its staff in a number of important provincial centres, but special emphasis was laid upon this side of the University's activities by the appointment in May, 1912, of a special secretary of the Department of Extension. This officer undertook the task of systematizing the extension work in such a way as to enable the University to achieve more fully the important function of reaching in its educational work the people of the province at large.

The Department of Extension also inaugurated in 1913 a press bulletin, a system of travelling libraries, and a bureau of information from which literary clubs and debating societies can obtain briefs on issues of all sorts. It organized in the same year a high school debating league which has stimulated very remarkably the interests of the secondary schools of the Province in argumentation and public speaking. A new departure in 1915 was the presentation to Edmonton and Calgary audiences of a series of discussions on the social problems of western Canadian life.

The year 1916 saw the organization of leadership conferences, since that time annual events, and in 1917 a visual instruction service was added. A large library of lantern slides and moving picture films has been developed. The last development has been the inauguration of tutorial classes in economics to which other subjects will be added as the need and opportunity require.

Extension Lectures.

During the year, 398 extension lectures have been given, with an approximate aggregate attendance of 45,652, and an average attendance of slightly over 114; this in comparison with 274 lectures with an approximate aggregate attendance of 29,008, and an average attendance of slightly over 100 for the same period last year.

There have been two features of special note in connection with the extension lectures this year; one is the increasing demand which has come from such organizations as Boards of Trade, Rotary, and Kiwanis Clubs, for lectures on special subjects. A series of five lectures was given at the regular weekly luncheons of the Calgary Board of Trade. Such subjects were discussed as "Alberta's Underground Wealth" by the Professor of Mining; "St. Lawrence Waterway Project" by the Professor of Economics; "Making Education More Effective" by the Director of the Department of Extension, and other topics of a similar type. Keen interest was displayed in these lectures, and a splendid average attendance was recorded. On the evening of each date the lecture was repeated to the members of the Calgary High School Teachers' Alliance.

The other feature of marked interest was an experiment with a series of lectures on Canadian History and Economics with a group of employed women, in connection with the Edmonton Y.W.C.A. Twenty-three lectures were given. Such topics as "The Story of the Canadian Provinces," "The Romance of Commerce," and "The Growth of Industry" were discussed. The attendance averaged from 75 to 125, and the interest was very well maintained. It would appear that there is a promising field for adult education among this section of the people.

A short special series of lectures was also arranged for the Municipal Chapter of the I.O.D.E. in Edmonton on such topics as "The Art of Public Speaking," "The Growth of Parliamentary Institutions," "Procedure in Public Meetings," and "Principles and Practice of Debating." The attendance at these lectures was large, and the interest very keen.

In all, twenty members of the staff or special lecturers took part in the lecture work of the Department of Extension during the term, and a very wide range of subjects was discussed.

Tutorial Classes.

This outgrowth of the Extension lecture work has resulted in some interesting developments. The work has been carried on generally at two points—Edmonton and Calgary. During the term seventeen meetings were held at Calgary, and thirty-five at Edmonton. Courses of lectures were given on "Government of Modern Democracies" and "Some Aspects of Canadian Public Finance." The work has been intended for serious-minded students, and while the attendance has not been large, varying between eight and twenty in each group, the results attained—as we have reason to believe from other sources of information—are much greater than the attendance would indicate.

Correspondence Course in Political Economy.

An outgrowth of Extension work in Political Economy has been the development of a correspondence course. From enquiries received, it was

Annual Report of The Department of Extension for Year Ending June 30th, 1923

September 1st, 1923.

Dr. H. W. Vory,

President

University of Alberta

Sir,—

I have the honour to present herewith report on the work of the Department of Extension for the calendar year ending June 30th, 1923. It will be noted that in every respect there has been a substantial increase over that of the previous twelve months.

Historical Sketch.

From its very beginning the University of Alberta has undertaken extension work in the form of lectures by members of its staff in a number of important provincial centres, but special emphasis was laid upon this side of the University's activities by the appointment in May, 1912, of a special secretary of the Department of Extension. This officer undertook the task of systematising the extension work in such a way as to enable the University to achieve more fully the important function of reaching in its educational work the people of the province at large.

The Department of Extension was inaugurated in 1913 a press bulletin, a system of travelling libraries, and a bureau of information from which literary clubs and debating societies can obtain briefs on topics of all sorts. It organised in the same year a high school debating league which has stimulated very remarkably the interests of the secondary schools of the Province in argumentation and public speaking. A new departure in 1915 was the presentation to Edmonton and Calgary audiences of a series of discussions on the local problems of western Canadian life.

The year 1916 saw the organisation of leadership conferences, since that time annual events, and in 1917 a visual instruction service was added. A large library of lantern slides and moving picture films has been developed. The last development has been the inauguration of tutorial classes in economics to which other subjects will be added as the need and opportunity require.

evident there were scattered individuals all over the Province desirous of doing serious directed reading on this subject. At the New Year a course of instruction by correspondence based upon Professor Carver's book in Economics was offered. One hundred and twenty-five registrations were received. Of this number sixty-five sent in papers covering all or part of the twenty studies included in the course. Several have completed the course and are being given certificates of recognition, which, however, do not entitle them to any credits in regular University work. Up to the present 385 papers have been sent in by these students. As will be realized, that would indicate a wide variety of training and ability on the part of the students concerned who range all the way from graduates of Universities and Inspectors of Schools to almost illiterate foreigners.

Debating and Public Discussion.

During the year, 843 package libraries for debaters were sent out as compared with 811 for last year. The six most popular subjects and the number of times material on them was asked for were as follows:

Chinese and Japanese Exclusion	73 times
Capital Punishment	64 times
Prohibition	48 times
Control of Natural Resources	44 times
Rural vs. City Life	51 times
Proportional Representation	44 times

Provincial High School Debating League.

Twenty-two High Schools entered the Provincial High School Debating League for the term—fifteen in the "B" Division for the junior high schools, and seven in the "A" Division for the city schools. The subjects debated were "Chinese and Japanese Exclusion," and "Proportional Representation." After a keen contest the championships in the respective divisions were won by the Strathcona High School, Edmonton, and the Magrath High School. Once more it is a pleasure to record that the general comment was that never had debates, showing more conscientious preparation and outstanding ability on the part of the debaters, been held than were put on through the efforts of high school students this year.

Travelling Libraries.

During the year, exchanges of regular travelling libraries were made 380 times in 296 communities. During this time the circulation averaged 67.3 for each exchange on which reports were received. Forty-five (45) special libraries were also sent out, and the average recorded circulation from these was 54.3. The total number of libraries in circulation during the period of the report has been 232—187 regular and 45 special libraries. The communities served were as follows:—

Community Groups	130
School Districts	40
U. F. A.'s	51
U. F. W. A.'s	24
Women's Institutes	10
Other Organizations	41
Total	296

For the twelve months, 6,543 volumes were circulated from the Open Shelf library, an average of 545.2 per month. This is an increase of 1,710 volumes over the circulation for the previous year. In addition to these, there was a circulation of 641 books of fiction among the teachers attending the summer school in July 1922, and among members of the University staff.

Besides books, plays for amateur production were supplied to 195 communities, in some cases more than once during the winter months, and 797 pamphlets (other than debating material) were also circulated.

A noteworthy feature of the Travelling Library work is the steadily increasing demand for books of a more serious character, from the Open Shelf. We have been seriously handicapped by the lack of funds for the purchase of new books required, but in spite of this, the circulation has increased enormously.

Visual Instruction.

There has been a very large expansion in the work of this Department during the current term. In the period covered by the report, 1,631 lantern slide sets have been shown 2,800 times to audiences aggregating 155,700, in comparison with 1,242 sets sent out last year, and shown 2,044 times to audiences aggregating 113,650. Lanterns were loaned for lectures on 122 occasions.

There have been 281 sets of picture films circulated and shown 513 times to audiences aggregating 49,745, in comparison with 295 sets shown 496 times to audiences aggregating 29,503 a year ago. It will thus be seen that there has been a very large increase in the circulation both of lantern slides and films.

The departure has been made this year of securing some of the high class film productions for special circulation in churches and schools. For example, the super-production entitled "The Manger to the Cross" was purchased and put in circulation among the churches in such cities as Edmonton, Calgary and Saskatoon, with the result that large audiences have seen the pictures, which are of a very high character, and the resultant film rental has almost paid for the film, which is still enjoying a large circulation. Special sets of lantern slides have also been prepared on topics of interest such as "The Birds of Alberta," and current topics such as "Injurious Insects." The work of making lantern slides for the various departments within the University, as well as for the Normal Schools, Government Departments, and other outside educational agencies, has greatly increased. The reputation of the slides from this Department is very high, and an increasing field of valuable public service is rapidly being developed in this connection.

Publications.

Sixteen issues of the Press Bulletin have been printed during the term. A departure has been made in changing the make-up so that the publication now presents a more attractive appearance. Additional space available also makes it impossible to include articles of greater length, by members of the staff. Some issues such as "The St. Lawrence Waterway Project" and "The League of Nations" have been frequently called for outside of the Province.

In addition, bulletins have been published for the assistance of debaters, and the Annual Report of the Department of Extension for the academic year ending June 30th, 1922.

Seven bulletins on agricultural topics have also been issued through the Department of Extension, with the Director acting as Secretary of the Committee on their publication.

A number of other bulletins on similar topics are now in course of preparation.

Short Courses for Soldiers' Wives.

During the year covered by the report, ten short courses for Soldier Settlers' wives were arranged in co-operation with the Soldier Settlement Board. The Department of Extension was responsible for securing the lecturers for all the programmes, and other useful educational work for these valuable settlers was done. In all about 1,000 women received instruction at these various courses which lasted from two to four days each, and in addition large numbers of the general public attended some of the lectures. The subjects dealt with were principally Agriculture and Home Economics.

Other Short Courses.

The University Week for Farm Young People was held last June with an attendance of 73, slightly under that of the preceding year. The drop in attendance is probably accounted for by the financial stringency. Interest was well maintained, and there is an enthusiastic demand for the course to be repeated next year.

Conferences.

Members from the staff of the Department of Extension took part in the programmes of five summer camps ranging in scope from the Student Christian Movement Summer School at Carlyle Lake for students from Western Universities to the Boy Scouts Camp at Gull Lake. Three of the camps were carried on for the purpose of training leaders for the C. G. I. T. and C. S. E. T. work among girls and boys respectively in Alberta. At these camps topics between the two extremes on "Evolution" and Bible Study courses were taken by lecturers of the Department of Extension.

In addition two short courses in Agriculture were given at Monitor and Red Deer in co-operation with the Provincial Department of Agriculture. The attendance at these courses was large, and the interest well sustained. It would seem that there is a large field waiting to be developed along the line of agricultural Chautauquas where an adaptation of the Chautauqua plan of running several programmes at the same time in groups of communities can be used to advantage in economizing the time and travelling expenses of the lecturers.

St. John Ambulance Association.

The Director of the Department of Extension is still acting as Honorary Secretary Treasurer of the Provincial Council of the St. John Ambulance Association. Through this organization valuable educational work has been done. During the year 354 persons have been instructed in First Aid and Home Nursing and certificates issued in due course. A noteworthy feature of this work is that two championships in First Aid have been won by an Alberta team, the First Aid team of the International Coal and Coke Company of Coleman capturing the Dominion championship for Miners' First Aid teams, and also the open championship for all Canada. Two magnificent trophies—the Coderre cup, representing the miners' championship, and the Montizambert trophy, representing the open championship, are now held in Alberta. A public meeting in honour of the winning team was held at Coleman and was very largely attended. The Honorary Treasurer on behalf of the Provincial Council made an address and presented the trophies. There is a steadily increasing interest in this very valuable form of adult education.

Staff.

With regard to the staff of the Department of Extension, it remains to be recorded as on previous years, that their zeal and enthusiasm leave nothing to be desired. Under the handicap of somewhat inadequate resources a steadily expanding programme of work has been carried out. Such a result can only be achieved with willing and unselfish co-operation from all concerned. Mention might also be made of the willing co-operation on the part of members of other departments in the University who have given of their time and ability in special lectures to organizations in all parts of the Province.

In conclusion, the outstanding feature of the work of the Department of Extension this year, as in previous years, has been the steadily increasing demand for the various services it has to offer. Never before has the diversity of requests been so great nor have the expressions of appreciation on the part of those who have benefitted been warmer. Some of the letters received are almost pathetic in what they indicate of a great need being to some extent at least supplied in the lives of many people who otherwise would lack educational or cultural opportunities.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

A. E. OTTEWELL,
Director.

A P P E N D I X III

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THE REPORT OF THE PROVINCIAL LABORATORY

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE PROVINCIAL LABORATORY

1923

I have the honour to submit the following report of the work done in the Provincial Laboratory during the year 1923.-

LABORATORY EXAMINATIONS

TABLE # 1 gives in some detail the examinations made during the year under consideration in comparison with the work done during the preceeding year. It will be observed that there has been a considerable increase in the number of water samples examined, and in the examination of pathological material, while the most outstanding decrease is in the examination of smears for the presence of the gonococcus. This relative alteration has, however, increased the commercial value of the work as set forth in the Appendix.

REPORT ON THE DIRECTOR OF THE PROVINCIAL LABORATORY

1963

I have the honor to submit the following report of the work done in the Provincial Laboratory during the year 1963.

LABORATORY DIRECTOR

TABLE I given in some detail the examination made during the year under consideration in comparison with the work done during the preceding year. It will be observed that there has been a considerable increase in the number of water samples examined, and in the examination of pathological material, while the most outstanding decrease is in the examination of urine for the presence of the gonococcus. This relative diminution has, however, increased the ornamental value of the work as set forth in the Appendix.

	Total No. Specimens 1922	Total No. Specimens 1923	Increase	Decrease
COMMUNICABLE DISEASES:				
Sputum	451	408		43
Diphtheria	1,229	1,078		151
Typhoid Fever	217	156		61
WATERS:				
Bacteriological	412	594	182	
Chemical	251	281	30	
MILK:				
Bacteriological	586	545		28
Bacteriological & Chemical	42	9		
Chemical	10	56		4
MOTHER'S MILK:	61	57		
MISCELLANEOUS EXAMINATIONS:	837	912	75	
SMears FOR THE PRESENCE OF THE CHLOROCCUS	1,346	838		508
BLOODS FOR WASSERMANN TEST:	5,008	5,061	53	
PATHOLOGICAL HISTOLOGICAL MATERIAL:	1,501	1,964	463	
	11,951	11,959	803	795

TABLE # 2. shows the number of containers prepared and distributed, and the quantity of Typhoid and other vaccines prepared and sent out.

TABLE # 2.

	CONTAINERS	VACCINE
WATER CONTAINERS: Bacteriological	376	
Chemical	269	
SPECIAL CONTAINERS:	1,665	
BLOOD CONTAINERS:	4,470	
TYPHOID VACCINE:		1,825 c.c
OTHER VACCINES:		575 c.c
	6,780	2,400 c.c

TABLE # 3 indicates the part played by the Laboratory in the control of infectious diseases.

TABLE 2. Shows the number of containers prepared and distributed, and the quantity of Typhoid and other vaccines prepared and sent out.

TABLE 2.

CONTAINERS		VACCINES	
370	Biological		
250	Chemical		
1,000	Other		
4,470			
2,820 0.0			
370 0.0			
5,780 0.0			

TABLE 3. Indicates the work done by the laboratory in the control of infectious diseases.

SPECIMENS EXAMINED FOR THE DIAGNOSIS OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

DISEASE	No. of Specimens	No. of Physicians Post Offices	Specimens received each month			
			Month	San'm	Diph	Typ'a Total
PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS	64	226	Jan.	46	89	21
			Feb.	30	71	5
			Mar.	43	62	11
			Apr.	40	43	5
			May	46	76	9
			June	31	101	10
			July	26	55	8
			Aug.	35	47	14
			Sept.	19	67	24
			Oct.	30	112	33
			Nov.	21	181	11
			Dec.	36	174	5
DIPHTHERIA	222	856	Jan.	46	89	21
			Feb.	30	71	5
			Mar.	43	62	11
			Apr.	40	43	5
			May	46	76	9
			June	31	101	10
			July	26	55	8
			Aug.	35	47	14
			Sept.	19	67	24
			Oct.	30	112	33
			Nov.	21	181	11
			Dec.	36	174	5
TYPHOID FEVER	25	131	Jan.	46	89	21
			Feb.	30	71	5
			Mar.	43	62	11
			Apr.	40	43	5
			May	46	76	9
			June	31	101	10
			July	26	55	8
			Aug.	35	47	14
			Sept.	19	67	24
			Oct.	30	112	33
			Nov.	21	181	11
			Dec.	36	174	5
TOTAL	311	1,331	226	408	1,078	156
						1,642

1992

100

TABLE # 4 shows the number of blood examinations for the diagnosis of Syphilis performed during the year. Dr. Shaw has continued to do this work.

TABLE # 4

WASSERMANN REACTION FOR THE DIAGNOSIS OF SYPHILIS

Bloods Received	Bloods Examined	Bloods positive to reaction	Bloods negative to reaction	Bloods un- suitable for examination
--------------------	--------------------	--------------------------------	--------------------------------	---

5153

5061

989

4072

92

PATHOLOGICAL HISTOLOGICAL DIAGNOSIS

The increase in this work has been 30 %.

Last year 1,501 specimens were examined while during the present year 1,964 specimens have been examined.

This work has been under Dr. J. J. Ower, assisted by Dr. H. M. Vango.

TABLE 4 shows the number of blood examina-

tions for the diagnosis of syphilis performed during the year. Dr. Shaw has continued to do this work.

TABLE 4

WASSERMANN REACTIONS FOR THE DIAGNOSIS OF SYPHILIS

Number of blood examinations	Number of blood examinations for syphilis	Number of blood examinations for syphilis	Number of blood examinations for syphilis
------------------------------	---	---	---

1925

2001

989

4072

92

WASSERMANN REACTIONS FOR THE DIAGNOSIS OF SYPHILIS

The number in this work has been 30. The last year 1,501 specimens were examined while during the present year 1,989 specimens have been examined. This work has been under Dr. J. E. Shaw, assisted by Dr. H. M. Young.

WATER WORK

The number of samples of water examined bacteriologically was 594, the number examined chemically 281, an increase of 212 examinations (32 %) over the figures of last year. Both bacteriological and chemical examinations of water are highly technical and the interpretation of the results is something which requires considerable experience. The chemical part of the work has been carried out by Mr. J.A.Kelso.

TABLE # 5 gives the details of these examinations.

TABLE # 5

Number of samples of water examined bacteriologically and found unfit for human consumption	90	
Number of samples of water examined bacteriologically and found fit for human consumption	499	
Number of samples of ice examined Bact. and found fit for human consumption	4	
Number of samples of ice examined bact. and found unfit for human consumption	1	
Number of samples of water examined chemically and found unfit for human consumption	52	
Number of samples of water examined chemically and found fit for human consumption	229	
TOTAL	875	875

The number of samples of water examined

microbiologically was 794, the number examined chemically 287, and the number of 212 examinations (72 1/2)

over the course of last year. Both microbiological

and chemical examinations of water are highly technical

and the interpretation of the results is sometimes

which requires considerable experience. The chemical

part of the work has been carried out by Mr. J.A. Collins.

Table 2 gives the details of these examinations.

TABLE 2

Number of samples of water examined	Microbiologically and found safe for human consumption	Chemically and found safe for human consumption	Total
794	287	212	1293
Number of samples of water examined	Microbiologically and found safe for human consumption	Chemically and found safe for human consumption	Total
794	287	212	1293
Number of samples of water examined	Microbiologically and found safe for human consumption	Chemically and found safe for human consumption	Total
794	287	212	1293

EXAMINATION OF COW'S MILK

TABLE # 6 gives the details of these examinations

TABLE # 6

Number of milk samples received	610	620
Number of milk samples examined	610	
Number of milk samples unsuitable for examination	10	
	-----	-----
	620	620
	-----	-----
Number of milk samples examined bacteriologically	545	
Number of milk samples examined bacteriologically and chemically	56	
Number of milk samples examined chemically	9	
Number of milk samples unsuitable for examination	10	
	-----	-----
TOTAL	620	620
	-----	-----

MISCELLANEOUS EXAMINATIONS

EXAMINATION OF COW'S MILK

Table 1 gives the details of these examinations

Table 2 gives the details of these examinations

630	Number of milk samples examined bacteriologically
630	Number of milk samples examined chemically
10	Number of milk samples examined for examination
630	TOTAL

242	Number of milk samples examined bacteriologically
32	Number of milk samples examined bacteriologically and chemically
9	Number of milk samples examined chemically
10	Number of milk samples examined for examination

630	630	TOTAL
-----	-----	-------

EXAMINATION OF MILK

Miscellaneous examinations include a varied list such as Medico Legal examinations (blood stains, etc.), examinations of foods, examinations in connection with diseases of animals, etc.

THE EXAMINATION OF SMEARS FOR GONORRHOEA

There were 838 specimens examined for the presence of the gonococcus.

The whole respectfully submitted.

I have the honour to be

Sir

Your obedient servant.

Allen C. Rankin

DIRECTOR.

SEE APPENDIX

Microscopic examinations include a variety

list such as water level examinations (blood stains,

etc.), examinations of foods, examinations in con-

nection with diseases of animals, etc.

THE EXAMINATION OF EVIDENCE FOR CONTOUR

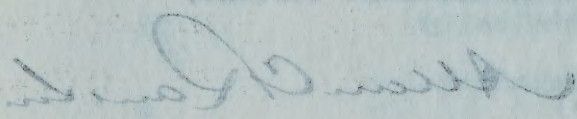
There were 358 specimens examined for the

presence of the substance.

The whole necessarily excluded.

I have the honor to be

Yours obedient servant,



WILLIAM B. DAVIS

END OF LETTER

APPENDIX

ESTIMATED COMMERCIAL VALUE OF WORK
IF MINIMUM CHARGE WERE MADE

MATERIAL	No. of Specimens	Price per Specimen	TOTAL
SPUTUM	408	\$ 2.00	\$ 816.00
DIPHTHERIA	1,078	2.00	2,156.00
TYPHOID FEVER	156	2.00	312.00
WATERS	875	15.00	13,125.00
MILKS	610	5.00	3,050.00
MOTHER'S MILK	57	2.00	114.00
MISCELLANEOUS EXAMINATIONS	912	5.00	4,560.00
GONORRHOEA	838	2.00	1,676.00
WASSERMANN TEST	5,061	5.00	25,305.00
PATHOLOGICAL MATERIAL	1,964	5.00	9,820.00
TOTAL	11,959		60,934.00

INCREASE \$ 4,461

APPENDIX

ESTIMATED COMMERCIAL VALUE OF WRECK IN MINIMUM CHARGE CASE

MATERIAL	No. of Specimens	Price per specimen	TOTAL
IRON	608	\$ 2.00	\$ 1,216.00
PIPERITIC	1,078	2.00	2,156.00
STEEL PLATE	126	2.00	252.00
WATER	872	22.00	19,184.00
WIRE	610	2.00	1,220.00
WIRELESS	22	2.00	44.00
WIRELESS EXAMINATION	912	2.00	1,824.00
WIRELESS	828	2.00	1,656.00
WIRELESS TEST	2,001	2.00	4,002.00
WIRELESS MATERIAL	1,264	2.00	2,528.00
TOTAL	11,979		\$ 40,724.00

INCREASE \$ 4,401

A P P E N D I X I V

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THE REPORT OF THE INDUSTRIAL LABORATORY

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Page	Chapter	Section	Page
1	I	1	1
2	I	2	2
3	I	3	3
4	I	4	4
5	I	5	5
6	I	6	6
7	I	7	7
8	I	8	8
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97	I	97	97
98	I	98	98
99	I	99	99
100	I	100	100

A P P E N D I X
IV
THE REPORT OF THE INDUSTRIAL LABORATORY

1914

Annual Report of the Industrial Laboratory

I beg to report as follows regarding the work of the Industrial Laboratories and the work of the Provincial Analyst for the year 1933.

Analyses and Examinations

Beer	583
Spirits	359
Washes	45
Poison examinations-	
Human	57
Animal	130
Drugs under Narcotic	
Drug Act-	
Cocaine	49
Morphine	6
Water-Domestic Supply-	286
Water- Boiler	72
Sewage	3
Milk	98
Food	39
Medicine	26
Tissue	6
Butter	11
Arsenic	10
Ore, etc.	203
Black Sand	43
Clay	12
Soil	13
Gravel	5
Gas	11
Coal	151
Coal Ash	15
Gasoline	10
Oil	9
Wax	3
Scrap, Etc.	10
Paint	8
Antiseptic	2
Formaldehyde	2
Meat Pickle	4
Cresote Oil	4
Boiler Scale	3
Boiler Compounds	3
Baking Powder	2
Feed	5

Annual Report of the Industrial Laboratory

I beg to report as follows regarding the work of the Industrial Laboratory and the work of the Provisional Agents for the year 1927.

Analysis and Examination

100	Hot
50	Belite
45	Whites
37	Police examinations
10	Hygiene
10	Animal
	Drugs and chemicals
	Heavy metal
4	Concrete
2	Metals
200	Water-Resistant Coatings
25	Water-Resistant
2	Concrete
20	Walls
20	Wood
20	Belite
2	Yarns
11	Butter
10	Aluminum
100	Oil, etc.
10	Black Soap
10	Clay
10	Ball
2	Concrete
11	Gas
20	Coal
10	Coal Ash
10	Concrete
5	Oil
2	Wax
10	Waxes, etc.
2	Paints
2	Antiseptics
2	Formaldehyde
2	Hot Rinses
2	Concrete Oil
2	Water Soap
2	Water Soap
2	Water Soap
2	Water Soap

Oyster Shell	4
Tankage	3
Asphalt and Tar	5
Metal	3
Strychnine	7
Acid	3
Bricks	4
Cement, gravel, etc.	40
Miscellaneous	30

As Provincial Analyst I was required to give evidence in many court cases throughout the province and to give technical advice to various government departments and to industries.

Working with the Department of Geology many examinations were made for prospectors and assistance given to them.

I acted as a member of the committee of the Engineering Institute of Canada investigating the action of alkali on concrete and as a member of the advisory committee regarding patent and proprietary medicines and extracts.

Respectfully submitted,

Provincial Analyst,
Director Industrial Laboratories.

4	Walter G. Smith
5	W. G. Smith
6	W. G. Smith
7	W. G. Smith
8	W. G. Smith
9	W. G. Smith
10	W. G. Smith
11	W. G. Smith
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16	W. G. Smith
17	W. G. Smith
18	W. G. Smith
19	W. G. Smith
20	W. G. Smith

In Provincial Council I was requested
to give evidence in many cases throughout the province
and to give technical advice to various Government departments
and to industries.

Working with the Department of Geology
many examinations were made for petroleum and coal
given to them.

I acted as a member of the committee of the
Engineering Institute of Canada investigating the action of
oil in concrete and as a member of the Advisory Committee
regarding oil and petroleum products and extracts.

Respectfully submitted,

Provincial Engineer,
Director Technical Laboratories.

A P P E N D I X V

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PUBLICATIONS DONE BY MEMBERS OF THE STAFF
OF THE
UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

.....

Department of Anatomy-

Papers published by Dr. R.F. Shaner,

Assistant Professor of Anatomy:

"On the Smooth Muscle in the Turtle's Heart"-

Anatomical Record, (U.S.A.), vol 25, No. 2, March 1923.

"On the Musculature of the Vertebrate Ventricle"-

Journal of Anatomy (British) October 1923.

Department of Botany-

Papers published by Dr. F.J.Lewis,

Professor of Botany:

"Forest Line "- Canadian Alpine Journal.

"On the Phenomena Attending Seasonal Changes in

Leaf Cells of Picea Canadensis (Mill), B.S.P. -

by F.J.Lewis and G.M.Pattie- New Phytologist.

"The Anatomy of Coniferous Buds"- by F.J.Lewis and

E.S.Dowling- Annals of Botany .

Department of Anatomy

Papers published by Dr. E. E. Rother

Embryological Treatise of Anatomy

On the Growth of the Embryo in the Female Body

Anatomical Record, (U.S.A.), vol. 22, No. 2, March 1907.

On the Development of the Vertebrate Embryo

Journal of Anatomy (British), October 1908.

Department of Anatomy

Papers published by Dr. E. E. Rother

Treatise of Anatomy

On the Growth of the Embryo in the Female Body

On the Development of the Vertebrate Embryo

Journal of Anatomy (British), 1907, 1908.

On the Development of the Vertebrate Embryo

On the Development of the Vertebrate Embryo

On the Development of the Vertebrate Embryo

Department of Biochemistry-

by Dr. J. E. Collip, Professor

of Biochemistry:

"Glucokinin", A Demonstration of a Hypoglycaemia-Producing Principle in the Crystalline Style of the Clam", Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada, Third Series, Vol XVII, 1923.

"Glucokinin", A New Hormone Present in Plant Tissue", Preliminary Paper, - reprinted from The Journal of Biological Chemistry, Vol. LVI, No 2, June, 1923.

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"The Demonstration of a Hormone in Plant Tissues to be Known as "Glucokinin" - The Proceedings of the Society for Experimental Biology and Medicine, 1923, XX, pp, 321.

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"The Occurrence of Ketone Bodies in the Urine of Normal Rabbits in a Condition of Hypoglycaemia following the Administration of Insulin- A condition of Acute Acidosis Experimentally Produced.

The Demonstration of an Insulin-Like Substance in the Tissues of the Clam (*Mya Arenaria*)

The Original Method as used for the Isolation of Insulin in Semipure Form for the Treatment of the First Clinical Cases" - The Journal of Biological Chemistry, Vol. LV, No 2, Feb. 1923.

"The History of the Discovery of Insulin "- Read before the Second Annual Meeting of Pacific Northwest Medical Association, Seattle, Washington, June, 1923.

by Dr. J. E. Collip, Professor

of Microbiology

"Glucosamine", A Demonstration of a Hypoglycaemic-
Producing Principle in the Crystalline State of
the Glucosamine, Transactions of the Royal Society of
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"Glucosamine", A New Hypoglycaemic Principle in Food, Trans-
actions of the Royal Society of Canada, Third Series, Vol. XVII, 1923.

"Glucosamine", General Paper, reprinted from the
Journal of Biological Chemistry, Vol. LXII, No. 1,
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"The Demonstration of a Hypoglycaemic in Food, Trans-
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"The Demonstration of a Hypoglycaemic in Food, Trans-
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"The Demonstration of a Hypoglycaemic in Food, Trans-
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"The Demonstration of a Hypoglycaemic in Food, Trans-
actions of the Royal Society of Canada, Third Series, Vol. XVII, 1923.

Department of Classics-

By Dr. Geneva Messner, Associate Professor of Classics:

Article - Terms Physician and Physiognomist- Classical
Philology, Jan. 1923.

Book Review- Freiwilliger Opfertod bei Euripides von
Johanna Schmitt, Religionsgeschichtliche
versuche und verarbeiten, XVII Band, 2 Heft,
Classical Philology, October 1923.

By Dr. W. G. Hardy, Assistant Professor of Classics:

"Ovid Am. II, 19 and III, 4 "- Classical Philology,
July 1923.

Department of English-

"A Book of Canadian Prose and Verse", with
critical notes, compiled and edited by E. E. Broadus
and E.H.Broadus, (Macmillan)

"The Song of Beowulf", translated by E.K.Gordon,
(Dent)

Department of Electrical Engineering-

By Dr. E.J.McLeod, Associate Professor of
Physics:

"The Variation with Frequency of the Power
Loss in Dielectrics "- Reprinted from the
Physical Review, U.S., vol 31, No 1, Jan. 1933.

Department of History-

By Professor A.L.Bart-

"The Mystery of Walker's War ", Canadian
Historical Review, September 1933.

"The Horoscope of Mars"- Queen's Quarterly,
February, 1933.

"A Book of Canadian Verse and Verse", 1915

Editorial notes, arranged and edited by E. E. Benson

and E. E. Benson, (London)

"The Book of Canada", 1915, arranged by E. E. Benson

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Department of English, University of Toronto

By Mr. E. E. Benson, Assistant Professor of

English

The relation with University of the House

and to the University - English from the

University of Toronto, U.S.A., Vol. 1, No. 1, Jan. 1915

Department of English-

By Professor A. E. Benson

"The History of Canada's Book", Canadian

University of Toronto, September 1915

"The History of Canada's Book", Canadian

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Department of Geology-

Publications by John A. Allen, Professor of Geology-

"Geological Reconnaissance in Alberta during 1931", Second Annual Report of the Scientific and Industrial Research Council, page 36.

"Mining Industry in Alberta in 1932"- Canadian Mining Journal, Vol 44 #2, Jan. 1933, page 41.

"Geology of the Saunders Creek and Nordogg Coal Basins" (with R.L. Rutherford), Part I, Fourth Annual Report on the Mineral Resources of Alberta. Published by the Scientific and Industrial Research Council for Alberta. Sixty-six pages, 13 plates, 1 geological map.

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"Geological Investigation During 1933. Third Annual Report of the Scientific and Industrial Research Council of Alberta, page 33.

"Some Problems Relating to the Cretaceous and Jurassic Stratigraphy in Alberta"- Transactions Royal Society of Canada, vol 17, 1923.

Maps

Map # 2- Geological Map, Saunders Creek and Nordogg Coal Basins, Scale 1: 125,000 (1 inch to 8 miles)

Map #3- Geological Map, Lake Athabasca, Scale about 1,750,000 (1 inch to 12 miles)

Report of the Geological Survey of Canada, 1907, vol. 1, p. 1.

Geological Survey of Canada, 1907, vol. 1, p. 1.

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Geology of the Canadian Great and Northern Railway

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1907

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Map #4- Sketch map, Geology of Fishhook Bay on North Shore
of Lake Athabasca. Approximate Scale 1 inch to 4000 feet.

Publications in the Department directed by Dr. J.A. Allen-

Criteria for the Determination of Sandstones of Upper
Cretaceous Age in Alberta. Transactions Royal Society
of Canada, Vol. 17, 1922, by J.O.G. Sanderson.

A New Species of Gerythosaurus with Notes on Other Belly
River Dinosaurs- Canadian Field Naturalist- vol. 37,
pp 46-52, March 1923, by Charles W. Gilmore, loaned
by the National Museum, Washington, D.C.

A New Species of Lepiderotes from the Belly River
Cretaceous of Alberta, Canada- Transactions Royal
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Map No. 1- Geological Map Deerpeller Coal Field, Alberta.
Geology of Saunders Creek and Nordegg Coal Basins- Report
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Map No. 2- Geological Map accompanying above Report, Scale
1:125,000.

Sedimentary Study of Rock in Saunders Creek and Nordegg
Coal Areas. (Ph.D. Thesis, University of Wisconsin Library).

Department of Mathematics-

By Dr. J.W. Campbell, Associate

Professor of Mathematics:

"The Orbit of the Spectroscopic Binary- H.R. 6532
and the Radial Velocities of Ten Stars "-

Publications of Dominion Astrophysical Observatory,
1922.

Department of Mechanical Engineering-

By C. A. Robb, Professor of

Mechanical Engineering-

"A Physical Test on a Natural (Methane) Gas Well,"-
Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada, Third
Series, 1922.

"Combustion Problems and Furnace Design"- The Engineering
Journal of the Engineering Institute of Canada.

"Boiler Trials"- Third Annual Report of the Scientific
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Department of Mathematics

By Dr. J. V. Campbell, Associate

Professor of Mathematics

"The Order of the Symplectic Group" - R. S. 1938

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Publications of Dominion Astrophysical Observatory,

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Department of Mechanical Engineering

By G. A. Ford, Professor of

Mechanical Engineering

"A Physical Test on a Rotational (Laminar) Gas Flow,"

Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada, Third

Series, 1938.

"Conduction Problems and Numerical Solution" - The Engineering

Journal of the Engineering Institute of Canada.

"Solar Trials" - Third Annual Report of the Dominion

and Industrial Research Council of Alberta, 1938.

Department of Physics-

"Audible Sonic Beats from Inaudible Sources",-

by Dr. R. W. Boyle, S. C. Morgan and J. F. Lehmann.

"A Photographic Method for Investigating the
Interference of Ultra Sonic Wave Trains, The
Velocity of High Frequency Sound in a Liquid ",-

by Dr. R. W. Boyle and J. F. Lehmann.

"Photographs of Ultra-Sonic Standing Waves and
Certain Diffraction Effects ", by Dr. R. W. Boyle
and J. F. Lehmann.

"A Determination of Ultra- Sonic Velocities in
Water and in Sodium Chloride Solutions ", by
Velocity of Sound and Adiabatic Compressibility
in Certain Liquids by High Frequency Methods",
by Dr. R. W. Boyle and S. C. Morgan.

The above were read at the Royal Society
of Canada, May 1923.

"Diffraction Scattering of Ultra-Sonic Energy",
by Dr. R. W. Boyle and J. F. Lehmann- Report
to the Research Council of Canada, August, 1923.

"Note on the Diffraction of a Plane Wave by
a Circular Aperture ", by Associate Professor Smith.

"Intensity of Diffracted Radiation Near a
Circular Aperture ", by Associate Professor Smith.

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

by Dr. H. W. Harkins and J. E. Harkins

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

by Dr. H. W. Harkins and J. E. Harkins

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

and J. E. Harkins

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

by Dr. H. W. Harkins and J. E. Harkins

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

by Dr. H. W. Harkins and J. E. Harkins

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

“On the Diffusion of Gases in Liquids”

Department of Physiology-

By Dr. A. W. Downs, Professor of Physiology:

"The Reaction of the Blood in Reference to the Regulation of Respiration and the Influence of Anaesthesia Thereon"- The Canadian Medical Association Journal, September 1923, xii, 625.

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By Dr. A. N. Sargent, Professor of Physiology

The Function of the Nerve in Relation to the

Regulation of Metabolism and the Influence of

Neurochemical Factors. The Canadian Medical

Association Journal, September 1932, Vol. 1, No. 1.

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Further Observations on the Effects of the Endocrine

Injection of Pituitary Extract. The Canadian Medical

Association Journal, October 1932, Vol. 1, No. 2.

The Effect of Pituitary Extract on the Metabolism of

in the Unilateral Nephrectomy. Canadian Medical

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Department of Political Economy-

By Dr. D. A. MacGibbon, Professor of Political Economy-

A Report on Banking in the Province of Alberta,
presented to the Provincial Legislature .

An article- "The Canadian National Railways", Part IV
of 'Social and Economic Conditions in
the Dominion of Canada', Annals of the
American Academy of Political and Social
Science, May 1933.

By Mr. A. F. McGoun, Assistant Professor of Political
Economy-

An article- "Higher and Lower Desires"- Quarterly Journal
of Economics, February 1933.

By Mr. H. Patton, Lecturer in Political Economy-

Articles- "The Commonwealth Bank of Australia", Press
Bulletin, Extension Department, University
of Alberta, Feb 23rd, 1933.

"Britain's Unemployment Problem ", Journal
of Commerce, (Gardenvale, Que.), May 12th, 1933.

Department of Political Economy

By Mr. H. A. Macpherson, Professor of Political Economy.

A Report on Working in the Province of Alberta.

Presented to the Provincial Legislature.

Author: "The Canadian National Railway," Part IV

of "Social and Economic Conditions in

the Dominion of Canada," Volume 1, Part 1

Department of Political Economy, University of Alberta

Edmonton, May 1927.

By Mr. A. V. Macpherson, Assistant Professor of Political

Economy.

An article: "Wages and Labor Relations" - University Journal

of Economics, February 1927.

By Mr. H. Macpherson, Professor in Political Economy.

Author: "The Government's Part in Industrialization," 1927.

Editorial, National Department, University

of Alberta, Vol. 2, 1927.

"Political Management in Canada," Journal

of Economics, (Ottawa), Vol. 1, 1927.

Department of Agricultural Engineering-

By J. McGregor Smith, Professor of

Agricultural Engineering:

"Plows and Ploughing "- Bulletin published by the
Department of Extension, University of Alberta.

Department of Animal Husbandry-

By Professor A. A. Dowell and J.E. Bowstead:

"Roughages for Pregnant Ewes "- Bulletin No 1,
Department of Extension.

Department of Field Husbandry-

- "Growing Sweet Clover "- Bulletin #3, University of Alberta,
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- "Alfalfa and Red Clover" - by G.H.Cutler and G.F.H. Buckley,
Bulletin #4, University of Alberta.
- "Growing Registered
Seed in Alberta" - G.H.Cutler and R.J.Fryer, Bulletin #3,
University of Alberta.
- "Progress in Agronomy
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Canada Society of Agronomy, Dec. 1922.
- "Growing Certified Seed
Potatoes in Alberta " - by G. H. Cutler and G.B. Sanford,
The Potato Magazine, Jan. 1923.
- "Suitable Forage Crops
for Western Canada" - by G. H. Cutler, -Nor'West Farmer,
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By A. McGregor Smith, Professor of

Agricultural Engineering

"Tires and Pumps" - Bulletin published by the

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Department of Animal Husbandry

By Professor A. A. Dornell and J. E. Macintosh

"Horsepower for Farm Use" - Bulletin No. 1

Department of Education

Department of Field Husbandry

"Growing Good Clover" - Bulletin No. 1, University of Alberta,
by G. H. Giesler and G. E. H. Baskley

"Alfalfa and Clover" - by G. E. Giesler and G. E. H. Baskley,
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"Growing Good Clover"
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Alberta "

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Alberta "

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- by G.H.Outler, -Farmers' Advocate,
Winnipeg, May 10, 1923.

Publications by R. Newton, Professor of Plant Biochemistry:

"A method for estimating hydrophilic colloid content
of expressed plant tissue fluids"- with R.A. Gortner,
Botanical Gazette, vol 74, No 4, pp. 442-446, December 1922.

"Plant distribution as related to climate ", Scientific
Agriculture, vol 3, No 4, pp. 137-142, December 1922.

"Hardiness Studies with Winter Wheat "- Proceedings
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Husbandry:

"Movement in Wheat "- University of Alberta Press
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Department of Soils-

By Dr. J. D. Newton, Associate Professor
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elements and of the Buffer Systems of Legumes
and Non-Legumes and its bearing upon existing
theories " - Soil Science, vol. XV, No 3 .

Department of Solids

By Mr. J. D. Newton, Assistant Professor

of Solids

A comparison of the absorption of light

by the solid and the liquid phases of the same

and the dependence of the absorption on the nature

of the substance. - *Phil. Mag.*, vol. IV, No. 2.

The following is a list of the papers published by the

author in the *Philosophical Magazine* and *Transactions*

of the Royal Society, London, and the *Annals of*

Chemical Physics, vol. IV, No. 2, 1891.

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Magazine, and in the *Annals of Chemical Physics*.

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author in the *Philosophical Magazine* and *Transactions*

To the Board of Governors,
University of Alberta.

Sir:

Herewith is submitted the Financial Statement
of the University of Alberta, for the year ending the
31st day of December 1923, including:

Capital Balance Sheet:

General Balance Sheet:

Income & Expenditure:

Schedules and Summaries:

These have been prepared under my direction
and I believe properly and correctly set forth the
operations for the year and the financial position
as at December 31st, 1923.

Your obedient servant.

Bursar.

the Board of Governors,
University of Alberta.

Herewith is submitted the financial statement
the University of Alberta, for the year ending the

31 day of December 1923, including:

- Capital Balance Sheet:
- General Balance Sheet:
- Income & Expenditure:
- Schedules and Summaries:

These have been prepared under my direction
I believe properly and correctly set forth the
position for the year and the financial position
at December 31st, 1923.

Your obedient servant,

Arthur.

UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA.

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23	" " " "
24	" " " "
24	" " " "
25	" " " "
25	" " " "
26	" " " "
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UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA.

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UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

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UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA
CAPITAL ACCOUNT / BALANCE SHEET
December 31st, 1923.

TTS.

University Site.		
Assessed Value,	\$1,161,000.00	
Less Appreciation Reserve,	<u>1,011,000.00</u>	150,000.00
Experimental Farm,		<u>69,117.49</u>
Buildings as per Schedule,		219,117.49
Furnishings & Equipment,	477,442.79	3,153,901.87
Library Books,	48,705.47	
Travelling Libraries,	20,570.96	
Printing Presses,	<u>9,885.46</u>	556,604.68
Museum,		6,200.00
Sewers and Water Mains,		21,587.25
Grounds and Improvements,		65,872.51
Steam Lines,		32,419.25
Electric Light & Telephones,		3,953.74
Animal Husbandry,		56,172.80
Field Husbandry,		16,152.23
Bond Discount,	10,588.45	
Written Off,	<u>1,588.45</u>	<u>9,000.00</u>
		\$4,140,981.82

ILITIES.

Debentures Payable Jan. 1st/24,	2,400,000.00	
Aug. 2nd/25,	750,000.00	
Oct. 1st/25,	400,000.00	
July 1st/36	<u>450,000.00</u>	4,000,000.00
Accounts Payable,	17.87	
Unexpended Balance account		
of Hospital, New Wing,	<u>564.77</u>	582.64
Dundry contributions to		
Capital,		
Alberta Pharmaceutical,	6,192.63	
Library Books,	7,854.10	
Rockefeller Donation,		
(Interest)	<u>6,317.75</u>	<u>20,364.48</u>
		4,020,947.12
Due to General Account,		<u>15,089.06</u>
		4,036,036.18
Capital Reserve,		<u>104,945.64</u>
		104,953.64
		\$4,140,981.82

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA
CAPITAL ACCOUNT / BALANCE SHEET
December 31st, 1957

641812
 13577
 55065
 7
 5

Fixed Assets	1,011,000.00	1,011,000.00
Land	2,151,000.00	2,151,000.00
Buildings as per Schedule	477,425.79	477,425.79
Furniture & Equipment	48,705.47	48,705.47
Library Books	20,870.96	20,870.96
Printing Presses	9,885.48	9,885.48
Investing Assets	556,604.68	556,604.68
U.S. Bonds	4,200.00	4,200.00
State Bonds	51,537.35	51,537.35
Common Stocks	65,878.51	65,878.51
Preferred Stocks	32,410.33	32,410.33
U.S. Savings Bonds	3,233.74	3,233.74
Other Investments	58,172.30	58,172.30
Fixed Assets	16,168.33	16,168.33
Current Assets	2,000.00	2,000.00
Accounts Receivable	1,588.15	1,588.15
Inventory	10,838.45	10,838.45
Prepaid Expenses	3,140,921.82	3,140,921.82

Liabilities	3,400,000.00	3,400,000.00
Accounts Payable	750,000.00	750,000.00
Notes Payable	400,000.00	400,000.00
Long Term Debt	480,000.00	480,000.00
Current Liabilities	17.87	17.87
Accounts Payable	584.77	584.77
Accounts Receivable	3,140,921.82	3,140,921.82
Capital	6,192.63	6,192.63
Unrestricted Balance	7,854.10	7,854.10
Restricted Balance	8,317.75	8,317.75
Unrestricted Balance	4,080,947.12	4,080,947.12
Restricted Balance	15,089.08	15,089.08
Unrestricted Balance	4,096,036.20	4,096,036.20
Restricted Balance	104,948.62	104,948.62
Unrestricted Balance	3,140,921.82	3,140,921.82

UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

GENERAL ACCOUNT - BALANCE SHEET

December 31st, 1923.

Assets

Inventories as per Schedule,	77229.38	23682.14	1354
Insurance unexpired,	9810.25		
Accounts Receivable,	20458.22		
Due from Hospital Operating Account,	63136.29		
Due from Capital Account,	<u>15089.06</u>		
		185723.20	

Trust.

Cash in Imperial Bank,	445228.01		
Securities,	10397.80		
Due from General Account,	<u>75000.00</u>	<u>530625.81</u>	\$716349.01

LIABILITIES.

Imperial Bank Overdraft,	19145.27		
Due to Trust Acct.	<u>75000.00</u>	94145.27	
Accounts payable, Gen.	5935.82		
Hospital,	<u>19548.32</u>	<u>25484.14</u>	
		119629.41	

Deferred Revenue,			
Room and Board Pre-payments,	1347.73		
General,	<u>563.30</u>	1911.03	

Surplus at Dec. 31st/22	68539.88		
Deficit, 1923,	<u>4357.12</u>	<u>64182.76</u>	185723.20

Trust

Sundry Trust Accounts as per Schedule		<u>530625.81</u>	\$716349.01
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UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

GENERAL ACCOUNT - BALANCE SHEET

December 31st, 1933.

Assets

Inventory as per Schedule	77232.38
Insurance unexpired	9816.23
Accounts Receivable	20452.22
Due from Hospital Operating Account	68136.29
Due from Capital Account	12022.08
	<u>182732.20</u>

Liabilities

Grants in Progress Bank	443222.01
Securities	10327.20
Due from General Account	73200.00
	<u>556822.21</u>
	5716249.01

LIABILITIES

Hospital Bank Overdraft	19142.27
Due to Trust Acct.	73200.00
Accounts payable, Gen. Hosp.	2022.22
Hospital, 1934	12042.22
	<u>112822.21</u>

Deferred Revenue	
From and Among Trusts	1247.73
General	562.20
	<u>1810.93</u>

Building at Dec. 31st/32	62220.22
Depreciation, 1933	4327.12
	<u>57893.10</u>
	182732.20

Trust

Trust Accounts as per Schedule	556822.21
	5716249.01

TRUST BALANCE SHEET.

December 31st, 1923.

ASSETS.

Cash in Imperial Bank,	\$445,228.01	
Securities,	10,397.80	
Due from General Account,	<u>75,000.00</u>	
		\$530,625.81

LIABILITIES.

General Trust Account,	18,222.74	
Student's Loan Fund,	433.60	
Rockefeller Grant,	500,000.00	
Alberta Pharmaceutical Assoc.	7,420.00	
Sir James Aiken Scholarship Fund,	2,109.28	
Women's University Club Loan Fund,	141.02	
Women's University Club Scholarship Fund,	1,222.98	
Moshier Memorial Fund,	359.26	
19th Alberta Dragoons I.O.D.E.	60.67	
Dr. Blais' Prize,	11.20	
Women's University Club Colonial History Book Account,	67.20	
Law Library Fund,	<u>577.86</u>	<u>\$530,625.81</u>

TRUST BALANCE SHEET

December 31st, 1923.

ASSETS

Cash in Imperial Bank, \$445,328.01
 Securities, 10,397.80
 Due from General Account, 75,000.00

\$530,725.81

LIABILITIES

General Trust Account, 18,222.74
 Student's Loan Fund, 428.20
 Rockefeller Grant, 500,000.00
 Alberta Pharmaceutical Assoc. 7,420.00
 Sir James Aikem Scholarship Fund, 8,109.28
 Women's University Club Loan Fund, 141.08
 Women's University Club Scholarship Fund, 1,222.98
 McArthur Memorial Fund, 352.22
 10th Alberta Dragoons I.O.G.E., 60.67
 Dr. Blair's Prize, 11.20
 Women's University Club Colonial History Book Account, 87.20
 Law Library Fund, 377.68

\$530,725.81

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE
AND INCOME
for the year 1923.

	Expenditure.	Income.
Provincial Government		
Proportion Succession Duties 50%	82043.33	
Proportion Corporation Tax 20%	95112.87	
Grant from Legislature	<u>256114.80</u>	
Interest and Exchange		433280.00
	221645.81	221493.99
Kerfeller Foundation Donation		25329.62
General	70.20	67260.00
Examinations Special	5059.03	6675.00
Agriculture		73975.00
General	5365.74	5129.00
Field Husbandry	29456.13	4048.86
Animal Husbandry	58054.63	8753.87
Soils	11090.04	
Agricultural Engineering	5153.48	
Horticulture	7039.31	494.90
Dairy	1107.34	937.67
Entomology	4029.56	
Medical Education	665.27	425.00
Pharmacy	1050.91	234.37
Extension Department.		
General	16331.01	
Library	8394.29	260.62
Visual Instruction	10901.58	7563.98
Buildings	23169.07	40830.46
Living Room	69960.57	80170.80
Power Plant	41429.90	19455.01
Industry	3556.83	
House	5735.05	737.00
Living Buildings.	22964.97	291.36

3562688
782460
2780228

11210

73975.00
5129.00
69805.00

**STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE
AND INCOME
for the year 1928.**

191

<u>Expenditures, Income</u>	
4332.82	
22145.31	
2875	
672	
5050.05	
3335.74	
29456.15	
33004.48	
11090.94	
5153.48	
7089.27	
1107.34	
4023.55	
425.27	
1060.97	
18327.07	
8896.82	
10607.58	
83749.07	
69260.57	
41429.99	
3064.43	
5725.05	
12254.97	

85
 4357 12
 20155-

 234157

325288
 182412

 507700

Financial Government	
Registration Association	
Registration Corporation Tax	
and from Legislature	
rent and exchange	
Kettler Foundation	
General	
Ministerial Special	
General	
Field Laboratory	
Animal Laboratory	
Soils	
Agricultural Engineering	
Herpetology	
Botany	
Entomology	
Physiology	
Botany	
Botanical Department	
General	
Library	
Visual Instruction	
Algebra	
Living Room	
Ver Plant	
Library	
House	
Building Materials	

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES, etc. (Cont'd).

	<u>Expenditure.</u>	<u>Income.</u>
Calendars & Advertising	3,003.86	
Library	2,070.97	
Scholarships and Medals	1,196.00	971.00
Insurance	6,219.05	
Laboratories	17,479.94	993.21
Travelling	1,291.68	
Bank Interest	2,536.28	125.47
Upkeep of Motor Cars	1,378.48	
General Expenses	10,727.46	2,000.00
Bookstore	24,288.62	25,137.23 ✓
Printing	32,069.32	38,025.18 ✓
Faculty Houses	1,213.63	6,060.00 ✓
Building Repairs & Upkeep	12,667.08	2,496.65
Provincial & Industrial Laboratory	34,140.39	1,654.59
Teachers Courses	8,058.75	
Works Department	33,913.34	33,454.90
Salaries	<u>287,041.74</u>	
	\$ 1,031,527.31	\$1,029,185.74
Bond Discount written off	1,588.45	
Bad Debts written off	427.10	
Excess Expenditure over Income	<u> </u>	<u>4,357.12</u>
	<u>\$ 1,033,542.86</u>	<u>\$1,033,542.86</u>

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES, etc. (Cont'd.)

EXPENDITURES	INCOME
Colleges & Advertising	3,002.68
Library	2,070.97
Scholarships and Belsin	1,196.00
Insurance	9,212.62
Laboratories	17,479.94
Traveling	1,291.62
Bank Interest	2,236.22
Hypnotic of Motor Cars	1,278.42
General Expenses	10,707.42
Postage	24,236.62
Printing	22,080.22
Electricity, Water	1,212.62
Building Repairs & Equipment	22,007.00
Physiological & Industrial Laboratory	21,140.22
Technical Journal	2,088.72
Police Department	22,912.22
Scholarship	227,041.74
Food Disposal Writen off	\$ 1,001,007.21
Food Disposal Writen off	1,306.42
Food Disposal Writen off	127.10
Excess Expenditures over Income	4,237.12
	\$ 1,002,844.66
	61,002,042.22

UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA HOSPITAL

DECEMBER 31, 1923

Assets

Current

Accounts Receivable.

Dominion Government Dept.

S.C.R.

\$22,883.52

19151.17

Alta. Government Grant

26,485.00

Alta. " Misericordia

1,963.00

City of Edmonton

3,085.50

Orthopedic

1,504.00

55,921.02

52188.67

Dept. S.C.R. Patients

7,653.32

Civilian Patients

28,512.94

92,087.28

Equipment & Inventories

88354.93

Food and Ice

1,211.14

Coal

168.75

Drugs

2,200.00

Insulin

9.40

Cleaning Supplies

230.31

Laundry Supplies

78.94

5,898.34

Equipment, (General)

63,896.32

Equipment, (New Wing)

6,500.53

74,295.39

DEFERRED Charges

Unexpired Insurance

1,190.34

Fixed

Building Fixtures

3,895.16

Revenue & Expenditure Account

Excess Expenditure

20,010.33

\$191,478.50

187,746.15

LIABILITIES

University Control Account

82,387.11

Reserve Account for Bad Debts

and free Service rendered

34,413.50

3,681.15

Equipment Liability

62,378.20

Profit on Exchange, Rockefeller Grant

12,299.69

\$191,478.50

187,746.15

MEMO

University Control Account

\$82,387.11

Less payments Jan. 1924 entered

by General Office as 1923

17,195.38

Less Sundry Accounts not

received by General Office

65191.73

2,055.44

\$63,136.29

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA HOSPITAL

December 31, 1953

Assets

Current

Accounts Receivable	222,088.38
Domestic Government Dept.	28,485.00
U.S.C.R.	1,363.00
Alum. Government Grant	5,085.50
Alum. " Miscellaneous	1,504.00
City of Houston	25,921.92
Orphanage	7,428.22
Dept. S.C.R. Patients	28,812.94
Civilian Patients	92,004.93

Equipment & Investments

Food and Ice	1,811.14
Coal	188.75
Drugs	2,200.00
Insulin	2.40
Cleaning Supplies	230.81
Laundry Supplies	78.94
Equipment (General)	3,893.81
Equipment (New Wing)	68,895.32
	6,800.22
	74,225.29

Deferred Charges

Unexpired Insurance	1,190.24
Outstanding Expenses	3,895.18

Revenue & Expansion Account

Excess Appropriations	20,010.22
-----------------------	-----------

LIABILITIES

University Control Account
 Hospital Account for Red Cross
 and other service rendered
 Equipment Liability
 Prepaid on Exchange, Bookkeeper's Grant 12,229.22

22,027.11
64,418.30
68,279.20
12,229.22

University Control Account

Less payments Jan. 1954 entered by General Office as 1953	17,125.22
Less Unpaid Accounts not received by General Office	2,085.44
	62,156.22

07

BUILDINGS

Medical and Chemistry Building	1067.775 ³⁶ - \$	1068081.16
Arts		667695.69
Power Plant and South Laboratory		270420.34
Mining Engineering		141049.19
Heating Plant		56447.17
Gas Plant		12307.51
Athabasca Residence	209.567.00 -	207944.80
Pembina Residence	613.520.61	260839.41
Assiniboia Residence-	213.688.00 -	213046.40
Dining Hall		78307.68
Faculty Residences		79256.71

Agricultural Buildings:

Barns	72250.51	
Stock Judging Pavilion	4739.82	
Silos	6624.90	
House on Farm	2398.45	
Dairy	994.80	
Welly	686.25	
Root House	1436.81	
Sheds	<u>1054.11</u>	90185.65
Greenhouse		1427.40
Root House		445.00
Ice House		463.49
Astronomical Observatory		127.48
Construction Office		1235.64
Carpenter Shop		2365.17
Post Office		400.65
Bicycle Rack		123.50
Gravel		<u>1731.83</u>
		<u>\$3,153,901.87</u>

BUILDINGS

Medical and Chemistry Building
 New Plant and South Laboratory
 Mining Engineering
 Mining Plant
 Mining Plant
 Machine Residences
 Machine Residences
 Assistant Residences
 Dining Hall
 Faculty Residences

General Buildings:
 1054.11
 1438.81
 888.25
 994.80
 2398.45
 8824.90
 4739.82
 72250.51

1437.4
 448.0
 483.4
 137.4
 1332.9
 2385.1
 400.6
 133.8
 1781.8
 \$3,125,901.8

FURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT

Architecture	\$	4310.20	
Gymnasium		4028.32	
Household Economics		5747.97	
Motor Truck and Auto		2406.85	
Residences		74800.45	
Main Teaching Buildings		63188.40	63207.90
Anatomy		12793.49	
Agriculture		6340.00	
Biology		10887.79	
Bacteriology & Pathology		10551.20	
Chemistry		58865.88	
Dairying		4732.79	
Dentistry		3889.28	
Drawing		143.55	
Engineering Mining		19887.76	
" Civil		4861.26	
" Electrical		1322.85	2395.25
Geology		9578.17	
Mathematics		1756.70	
Pharmacy		574.39	
Physics		34765.57	
Psychology		406.73	
Physiology and Bio Chemistry		29289.54	29883.91
Soils		9553.94	
Zoology		6912.36	6921.24
Entomology		959.35	
Agricultural Engineering		1398.73	
Industrial Laboratory		377.77	
Movable Plant & Tools (Carpenter)		2059.70	
Machine Shop		6050.21	
Medical & Chemistry Building			
Engineering		44559.41	
Sundry		42501.88	87061.29
		<u>\$477442.79</u>	<u>481,198.24</u>

FURNISHING AND EQUIPMENT

4310.30	Architecture
4038.33	Gymnasium and other buildings
3747.97	Household Economics
3408.33	Motor Truck and Auto
14800.45	Real Estate
63188.40	Main Teaching Buildings
18793.48	Anatomy
6240.00	Agriculture
10887.73	Biology
10881.30	Bacteriology & Pathology
8888.38	Chemistry
4732.73	Dairying
3888.38	Dentistry
143.55	Drawing
19887.78	Engineering Mining
4881.30	Civil Engineering
1332.85	Electrical
3878.17	Geology
1756.70	Mathematics
574.33	Pharmacy
34765.37	Physics
408.73	Psychology
33333.34	Physiology and Bio Chemistry
9553.94	Soils
6818.30	Zoology
989.35	Entomology
1388.73	Agricultural Engineering
377.77	Industrial Laboratory
6050.31	Machine Shop
	Medical & Chemistry Building
44559.41	Engineering
42801.38	Surgery
37061.39	
477442.73	

09

SCHEDULE OF FEES

December 31st, 1923

Arts	\$ 11,933.50	11,370.62
Arts & Applied Science	2,655.00	2,799.50
Applied Sciences	7,015.00	7,015.00
Medicine	17,401.00	18,202.00
Law	2,927.00	2,780.00
Arts & Law	2,690.00	1,605.00
Graduate	795.00	762.50
Dentistry	3,215.00	3,140.00
Correspondence	2,334.00	1,283.00
Arts & Medicine	2,610.00	3,060.00
Arts & Agriculture	200.00	160.00
Pharmacy (Lic)	1,917.50	1,715.00
" (Degree)	750.00	600.00
Household Economics	1,237.50	1,740.00
Commerce	2,125.00	1,633.50
"A" Languages	2,025.00	2,000.00
Summer School	959.50	1,489.00
Agriculture	3,397.00	2,366.00
B. Education	260.00	100.00
B. D.	600.00	15.00
Late Registration	723.00	300.00

Turnover.

\$ 67,280.00
 300.00
 64,434.12

Expenditure (S. R. Kaycock, trips to Calgary)
 70.20
 re. University Council

63,414.02
 146
 63,268.02

64,434.12
 146
 64,288.12

December 31st 1923.

Vote 42. Schedule of Fees.

Special Fees

			<u>Expenditure</u>	<u>Revenue</u>
Supplementals	949.50	834.50	950.00 + 21.00 - 40.00 + 40.00 + 5.00	
...S.		40.00		
Dental		50.00		
Medicine	200.00	699.00	100.00 + 100.00	6270.00
Pharmacy	75	125.00	25.00	
...	715	690.00	715.00	
...	685	1590.00	685.00	
... Fees	115	112.00		
Transcript	240	105.00	105.00 + 8.00	
Degree Fee	2185	1430.00	2185.00	
Residing Fee	7.50	7.50	7.50	
Spools	50.00	97.00	50.00	
Summer Reading	40.00	194.00	50.00 - 10	
Optometry	75.00	45.00	5.00	
Veterinary		25.00		
Extension - Correspondence				
Political Ec.		136.00		
urses' Registration	995.00	495.00	1045.00 - 40.00	<u>66,675.00</u>
	6282.00		6282.00	
Medicine	354.00	462.00	354.00 + 18.00	
Specials	230.80	557.50	120.00 + 20.00 + 45.00	
Chartered Accountancy	349.50	282.00	349.50 + 37.50	
Supplementals		65.50		
Optometry	124.00	72.00	124.00	
...S.		42.00		
urses	554.95	509.60	554.95	
...	802.50	1098.00	802.50 + 116.00	
Pharmacy		69.00		
Stratulation		115.00		
Free		126.00		
Professional Engineering	53.50	90.90	53.50	
Printing and Stationery	2424.96	1457.23	2424.96	
Indries	182.16	122.50	182.16	<u>5,059.03</u>

5116.39

1,165.61

1165.61

SCHEDULE OF SALARIES

President	Dr. H. M. Tory	8000.00	
President's Secy.	Miss B. Ockley, B.A.	1650.00	9,650.00
<u>Registrar's Office</u>			
Registrar	C.E. Race, B.A., C.A.	4250.00	
Asst. Registrar	D.J. Teviotdale, M.A.		
	(8½ mos.) (resigned)	1275.00	
Asst. Registrar	Miss Tregillus, M.A.		
	(10 mos.)	1152.35	
Clerk of Records	Miss Mc Intosh, B.A.	1020.00	
Stenographer	Miss B.D. Gardner, B.A.	990.00	
Stenographer	Miss F. Stúbbs, B.A.	1320.00	
Examinations Clerk	Miss Fulmer	440.00	
	Extra) Mrs. S.C. Mor-		
	Assistance) gan	15.00	
	) A. Harvey	65.00	
	) Miss B. Mont-		
	) gomery	5.00	
	Freshman Committee	65.00	10,597.35
<u>Bursar's Office</u>			
Bursar	A. West	4000.00	
Accountant	G. P. Ponton	2100.00	
Bookkeeper	J. F. Fraser	1800.00	
Cashier	Miss M. Talbot	1500.00	
Ledgerkeeper	J.F. Falkenburg-8 mos.	627.50	
Clerk	A. E. Dingle-11 mos.	660.00	
"	R.W. Adshead-1 mo.	55.00	
"	E.R. Moore-4 mos.	111.00	
Office Boy	W. Sharpe	480.00	
Stenographers	Miss L.M. Carrigan-8 mos.	756.00	
	Miss M.C. Corbett-4 mos.	345.00	
	Miss J.L. Corbett	900.00	
	Miss H.E. Ball	1020.00	
General Stenographer-Miss A. Malcolmson			
	3 mos.	255.00	
Switchboard Operator-Miss P. Ball		900.00	
Extra Assistance	Miss McMillan	60.00	
	Miss Fife	53.22	15,622.72
	Less Refund,		\$2450.00
<u>Library</u>			
Librarian	D. E. Cameron, B.A.	3200.00	
Assistant	Miss K. Calhoun	1900.00	
	Miss G. Jackson	1500.00	
Stenographer	Miss Y. Richard	935.00	
Extra Assistance	Miss E. Andrews	132.14	
	J. A. Morrison	60.00	7,727.14
<u>Faculty of Arts & Science</u>			
Dean	W. A. R. Kerr, M.A.,		
	Ph.D.	500.00	
Secy.	Miss M. Archibald, B.A.	1080.00	1,580.00
<u>Faculty of Medicine</u>			
Dean	A.C. Rankin, M.D., D.P.H.	500.00	500.00
<u>Faculty of Applied Science</u>			
Dean	R.W. Boyle, M.A., Ph.D.	500.00	500.00

SCHEDULE OF SALARIES

Dean	Faculty of Applied Science	R.W. Boyle, M.A., Ph.D.	500.00	500.00
Dean	Faculty of Medicine	A.C. Rankin, M.D., D.P.H.	500.00	500.00
Secy.		Miss M. Archibald, B.A.	1080.00	1,580.00
Dean	Faculty of Arts & Sciences	W.A. Kerr, M.A., Ph.D.	500.00	500.00
Extra Assistance		J. A. Morrison	80.00	7,787.14
Stenographer		Miss E. Andrews	132.14	
Assistant		Miss Y. Richard	925.00	
Librarian		Miss F. Jackson	1300.00	
Library		Miss F. Gibson	1300.00	
		D. E. Cameron, B.A.	3200.00	
Miss Wife		Less Refund,	53.22	12,622.72
Extra Assistance		Miss McMillan	60.00	
Switchboard Operator-Miss P. Bell			900.00	
3 mos.			258.00	
General Stenographer-Miss A. Malcolmson			1020.00	
Miss H.M. Bell			900.00	
Miss J.L. Corbett			900.00	
Miss M.G. Corbett-4 mos.			345.00	
Miss L.M. Carrigan-8 mos.			755.00	
W. Sharpe			480.00	
R.R. Moore-4 mos.			111.00	
R.W. Adams-1 mo.			52.00	
A. E. Dingle-11 mos.			680.00	
J.F. Falkenberg-8 mos.			627.50	
Miss M. Talbot			1500.00	
J. F. Fraser			1800.00	
G. F. Foster			2100.00	
A. West			4000.00	
Bursar's Office				
Bursar				
Accountant				
Bookkeeper				
Cashier				
Ledgerkeeper				
Clerk				
"				
"				
Office Boy				
Stenographers				
Examination Clerk		Miss Palmer	440.00	
Stenographer		Miss T. Stubbis, B.A.	1220.00	
Stenographer		Miss B.D. Gardner, B.A.	920.00	
Clerk of Records		Miss Mcintosh, B.A.	1020.00	
Asst. Registrar		Miss Trevellick, M.A.	1122.35	
(8 1/2 mos.) (resigned)			1275.00	
Registrar		D.T. Tevendale, M.A.	4250.00	
Registrar's Office		G.E. Race, B.A., G.A.		
President's Secy.		Miss D. Oakley, B.A.	1250.00	9,550.00
President		Dr. H. M. Kerr	8000.00	

Faculty of Agriculture

Dean	E.A. Howes, B.S.A.	500.00	
Secretary	Miss B.D. Lewis	960.00	1,460.00

Provost's Department

Provost	J.M. MacEachern, M.A. Ph.D.	500.00	
Advisor to Women Students-Miss F.E. Dodds, B.Sc.		2400.00	2,900.00

Classics

Professor	W.H. Alexander, M.A., Ph.D.	4500.00	
Associate Professor	Geneva Misener, M.A. Ph.D.	3100.00	
Lecturer	W.G. Hardy, M.A.	2800.00	
"	S.R. Laycock, M.A., B.D.	1000.00	11,400.00

English

Professor	E.K. Broadus, M.A., Ph.D.	4500.00	
Associate Professor	R.K. Gordon, M.A. & Ph.D.	3750.00	
Lecturer	F.M. Salter, B.A., A.M.	2300.00	
"	J.T. Jones, B.A.	1600.00	
Reader	Miss Mary Martin	100.00	
"	K. Broadus	100.00	12,350.00

Moderns (French and German)

Dean	W.A.E. Kerr, M.A., Ph.D.	4500.00	
Professor	J.F. Coar, M.A., Ph.D.		
	8 mos. (leave of absence)	2666.64	
Associate Professor	E. Sonet, Bes.L.	3300.00	
Assistant	A.P. Pelluet	2700.00	
Lecturer	H. DeSavoye, Bes.L., L.L.B.	2400.00	
"	Francis Owens, B.A.	2500.00	
Reader	J. Richard	100.00	
Extra Assistance)	F. Owen	200.00	
re Dr. Coar's leave)	C. L. Gibbs	250.00	18,616.64
of absence)			

Philosophy

Professor	J.M. MacEachern, B.A., Ph.D.	4500.00	
Lecturer	John MacDonald, M.A.	2600.00	
	E.D. McPhee, M.A.	2400.00	9,500.00

Hebrew and Ancient Oriental History

Lecturer	Rev. A.D. Miller, M.A.,		
	B.D.-6 mos.	300.00	300.00

Architecture and Drawing

Professor	E.S. Burgess, A.R.I.B.A.		
	(9 mos.)	3000.00	
Associate Professor	James Adam, M.A.	3000.00	6,000.00

Anatomy

Professor	D.G. Revell, B.A., M.D.	4250.00	
Asst. Professor	R.F. Shaver, Ph.D.	3000.00	
Lecturer	H.J. Minnish, M.D.-9 mos.	1575.00	
"	Evan Green, M.D.C.M.	1500.00	
	Jas. Jackson, 3 mos.	450.00	
	A.G. Fairall	1500.00	
Technician	J.W. Smiles- 4½ mos.	360.00	
Lab. Asst.	F. Omand- 3½ mos.	277.33	
"			

Faculty of Agriculture		
Dean	E.A. Howe, B.S.A.	500.00
Secretary	Miss B.D. Lewis	250.00
Provost's Department		
Provost	J.M. MacEachern, M.A., Ph.D.	500.00
Advisor to Women Students	Miss W.H. Dodge, B.Sc.	240.00
Classics		
Professor	W.H. Alexander, M.A., Ph.D.	450.00
Associate Professor	Genevieve Minsner, M.A., Ph.D.	310.00
Lecturer	W.G. Hardy, M.A.	280.00
"	S.R. Leacock, M.A., B.D.	100.00
English		
Professor	N.K. Brodus, M.A., Ph.D.	450.00
Associate Professor	N.K. Gordon, M.A., Ph.D.	375.00
Lecturer	T.M. Salter, B.A., A.M.	230.00
"	L.T. Jones, B.A.	160.00
Reader	Miss Mary Martin	100.00
"	K. Brodus	100.00
Moderns (French and German)		
Dean	W.A. R. Kerr, M.A., Ph.D.	450.00
Professor	J.T. Goss, M.A., Ph.D.	330.00
Associate Professor	E. Bonart, B.S.A.	270.00
Assistant	A.F. Bellmer	240.00
Lecturer	H. Deshayes, B.S.A., I.I.B.	240.00
"	Francis Owens, B.A.	200.00
Reader	J. Richard	100.00
Extra Assistance	J. Owen	80.00
to Dr. Goss's leave of absence	G.L. Gibbs	250.00
Philosophy		
Professor	J.M. MacEachern, B.A., Ph.D.	450.00
Lecturer	John MacDonald, M.A.	280.00
"	E.D. McKee, M.A.	240.00
Hebrew and Ancient Oriental History		
Lecturer	Rev. A.D. Miller, M.A.	300.00
"	B.D.-6 mos.	300.00
Architecture and Drawing		
Professor	S.S. Burgess, A.B., I.B.A.	300.00
Associate Professor	James Adam, M.A.	300.00
Anatomy		
Professor	D.G. Revely, B.A., M.D.	425.00
Asst. Professor	R.F. Shaver, Ph.D.	300.00
Lecturer	H.T. Minnich, M.D.-3 mos.	157.50
"	Ever Green, M.D., M.	150.00
Technician	Jas. Jackson, 3 mos.	45.00
Lab. Asst.	A.G. Fattali	150.00
"	J.W. Smiles- 6 mos.	35.00
"	T. Grand- 3 mos.	27.38

anatomy continued.
demonstrator

F.J. Folinsbee	MR.C.S. L.R.C.P.	250.00	
J. Adamson	M.D.	250.00	
J.A. MacPherson	M.D.	250.00	
J. Crobko	M.D.	200.00	
H.H. Hepburn	M.D.C.M.	500.00	
W. Hustler	M.D.	150.00	14512.33

Physiology

Professor	A.W. Downs	M.A., M.D.DSc.	4500.00	
Asst. Professor	N.B. Eddy	M.D.	2700.00	
Lecturer	E.C. Smith	M.D.	1200.00	
Lab. Assistant	Chas. Croft		900.00	
"	H.D. Nurse	(5 mos.)	250.00	
"	M.C. Murray	(3 ")	180.00	
Demonstrator	I.S. Bell	M.A., M.B.	750.00	10480.00

Biochemistry

Professor	H.B. Collip	M.A., Phd.	4000.00	
Asst. Professor	J.W. Scott	M.D. Cm. (4 mos)	833.32	
"	G. Lochead	(4 mos.)	766.64	
Technician	A.A. Long		1500.00	
Lab. Assistants	H.W. Smiles		566.12	
"	J.F.K. English		2771.13	7943.21

Clinical Medicine

Professor	E.L. Pope	M.D.C.M., M.R. C.S., L.R.C.P.	1666.64	
Associate Professor	H.C. Jamieson		2500.00	
Demonstrators	Dr. Hall		250.00	
"	Dr. Scott		250.00	
"	Dr. C.W. Hurlburt		500.00	
"	Dr. J.S. Bell		500.00	
"	Dr. H.B. Logie		500.00	
	Dr. D.B. Leitch		500.00	6666.64

Clinical Surgery

Professor	M.H. Newburn	M.D., C.M. L.L.D.	5000.00	
Aesthetist	J.A. Blezard		120.00	
Demonstrator	Dr. H.H. Hepburn		500.00	
"	Dr. L.C. Conn		500.00	
"	Dr. A. Blais		500.00	
"	Dr. W.A. Wilson		500.00	
"	Dr. G.C. Gray		500.00	
"	Dr. Munroe		500.00	8120.00

Thematics

Professor	E.W. Sheldon	M.A. Phd.	4250.00	
"	S.D. Killam	Phd. (8 mos)	2500.00	
Associate Professor	J.W. Campbell	M.A. Phd.	3000.00	
Lecturer	T.H. Milne	M.A. (8 mos)	1400.00	
structor	Mrs. E.T. Mitchell	15 ")	750.00	
"	Miss J. Ballantyne		100.00	
"	F. Young		150.00	12150.00

History

Professor	A.L. Burt	M.A.	3750.00	
Asst. Professor	M.H. Long	B.A.	2800.00	
Lecturer	Rev. T.C. Allwork	B.A. (8 mos)	600.00	
"	C.S. Burgess	A.R.I.B.A. (3 mos)	600.00	7750.00

Economics

Professor

Lecturer

Reader

D.A. McGibbon M.A. Phd.	4000.00	
A.F. McGound B.A. Cl.	2400.00	
Miss D. Miller	<u>125.00</u>	6525.00

Chemistry

Professor

Asst. Professor

" "

" "

Lecturer

" "

Demonstrator

" "

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Glassblower

Storekeeper

Botany and Biology

Professor

Lecturer

Lab. Assistant

Demonstrator

" "

" "

A.F.L. Lehmann B.S.A. Phd.	4500.00	
O.J. Walker M.A. Phd.	2800.00	
O.Cl. Bridgeman M.A.	2500.00	
R.B. Sandin M.A.	1400.00	
N. Stover	1000.00	
Harold G. Oddy	533.32	
J.J. Thompson	696.00	
B.J. Mair	600.00	
W. MacDonald	249.98	
John Martin	200.00	
W. Line	416.60	
W. Jewitt	66.60	
H.O. Tomlinson	150.00	
R.L. Kutz	150.00	
"A. Lang	150.00	
W.D. Burgess	150.00	
W.L. MacDonald	49.98	
T.H. Mather	150.00	
M.V. Drake	448.39	
G. Ensell	218.40	
L.C. Watlings	<u>1200.00</u>	17629.27
F.J. Lewis F.R.S.E.	4250.00	
E.H. Moss M.A.	2100.00	
A. Campbell	366.62	
Miss Dowding	589.32	
S. Pearson	75.00	
G.A. Ward	<u>1150.00</u>	7530.95

Zoology

Associate Professor

Demonstrator

Assistant

" "

Wm. Rowan M.Sc.	3000.00	
W.J. Harkness	1700.00	
F. Brown (8 mos.)	640.00	
R. Lister (4 ")	<u>320.00</u>	5660.00

Geology

Professor

Lecturer

" "

" "

Lab. Assistant

" "

" "

Stenographer

" "

" "

J.A. Allan MSc. Phd.	4250.00	
P.S. Warren B.A., A.R.C.S.		
(9 mos.)	1800.00	
L. Rutherford (4 ")	666.64	
J. Sanderson (4½ ")	291.45	
R.H. Pegrum (7 ")	209.83	
Mrs. N. Stover (5 ")	200.00	
Miss Fulmer (1 ")	24.68	
Miss Fife (4 ")	<u>120.00</u>	7562.60

Mining Engineering

Professor

Associate Professor

Lab. Assistant

" "

" "

N.C. Pitcher M.Sc.	4500.00	
A.E. Cameron M.Sc.	3000.00	
W. Holmes	1440.00	
N.H. Atkinson (4½ mos.)	<u>376.00</u>	9316.00

Civil Engineering

Professor	R.S.L. Wilson B.Sc.	4000.00	
Lecturer	H.R. Webb B.Sc.	1800.00	
Lab. Assistant	A. McPherson	82.50	5882.50

Mechanical Engineering

Professor	C.A. Robb BSc. M.S.	4000.00	4000.00
Applied Science Associate Professor	I.F. Morrison B.Sc.	3500.00	3500.00

Physics

Professor	R.W. Boyle M.A. Phd.	4500.00	
Associate Professor	S. Smith M.A. B.Sc.	3000.00	
Lecturer	R.J. Lang M.A. (4 mos)	833.32	
"	L.H. Nichols	2033.28	
Assistant	F.J. Lehmann	1000.00	
"	H. B. Clow	1380.00	
Lab. Assistant	C. Reid	112.00	
" "	E.S. McKittrick	190.00	
" "	H.B. Lebourveau	72.00	
" "	G.B. Taylor (4½ mos)	467.50	
" "	A.A. Fraser	104.50	
" "	J.W. Porteous	120.00	
Glassblower	G. Ensell (12 Mos)	1041.60	
Machinist	A.W. McFarlane	1563.30	16417.50

Physics (Electrical Engineering)

Associate Professor	H.J. McLeod M.Sc.	3000.00	
Lecturer	S.C. Morgan B.Sc.	2500.00	5500.00

Physical Education

Physical Instructors		1530.00	
Caretaker and Trainer		1257.50	2787.50

Pharmacy and Materia Medica

Associate Professor	F.A.S. Dunn Ph.C.M.P.S.	3000.00	
Lecturer	A.W. Matthews	1800.00	
Assistants	E.L. Mitchell	80.00	
"	M.F. Halliday	60.00	4940.00

Physical Engineering

Professor
Assistant

R. S. L. Wilson B.Sc.
H. R. Webb B.Sc.
A. M. Thompson

4000.00
1800.00
82.50

Chemical Engineering

Professor
Applied Sciences
Associate Professor

G. A. Ross B.Sc. M.B.
I. E. Morrison B.Sc.

4000.00
3500.00

Physics

Professor
Associate Professor
Assistant

H. W. Boyle M.A. Ph.D.
S. Smith M.A. B.Sc.
R. J. Lamb M.A. (4 mos)

4800.00
3000.00
823.32

Lab. Assistant

R. W. Nichols
F. J. Lehmann
E. H. Clow
G. Reid
E. B. Mokittick
H. B. Lebowitz

3033.28
1000.00
1380.00
112.00
190.00
72.00

12417.50

Physics (Electrical Engineering)

Associate Professor
Assistant

H. J. Webb B.Sc.
S. U. Morris B.Sc.

3000.00
2500.00

Physical Education

Physical Instructor
Director and Trainer

1230.00
1237.50

2787.50

Pathology and Material Science

Associate Professor
Assistant
Assistant

P. A. S. Dunn Ph.D. B.Sc. B.P.
R. W. Matthews
E. L. Mitchell
M. W. Haliday

2.3000.00
1800.00
80.00
80.00

4440.00

Household Economics

Lecturer	Miss M. Patrick, B.A.	2400.00	
"	Miss E. Deadman B.C.	1900.00	
Asst. #	Miss G. Gladstone	<u>1066.64</u>	5366.64

Night Watchman

G. McColeman	856.50	
Asst., Wm. Wilken	<u>206.25</u>	1062.75

Transfer Driver

H. Dean	<u>1380.00</u>	1380.00
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Law

Lecturer	J. A. Weir, B.A., L.L.B.	3000.00	
	V. E. Kleven, B.A., L.L.B.	2000.00	
Library Assts.	L. J. Shepard	25.00	
Special Lectures	L. W. Brookington	390.00	
	S. E. Bolton	200.00	
	W. H. Sellar	360.00	
	A. Hannah	100.00	
	J. B. Barrow	100.00	
	A. W. Sinclair	80.00	
	W. Dixon-Craig	350.00	
	George Steer	550.00	
	E. T. Bishop	90.00	
	A. E. Popple	90.00	
	V. E. Kleven	<u>70.00</u>	
			<u>8105.00</u>

\$ 287,041.74

S U M M A R Y

DECEMBER 31st 1923.

AGRICULTURE

Expenditure Revenue

General.

Salaries

Dean, E.A. Howes, B.S.A.	4250.00	
Stenographer, Mrs. Hooper 3 mos.	<u>75.00</u>	4325.00

Expenditure

Auto	426.02	
Travelling	514.15	
Postage	31.00	
Stationery and Printing	34.31	
Telephones and Telegrams	18.51	
Sundries	<u>16.75</u>	<u>1040.74</u> <u>5365.74</u>

Field Husbandry

Salaries

Professor G.H. Cutler, B.S.A.	4250.00	
" R. Newton, MSc. B.S.A.	3500.00	
Asst. " J.R. Fryer M.A.	2900.00	
Stenographer Miss C. Lamont 8 mos.	720.00	
Stenographer Mrs. Bedford 4 "	<u>320.00</u>	11690.00

Expenditure

Travel	274.25	
Auto	261.50	
Supplies and Repairs	831.96	
Printing and Stationery	243.57	
Postage, Telephone, Telegrams	315.52	
Photo	65.70	
Water and Light	51.62	
Fodder	768.80	
Seeds	81.56	
Alberta Crop Improvement	2738.07	
Sundries	86.65	
Wages	<u>12007.14</u>	
	<u>17726.34</u>	
Inventory Jan. 1st, 1923.	408.00	
	<u>18134.34</u>	
Inventory Dec. 31st, 1923.	<u>368.21</u>	<u>17766.13</u> <u>29456.13</u>

By Revenue	- Alberta Crop Improvement	3427.31
	- Field Husbandry	621.55
		<u>4048.86</u>

December 31st 1933.

Expenditure

General

4250.00	4250.00
75.00	4325.00
425.00	
214.15	
21.00	
24.31	
18.51	
18.75	1040.74
	5365.74

Field Machinery

4250.00	4250.00
2500.00	
2000.00	
750.00	
320.00	11350.00

274.25
221.50
821.25
242.57
315.22
25.70
21.22
728.20
21.22
272.07
22.22
12007.14
1772.31
408.00
10154.34

258.21 17766.15 29452.13

3427.31
221.55
3048.76

Culture

Office

A.A. Howe, B.S.A.
Photographer, Mrs. Hooper & son.

Field

Printing

Printer and Binding
Printer and Telegrams
Printer

Office

Photographer G.H. Carter, B.S.A.
A. Newton, Mrs. B.S.A.
J.R. Tyler M.A.
Photographer Miss C. Lamont & son.
Photographer Mrs. Bedford & son

Field

Printer and Repairs
Printer and Stationery
Printer, Telephone, Telegrams
Printer and Light

Field

Photography Jan. 1st, 1933.

Photography Dec. 31st, 1933.

Alberta Crop Improvement
Field Machinery

S U M M A R Y

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DECEMBER 31st 1923.EXPENDITURE REVENUEANIMAL HUSBANDRYSalaries

Professor J.F. Sackville B.S.A.	4000.00	
Asst. " R.D. Sinclair B.S.A.	2650.00	
" " J.E. Bowstead M.Sc.	2650.00	
Farm Mgr. W.J. Thompson	1800.00	
Stenographer Miss D. May	990.00	
" relief Mrs. Bedford	80.00	12170.00

Expenditure

Wages	21012.50
Lodging	405.70
Straw and Hay	4375.50
Oil Cake	1921.73
Greenfeed	1186.92
Oats, Barley, Rye	10575.36
Corn, Shorts, Meal	1717.57
Sundries	1131.23

Auto	271.06
Travel	326.41
Postage	60.00
Veterinary	855.38
Telephones and Telegrams	318.86
Repairs	1329.11
Light and Water	466.05
Supplies	1576.80
Photo	89.65
Stationery and Printing	177.85
Sundries	501.69

Inventory Jan. 1, 1923	2598.00
	<u>50897.37</u>

Less Inventory Dec. 31, 1923	<u>5012.74</u>	<u>45884.63</u>	<u>\$58054.63</u>
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By Revenue\$8753.87SOILSSalaries

Prof. F.A. Wyatt M.Sc.B.S.A.Phd.	4000.00	
Associate Prof. J.D. Newton B.S.A.	3000.00	
Assistants A.S. Ward	1740.00	
J.L. Doughty 4 mos.	540.00	
T.H. Mather 4 "	440.00	
Stenographer Mrs. Hooper 3 "	49.98	9769.98

Travel	137.93
Supplies	885.16
Telephones and Telegrams	11.01
Repairs	134.10
Sundries	9.50
	<u>1177.70</u>

Inventory Jan. 1st, 1923.	614.86
	<u>1792.56</u>

Inventory Dec. 31, 1923.	<u>472.50</u>	<u>1320.06</u>	<u>\$11090.04</u>
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DECEMBER 31st 1923.

REVENUE

MAINTENANCE

4000.00	Backville B.S.A.
2800.00	H.D. Sinclair B.S.A.
2800.00	L.M. Lewtess M.S.
1800.00	Mary V.J. Thompson
220.00	Miss D. May
80.00	Mrs. Saylor
12140.00	

21013.50	
405.70	
4075.50	
1231.75	
1184.32	
10875.38	
1717.57	
1121.23	

271.08	
220.41	
50.00	
854.38	
218.88	
1239.11	
423.05	
1278.80	
88.65	
177.38	
202.62	
4222.77	
2278.09	
2097.77	
201.74	
45884.82	
27803.82	

12140.00

2000.00	T.A. Pratt M.S.B.S.A. 1923
3000.00	Olaf Prot. T.A. Newton B.S.A.
1740.00	Stents A.B. Ward
240.00	J.L. Doughty
440.00	T.H. Mathew
42.98	Photographer Mrs. Hooper
127.23	
888.18	
11.01	
124.18	
2.30	
1177.70	
614.86	
1732.32	
471.50	

1220.00

Dec. 31, 1923.

S U M M A R Y

DECEMBER 31st, 1923.

Expenditure Revenue

AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

Salaries

Professor J. MacGregor Smith B.S.A.	4000.00	
Stenographer Mrs. L.E. Hooper	3 mcs. 49.98	
Assistants S.C. Robinson	3 " 105.87	
W. Smith	3 " 84.00	4239.85

Supplies	726.52	
Auto and Travel	99.99	
Sundries	91.65	
	<u>918.16</u>	

Inventory Jan. 1, 1923	20.67	
	<u>939.83</u>	

Inventory Dec.31, 1923	<u>25.20</u>	<u>913.63</u> <u>\$5153.48</u>
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HORTICULTURE

Lecturer, G. Harcourt B.S.A.	3000.00	
Stenographer Mrs.L.E. Hooper	3 mos. 25.02	3025.02

Supplies and Repairs	256.96	
Wages	3364.62	
Heat	55.00	
Seeds	.75	
Sundries	120.96	
Postage	3.00	
	<u>3801.29</u>	

Inventory Jan. 1, 1923.	2626.35	
	<u>6427.64</u>	

Inventory Dec.31, 1923.	<u>2413.35</u>	<u>4014.29</u> <u>\$7039.31</u>
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By Revenue

\$494.90

S U M M A R Y

DECEMBER 31st, 1923.

Revenue Expenditure

AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

Salaries

Professor J. MacGregor Smith B.S.A. 4000.00
Stenographer Mrs. E.E. Hooper 3 mos. 48.38
Assistant 2.0. Robinson 3 " 108.87
W. Smith 3 " 84.00
4238.25

Supplies

Auto and Travel

Expenses

Inventory Jan. 1, 1923

Inventory Dec. 31, 1923

28.20 218.88 \$188.48

AGRICULTURE

Professor G. Hancock B.S.A. 3000.00
Stenographer Mrs. E.E. Hooper 3 mos. 36.02
3036.02

Supplies and Repairs

Auto

Expenses

Supplies

Expenses

Inventory Jan. 1, 1923

Inventory Dec. 31, 1923

2415.56 4014.22 \$1598.66

Revenue

\$424.30

S U M M A R Y

<u>Dairying</u>	<u>Expenditure</u>	<u>Rev</u>
Stenographer, Mrs. L.E.Hooper (3 mos.)	40.02	40.02
Supplies	1037.55	
Light	63.22	
Phone	5.95	
Ice	40.90	
Repairs	18.80	
	<u>1166.42</u>	
Less Inventory Dec. 1, 1923	<u>99.10</u>	<u>1,107.34</u>
By Revenue		937.6

<u>Entomology</u>		
Professor, E.H.Strickland, M.Sc.	3500.00	3500.00
Assistant, H. A. Gray	100.00	
Supplies	387.95	
Sundry	41.61	
	<u>529.56</u>	<u>4,029.56</u>

SUMMARY

Deliveries

Expenditures

Stenographer, Mrs. E. B. Hooper (2 mos.)	40.00
Supplies	10.57.58
Light	65.42
Phone	5.95
Ice	40.90
Reparative	18.80

Less Inventory Dec. 1, 1933	39.10	1067.38	1,307.38
	1186.48		

By Revenue

Entomology

Professor, E. W. Strickland, M. Sc.	5500.00
Assistant, H. A. Gray	100.00
Supplies	387.92
Salary	41.61
	<u>5829.53</u>
	<u>5829.53</u>
	3800.00

S U M M A R YDecember 31st, 1923Physical Education

Rink	222.74	
Athletic Grounds	24.60	
Gymnasium	129.64	
Tennis	204.09	
Sundry	84.20	<u>\$665.27</u>

By Revenue

\$425.00Pharmacy

Supplies	958.60	
Telephone & Telegrams	20.14	
Travel	30.00	
Repairs	70.00	
Sundries	72.17	<u>1050.91</u>

By Revenue

\$234.37

FINANCIAL

December 31st, 1923

Physical Education

84.20	84.20	84.20
204.00	204.00	204.00
122.84	122.84	122.84
24.50	24.50	24.50
222.74	222.74	222.74

Swimming
Tennis
Gymnasium
Athletic Grounds
Risk

By Revenue

842.00

Pharmacy

72.17	72.17	72.17
70.00	70.00	70.00
30.00	30.00	30.00
20.14	20.14	20.14
258.60	258.60	258.60

Sundries
Repairs
Travel
Telephone & Telegrams
Supplies

By Revenue

824.87

S U M M A R Y

DECEMBER 31st, 1923.

EXTENSION DEPARTMENT.

Expenditure Revenue.

General

Director, A. E. Ottewell, M.A.	3400.00	
Asst. " E. A. Corbett, M. A.	2850.00	
Lecturer H. Patton	2400.00	
Stenographer, Miss A. Nelson	1260.00	
Stenographer Miss Malchow 4 mos	320.00	
Stenographer " McElevy 8 mos.	640.00	
	<u>10870.00</u>	<u>\$10870.00</u>

Travel and Auto	2174.77	
Agricultural Publications	1466.18	
Printing & Stationery	601.33	
Postage	152.00	
Phones and Telegrams	73.81	
Sundries	105.62	
Week for Farm Young People	90.05	
	<u>4663.75</u>	
Inventory Jan. 1, 1923	2348.75	
	<u>7012.51</u>	
Less Inventory Dec. 31, 1923	1551.50	
	<u>5461.01</u>	<u>5461.01</u>
		<u>16331.01</u>

Travelling Libraries.

Librarian, Miss J.F. Montgomery B.A.	1900.00	
Asst. " Miss E.M. Chiverton	900.00	
Stenographer " O.E. McDonnell	1020.00	
Stenographer R.W. Moss 4 mos	240.00	
Stenographer Mrs. F.M. Masson 1 mo.	75.00	
Sennographer Miss Hamilton 2 "	63.50	
Stenographer " B. Montgomery 1 "	70.00	4268.50
	<u>4268.50</u>	
Postage	117.11	
Stationery and Printing	418.92	
Periodicals & replacements	3480.44	
Supplies	103.74	
Telegrams & Telephones	5.58	4125.79
		<u>8394.29</u>

By Revenue

260.62

S U M M A R Y

DECEMBER 31st, 1923.

Revenue.

Expenditures

EXTENSION DEPARTMENT.

General

Director, A. E. Ottewill, M. A.	2400.00
Asst. " E. A. Corbett, M. A.	2350.00
Postmaster H. Patton	2400.00
Stenographer, Miss A. Nelson	1250.00
Stenographer Miss Malchow & nos	350.00
Stenographer " McElavery 3 nos.	840.00
	<u>10870.00</u>

Travel and Auto	2174.77
Agricultural Expenditures	1458.18
Printing & Stationery	801.33
Postage	122.00
Phones and Telegrams	73.61
Supplies	108.62
Wages for Farm Young People	90.00
	<u>4328.51</u>

Inventory Jan. 1, 1923	2348.75
	<u>1012.81</u>
Less Inventory Dec. 31, 1923	1521.20
	<u>491.61</u>
	<u>15321.01</u>

Traveling Expenses	
Director, Miss J. E. Montgomery, A. 1920.00	1920.00
Asst. " Miss E. M. Cliverton	900.00
Stenographer " O. E. McDonnell	1020.00
Stenographer E. W. Moss & nos	840.00
Stenographer Mrs. F. W. Mason 1 no.	75.00
Stenographer Miss Hamilton 2 "	62.50
Stenographer " E. Montgomery 1 "	70.00
	<u>4288.50</u>

Postage	117.11
Stationery and Printing	418.92
Periodicals & replacements	2480.44
Supplies	108.74
Telegrams & Telephones	5.28
	<u>4125.79</u>
	<u>8364.29</u>

S U M M A R Y

DECEMBER 31st, 1925.

83

Expenditure Revenue

EXTENSION DEPARTMENT

Visual Instruction

Salaries

Supervisor, H.P. Brown				2200.00	
Clerk, Miss J. Cook				940.00	
stenographer "	Shaw	3 mos.		225.00	
" "	Bell	9 "		630.00	
" "	Martin	6 "		445.20	
" "	Kilgour	6 "		<u>460.00</u>	4900.20

Trading	4941.16
Photo	823.87
Slides	1883.95
Films	1517.31
Replacements	191.28
Laundry	152.55
	<u>9510.12</u>

Inventory Jan. 1, 1923. 15549.80

Inventory, Dec. 31, 1923. 25059.92

19058.54 6001.38

10901.58

10901.58

Revenue

7563.98

S U M M A R Y

DECEMBER 31st, 1933.

Expenditure Revenue

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT

Salaries

Salaries

Supervisor, H.P. Brown	3200.00
Mr. J. Cook	940.00
Mr. J. Cook	323.00
Mr. J. Cook	320.00
Mr. J. Cook	443.70
Mr. J. Cook	460.00
Mr. J. Cook	460.00
Mr. J. Cook	460.00

Mr. J. Cook	461.16
Mr. J. Cook	823.87
Mr. J. Cook	1883.93
Mr. J. Cook	1317.81
Mr. J. Cook	121.23
Mr. J. Cook	122.33
Mr. J. Cook	2810.13
Mr. J. Cook	1883.80
Mr. J. Cook	1808.93
Mr. J. Cook	1808.84
Mr. J. Cook	1801.58
Mr. J. Cook	1801.58

1801.58

1883.93

Revenue

S U M M A R Y.

December 31st, 1923.

Residences.

Salaries.

Superintendent, Miss E.J.Russell	975.00
Light	3664.26
Water	1263.98
Phones	412.15
Fuel	40.41
Supplies	1297.57
Laundry	1702.80
Repairs and Sundry Charges	1284.51
Wages, Maids	5384.39
Wages, Janitors	6964.00
Wages, Night Watchman, R. Lister	180.00
	<u>23,169.07</u>

By Revenue

40,830.46

Dining Room.

Salaries.

Superintendent, Miss E.J.Russell	975.00
Dietician, Miss D.Curry (2 mos.)	200.00
Miss Eager (3½ mos.)	323.33
Wages, Maids	5191.61
Wages, Chef	1970.50
Wages, Assistants	5405.66
Provisions	47604.83
Laundry	1678.16
Light & Power	1500.05
Phones	56.55
Repairs	1311.51
Utensils	2695.80
Gas	600.00
Sundry	123.85

69636.85

Inventory, Jan.1, 1923

3820.83

73457.68

Less Inventory, Dec. 31, 1923

3497.11 69,960.57

By Revenue

80,170.80

3 U M M A N Y.

December 31st, 1928.

Residences.

Salaries.

975.00	Superintendent, Miss E. J. Russell
3884.28	Night
1288.98	Water
418.15	Phone
40.41	Fuel
1297.57	Supplies
1702.68	Laundry
1284.81	Repairs and Sundry Charges
2222.38	Wages, Males
2984.00	Wages, Janitors
180.00	Wages, Night Watchman, R. Lister
22,182.07	

By Revenue

Dining Room.

Salaries.

975.00	Superintendent, Miss E. J. Russell
200.00	Dishwasher, Miss D. Garry (2 mos.)
328.38	Miss Sawyer (2 1/2 mos.)
8721.61	Wages, Males
1279.80	Wages, Chef
5408.28	Wages, Assistants
47804.88	Provisions
1878.18	Laundry
1860.08	Light & Power
88.88	Phone
1811.61	Repairs
2893.80	Utilities
800.00	Gas
128.88	Sundry
69238.88	
3820.88	
7327.88	
8487.11	Base Inventory, Dec. 31, 1928
84,960.67	Inventory, Jan. 1, 1928

By Revenue

80,170.60

S U M M A R Y

DECEMBER 31st, 1923.

Expenditure Revenue

POWER PLANT

R.R. Couper	1015.15
Wages-Engineers	10060.00
Firemen	8228.60
Supplies	1587.92
Coal	13709.41
Oil	349.52
Repairs	2456.08
Light	3540.99
Telegrams and Telephones	132.25
Sundries	68.75

41148.67

Inventory Jan. 1, 1923.

1268.63

42417.30

Less Inventory Dec. 31, 1923.

987.40

\$41429.90

By Revenue

\$19455.01

DENTISTRY

Instructor, H.A. Gilchrist	D.D.S.1695.00
" H.E. Bulyea	D.M.D.1800.00
Supplies	61.83

\$3556.83

GAS PLANT

Coal	534.73
Oil	2370.67
Light	30.00
Supplies	66.87
Repairs	83.78
Wages	2504.15

5590.20

Inventory Jan. 1, 1923.

440.50

6030.70

Less Inventory Dec. 31, 1923.

295.65

\$5735.05

By Revenue

\$737.00

S U M M A R Y

DECEMBER 31st, 1933.

Expenditure Revenue

OWN PLANT

1015.15	H. Cooper
10000.00	Gen-Engineers
8328.80	Physician
1387.98	Appliances
13709.41	Oil
349.82	Al
3458.08	Repairs
3640.99	Light
128.25	Telegrams and Telephone
68.75	Under
4148.87	
1388.83	Inventory Jan. 1, 1933.
4217.30	
<u>987.40</u>	see Inventory Dec. 31, 1933.

\$4148.90

\$13488.01

Revenue

ENTIRETY

1388.83	Dr. H. A. Gifford D.D. 1388.00
41.82	" " H. E. Bailey D.M.D. 1800.00
<u>1388.83</u>	Appliances

AS PLANT

554.73	Oil
370.87	Al
30.00	Light
88.87	Appliances
88.78	Repairs
3604.15	Gas
3393.30	
440.80	Inventory Jan. 1, 1933.
6030.70	
<u>238.65</u>	see Inventory Dec. 31, 1933.

\$6738.65

\$437.00

Revenue

S U M M A R Y.

26

Laboratories.

Physics	1,375.91	
Anatomy	\$ 1,031.91	
Botany	728.26	
Bio-chemistry	2,563.26	
Civil Engineering	406.21	
Chemistry	3,395.78	
Clinical Medicine	89.70	
Dentistry	8.93	
Drawing	58.74	
Electrical Engineering	594.65	
Geology	1,504.58	
History	9.43	
Mining Engineering	1,144.53	
Mathmatics	62.38	
Moderns	151.08	
Physiology	2,368.37	
Mechanical Engineering	33.31	
Philosophy	253.31	
Pathology	7.15	
Zoology	1,027.32	
Household Economics	639.81	
Inventory Jan.1,1923	137.82	
	<u>777.63</u>	
Less " Dec.31,1923	<u>112.50</u>	<u>665.13</u>
By Revenue.....		\$ <u>17,479.94</u>
		\$ <u>998.21</u>

Insurance.

Unexpired, Dec. 31, 1922	7,192.53	
Premium Paid	8,836.77	
	<u>16,029.30</u>	
Less unexpired Dec. 31,1923	<u>9,810.25</u>	\$ <u>6,219.05</u>

Travelling Expenses.

Board of Governors	246.90	
Senate	51.85	
President	537.28	
Sundry	<u>455.65</u>	\$ <u>1,291.68</u>

Bank Interest and Discount.

Disbursements	<u>2,536.28</u>	\$ <u>2,536.28</u>
---------------	-----------------	--------------------

By Revenue..... \$ 125.47

Upkeep of Motors.

Gasoline	508.07	
Repairs, Licenses, etc.	<u>870.41</u>	\$ <u>1,378.48</u>

S U M M A R Y .

Laboratories.

Physics	1,378.91
Anatomy	\$ 1,031.91
Botany	728.36
Bio-chemistry	2,563.26
Civil Engineering	406.21
Chemistry	2,295.78
Clinical Medicine	83.70
Dentistry	8.93
Drawing	58.74
Electrical Engineering	594.65
Geology	1,504.38
History	9.43
Mining Engineering	1,144.23
Mathematics	62.38
Moderns	151.08
Physiology	2,368.37
Mechanical Engineering	23.31
Philosophy	253.31
Pathology	7.18
Zoology	1,027.35

Household Economics 639.81
Inventory Jan. 1, 1923 137.82
777.63

Loss " Dec. 31, 1923 118.50 685.13 \$ 17,479.94
By Revenue..... \$ 998.31

Insurance.

Unexpired, Dec. 31, 1922 7,192.63
Premium Paid 8,836.77
16,029.40
Loss unexpired Dec. 31, 1923 9,810.25 \$ 6,219.05

Traveling Expenses.

Board of Governors 248.90
Senate 61.65
President 337.28
Sundry 438.65 \$ 1,291.68

Bank Interest and Discount.

Disbursements 2,536.28 \$ 2,536.28

Upkeep of Motor.

Gasoline 506.07
Repairs, Licenses, etc. 870.41 \$ 1,376.48

By Revenue..... \$ 125.47

37

S U M M A R Y

SCHOLARSHIPS & MEDALS

Alberta Pharmaceutical Assen.	80.00
Students Loan Fund	200.00
Heustis Memorial	25.00
Wells Prize	50.00
University Matriculation	25.00
Stuchbury Prize	25.00
College Physicians & Surgeons	150.00
Returned Soldiers Scholarship	156.00
Sir James Aiken	125.00
P. Burns Prize	150.00
Ash Bros. Medals	210.00

1196.00

By Revenue:

Alberta Pharmaceutical Assen.	80.00
Heustis Memorial	25.00
Wells Prize French	50.00
Stuchbury Prize	25.00
Miss Alford re	
Returned Soldiers Scholarship	156.00
Sir James Aiken	125.00
College Physicians & Surgeons	150.00
P. Burns Prize	150.00
Mr. J. H. Lines	70.00
Hon. Chief Justice Harvey	35.00
Mr. John A. McDougall	35.00
Mr. G. A. Thibault	35.00
Miss Deadman	35.00

9716

S U M M A R YDECEMBER 31st, 1923.

28

CONTINGENCIES

		<u>Expenditure</u>	<u>Rev.</u>
Postage	702.70		
Telegrams	188.76		
Telephones	1604.65		
Printing and Stationery	2834.44		
Seals	285.95		
Salaries, Summer School	1900.00		
Extra Assistance	36.40		
Typewriters and Adding Machines	516.14		
Imprest Fund	2000.00		
Undries	658.42		
		<u>10727.46</u>	
Revenue			<u>2000.00</u>

BOOKSTORE AND POST OFFICE

<u>Salaries</u>			
Manager, C.W. Hosford		1500.00	
Assistant A.G. Hosford		900.00	
Extra " Miss Herrald	6 mos.	366.43	
" " S. MacMillan		70.00	
" " L. Tennant		20.25	
" " Miss Killans	6 "	467.50	3324.18
Expenses		74.82	
Merchandise		20745.35	
		<u>20820.17</u>	
Inventory Jan. 1, 1923.		17890.65	
		<u>38710.82</u>	
Inventory Dec. 31, 1923.		<u>17746.38</u>	<u>20964.44</u>
			<u>24288.62</u>
Revenue			<u>25137.23</u>

DECEMBER 31st, 1933.

Expenditures

NOV.

703.70
188.75
1804.35
2884.44
288.95
1900.00
28.40
516.16
2000.00
558.42

10787.46

2000.00

AND PORT CHARGE

1500.00
800.00
844.42
70.00
20.15
487.20

3324.78

74.82
2078.35
2080.17
14890.60
28710.82
17748.38

25.88343

20884.44

28137.23

Jan. 1, 1933.

Dec. 31, 1933.

S U M M A R Y

DECEMBER 31st, 1923.

PRINTING DEPARTMENT

Printer, Jas. Bill	2400.00
Printer	211.82
Merchandise	14600.40
Presses	13353.20
Lenses	663.97
Plant	5476.99
Telephone	2.00
	<u>36708.38</u>
Inventory Jan. 1, 1923.	7580.04
	<u>44288.42</u>
Inventory Dec. 31, 1923.	<u>12219.10</u>

Revenue

\$32069.32

38025.18

UTILITY HOUSES

se #1 Dr. Tory	147.09
#2 C.E. Race	64.00
#3 W.A.R. Kerr	144.69
#4 A.F.L. Lehmann	93.90
#5 A. West	88.76
#6 J.A. Allan	156.54
#7 E.W. Sheldon	172.64
#8 E.A. Howes	73.07
#9 C.S. Burgess	103.57
#10 C.A. Robb	50.97
#11 S.S. Smith	16.65
#12 D.E. Cameron	34.23
Steam Line	<u>67.52</u>

1213.63

Revenue

6060.00

SUMMARY

THOMAS 21st, 1923.

Expenditures Revenue

ING DEPARTMENT

2400.00
211.82
14500.40
13385.20
888.37
8478.99
13.00
88708.38
7880.04
44888.48
12319.10

33088.28

ter, 2nd, 1911
Anglice
ased
dome
ory Jan. 1, 1923.
ory Dec. 31, 1923.

38025.18

BY HOUSE

147.09
84.00
144.42
23.90
88.78
126.64
173.84
73.07
108.27
80.27
18.82
24.28
27.82

1815.68

Dr. Toly
C.B. Bage
W.A.R. Fort
A.F.L. Lehmann
A. West
J.A. Allen
W.W. Sheldon
W.A. Howe
C.B. Bage
C.A. Cobb
B.S. Smith
D.E. Cameron
Steam Line

8080.00

AVANCE

S U M M A R Y

Building Repairs.

Salary, Supt, of Property		
J.A. Langlands	1700.00	
Arts Building	1001.96	
Double Laboratory & Power Plant	196.46	
North Engineering Building	644.51	
Pembina Residence	987.79	
Athabasca Residence	1841.29	
Assiniboia Residence	1327.83	
South Engineering Building	397.51	
Medical & Chemistry Buildings	743.78	8,831.13
Grounds	5253.85	
Less Inventory Dec. 31, 1923	1417.90	3,835.95
		<u>12,667.08</u>

By Revenue

2,496.65

Main Teaching Buildings,
Maintenance.

Wages	9710.50	
Supplies	1045.38	
Laundry	202.20	
Light	8921.68	
Water	2104.81	
Repairs	713.40	
	<u>22697.97</u>	
Inventory Jan. 1, 1923	505.10	
	<u>23203.07</u>	
Less Inventory Dec. 31, 1923	238.10	22,964.97

By Revenue

291.36

Printing and Advertising.

Calendars and Pamphlets	1848.50	
Press Bulletin	855.36	
Postage	300.00	3,003.86

Library

Magazines, etc.	1976.17	
Repairs	39.75	
Postage	41.12	
Sundry	13.93	
	<u>2,070.97</u>	

SUMMARY

Industrial Laboratory

Prov. Analyst, J.A. Kelso, M.Sc.	8750.00
Lab. Assistant, A.G. Scroggie, B.Sc.	1800.00
	<u>2,550.00</u>
Postage	18.50
Supplies	1813.75
Towels	42.30
Phones and Telegrams	24.40
Ice	29.05
Repairs	112.95
Sundry	22.75
	<u>2,103.70</u>
	<u>7,653.70</u>

By Revenue

1,654.39

Provincial Laboratory

From Industrial Laboratory	
Director, A.G. Rankin, O.M.S., M.D., C.M.	4500.00
D.P.H., C.R.G.P., M.B., B.S.	
Prov. Serologist, J.J. Ower, B.A., M.D.	4500.00
C.M.	
Prov. Bacteriologist, R.M. Shaw, B.A.	2500.00
M.D., O.M.S., D.P.H.	
Lab. Assistant, Dr. H. Vango, M.D., C.M.	1500.00
(7 mos.)	
Miss A. Watson	1440.00
" J. Smith (7 mos.)	392.00
" G. Tyler (7 mos.)	302.50
" E.R. McLean (2 mos.)	21.32
Inspector, Dr. Harris, 1922-23 season	150.00
Lab. Assistant, Miss J. McFarlane, 8 mos.	450.00
Glen, Miss A. Newton	1500.00
Stenographer, Miss M. Paul	950.00
Lab. Boy, M. Southern	900.00
James Thompson	<u>3.55</u>
	<u>20,123.05</u>

Auto Expenses	504.05
Postage	224.00
Phones and Telegrams	140.60
Travel	213.80
Supplies	2257.51
Janitor	1125.00
Ice	152.30
Towels	276.50
Repairs	122.12
Stationery	522.03
Glides	80.00
Sundry	<u>43.24</u>

6,333.64 20,456.69

234,140.39

SUMMARY

Teachers' Courses.

Director, D.S. MacKenzie	3300.00	
Instructor, Miss J.M. McBratney, 7 mos.	1050.00	
" Norrington, B.A. 8 "	1200.00	
Mrs. E.T. Mitchell, B.A. 7 "	1050.00	
Stenographer, Miss H.S. Edwards, B.A.	1140.00	7,740.00

Postage	88.00	
Stationery	193.75	
Sundries	37.00	318.75
		<u>8,058.75</u>

Works Department

Superintendent, F.R. Hiron	2700.00	
Electrician, H. Miller	2160.00	4,860.00

Light and Power	70.82	
Wages	16596.24	
Merchandise	11125.48	
Phones	104.40	
Sundries	415.71	
	<u>28312.65</u>	
Inventory, Jan. 1, 1923	<u>12296.95</u>	

	40609.60	
Less Inventory, Dec. 31, 1923	<u>11556.26</u>	29,053.34
		<u>33,913.34</u>

33,454.90

By Revenue

Debenture Interest.

4 1/2% on 2,000,000	90000.00
6 " 100,000	6000.00
5 1/2% " 300,000	16500.00
6 1/2% " 450,000	29250.00
6 " 750,000	45000.00
6 " 400,000	24000.00
5 " 150,000	7500.00
	<u>218250.00</u>

New York Exchange	<u>3395.81</u>	<u>221,645.81</u>
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221,493.99

SUMMARY

Teachers' Courses

3200.00	Director, D.S. MacKenzie
1050.00	Director, Miss J.H. McBrethney, Y. sec.
1200.00	" " Harrington, F.A. 6
1050.00	" " Mrs. E.F. Mitchell, B.A. 7
1140.00	Photographer, Miss M.S. Edwards, B.A.
88.00	
128.78	
37.20	
318.78	
3,058.78	

Works Department

3200.00	Apprentice, E.H. Hixon
3200.00	Assistant, H. Miller
70.82	Light and Power
18896.84	ages
11785.48	orchardias
1004.40	phones
418.71	night
28812.93	
12308.93	Inventory, Jan. 1, 1933
40809.80	
11886.88	Inventory, Dec. 31, 1933
39,083.84	
33,913.84	
55,454.1	

By November

Deposits Interest

20000.00	on 2,000,000
6000.00	" 100,000
18600.00	" 300,000
22280.00	" 483,000
13000.00	" 750,000
24000.00	" 400,000
7800.00	" 150,000
618250.00	
3085.81	on York Exchange
321,645.81	
321,400.1	

INVENTORIES - CURRENT

DECEMBER 31st 1923.

223	Field Husbandry	✓	368.21 ✓	400.62
224	Animal Husbandry	✓	5012.74 ✓	14.102
224	Soils	✓	472.50 ✓	
228	Agricultural Engineering	✓	25.20 ✓	
227	Horticulture	2022.60	2413.35	
229	Dairy	✓	99.10	
31	Extension			
u	General	✓	1551.50	
c	Trading	✓	19058.54 ✓	
33	Dining Room		3497.11 ✓	
34	Power Plant	✓	987.40	
36	Gas Plant	✓	295.65	
37	Main Teaching Buildings	✓	238.10 ✓	
43	Household Economics	✓	112.50	
49	Bookstore	✓	17746.38 ✓	
50	Printing Department		12219.10 ✓	
56	Works Department	Electric 1704.06 } works 8978.50 } machine 1369.20 }	11556.26 ✓	11546.26
52	Grounds	✓	1417.90 ✓	
	Night Watchman, Clock System	✓	157.84 ✓	
	Same as 1922		\$77229.38	

INVENTORIES - CURRENT

DECEMBER 31st 1932.

368.21	Field Husbandry
5012.74	Animal Husbandry
472.50	Soils
25.20	Agricultural Engineering
2412.25	Horticulture
22.10	Dairy
11521.50	Extension
19028.24	General
2427.11	Trading
227.40	Dining Room
222.65	Tower Plant
238.10	Gas Plant
112.50	Main Teaching Buildings
11746.38	Household Economics
12212.10	Bookstore
11556.22	Printing Department
1417.30	Works Department
127.84	Grounds
11722.38	Night Watchman, Clock System

ACCOUNTS PAYABLEDECEMBER 31, 1923

Alberta Linseed Oil Co. Ltd.	945.73
Alberta Dairy Supplies Ltd.	13.29
Arctic Ice Co. Ltd.	32.35
City of Edmonton - Light & Power Dept.	461.14
The Century Magazine	5.00
J. M. Dent & Sons Ltd.	7.27
Dominion Motors Ltd.	96.15
General Biological Supply Hse.	73.09
Gillespie Grain Co. Ltd.	1,889.80
Ingram & Bell	324.56
Longmans, Green & Co.	15.01
P. Manning Lumber Co. Ltd.	2.70
Macdonald-Cooper Ltd.	37.39
National Drug & Chemical Co. of Can. Ltd.	12.99
Thos. Nelson & Sons Ltd.	2.51
North-West Mill & Feed Co. Ltd.	385.00
J. H. Remick & Co.	1.63
Ryerson Press	146.80
Simpkin, Marshall, Hamilton, Kent & Co.	40.00
A. H. Thomas Co. Ltd.	6.68
The Topley Co. Ltd.	5.53
West Disinfecting Co.	140.60
Imperial Bank Drafts:	
The British Drug Houses, London	£8-2-0
Edward Stanford Ltd. London	3-1-6
Religious Tract Society "	6-2-2
Methuen & Co. Ltd. "	8-14-2
Approximately	<u>130.00</u>
Imperial Bank Drafts:	
Baker & Taylor Co. New York	.67
Bausch & Lomb Optical Co. Rech. N.Y.	43.80
Central Scientific, Chicago	15.54
Denver Fire Clay Co., Denver	7.15
Eimer & Amend, New York	5.58
General Biological Supply, Chicago	213.53
Arthur H. Thomas Co. Philadelphia, Pa.	578.05
Wards Natural Science Establishment	
Rochester, New York	46.30
City of Edmonton - Telephone	<u>250.00</u>

\$ 5,935.82

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

DECEMBER 31, 1923

946.73	Alberta Lined Oil Co. Ltd.
12.23	Alberta Dairy Supplies Ltd.
32.32	Apple Ice Co. Ltd.
481.14	City of Edmonton - Light & Power Dept.
8.00	The Century Magazine
7.27	J. M. Dent & Sons Ltd.
92.12	Dominion Motors Ltd.
73.09	General Biological Supply Hse.
1,889.80	Gillespie Grain Co. Ltd.
324.52	Ingram & Bell
12.01	Lanterns, Green & Co.
2.70	P. Manning Lumber Co. Ltd.
37.29	Macdonald-Cooper Ltd.
12.29	National Drug & Chemical Co. of Can. Ltd.
2.51	Thos. Nelson & Sons Ltd.
885.00	North-West Mill & Feed Co. Ltd.
1.23	J. H. Remick & Co.
142.80	Ryerson Press
40.00	Simpkin, Marshall, Hamilton, Kent & Co.
2.22	A. M. Thomas Co. Ltd.
2.22	The Topley Co. Ltd.
140.20	West Distilling Co.
	Imperial Bank Branch:
	The British Drug Houses, London 8-3-0
	Edward Stansfeld Ltd. London 2-1-8
	" " " " " 2-2-2
	" " " " " 2-14-2
120.00	Matheson & Co. Ltd.
	Imperial Bank Branch:
	Baker & Taylor Co. New York
42.80	Barnack & Lomb Optical Co. New York
12.24	Central Scientific, Chicago
7.12	Denver Wire Clay Co., Denver
5.22	Hiner & Asand, New York
212.22	General Biological Supply, Chicago
278.02	Arthur H. Thomas Co. Philadelphia, Pa.
	Watts Natural Science Establishment
42.20	Rochester, New York
280.00	City of Edmonton - Telephone

\$ 6,925.82

85

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE.

UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL.

DECEMBER 31, 1923.

Alberta Government Telephones	2.60
Archibald, A.	37.90
American Shoe Store Ltd.	6.50
Arctic Ice Co.Ltd.	74.00
Bakewell's Coffee & Tea Co.Ltd.	38.00
Brook, Stanley, Ltd.	142.27
Brook, W. R. Co.Ltd.	836.71
Blowey Henry Co.Ltd.	683.00
Beare, S. B. Ltd.	178.69
Burns, P. & Co.Ltd.	939.11
Burroughs Adding Machine of Can.Ltd.	2.75
Brown Fruit Co.Ltd.	13.24
Beaver Soap Co.Ltd.	144.21
Canadian General Electric Co.Ltd.	114.55
City of Edmonton, Electric Light & Power	92.25
Cassidy's Limited	105.83
Cash, J. & J.	17.00
Clark, W. H. & Co.Ltd.	130.46
Chandler & Fisher Ltd.	37.32
Crown Coal Co.Ltd.	2,255.55
Campbell, Wilson & Horne Ltd.	58.92
Davies J. A.	1.40
Dornan, J. C.	54.08
Equipment & Supplies Ltd.	23.20
Egg & Poultry Marketing Service	561.51
Edmonton City Dairy Ltd.	1,224.60
Edmonton Produce Co.	13.86
French Shoe Shop	174.75
Frost, Chas. E. & Co.	89.18
Graham & Reid	921.96
General Supplies Ltd.	104.04
Government Telegraph Service	1.00
Gainers Limited	23.40
Great West Saddlery Co.Ltd	.88
Hardisty Drug Co.Ltd.	7.85
Hartz, J. F. Co.Ltd.	54.45
Hayward Lumber Co.Ltd.	6.00
Hepburns Limited	7.20
Hudsons Bay Co.Ltd.	17.80
Ingram & Bell	329.91
Imperial Oil Co.Ltd.	12.31
Ideal Bakery Ltd.	220.33
Jackson Bros, Foundry & Machine shop	9.25
Jackson Bros, Jewellers	2.50
Kennedy, E. N. Co.	9.20
Lake of the Wood Milling Co.Ltd.	15.65
Metals Limited	37.18
Mewburn, L. T. Co.Ltd.	293.97
Mosby Medical Book & Pub. Co.	1.08

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL

DECEMBER 31, 1933.

1.08	Neely Medical Book & Pub. Co.
298.97	Newburn, L. F. Co. Ltd.
87.18	Metals Limited
18.68	Lake of the Wood Milling Co. Ltd.
9.20	Kennedy, E. H. Co.
2.80	Jackson Bros, Jewellers
2.80	Jackson Bros, Bunnery & Machine shop
280.23	Ideal Bakery Ltd.
18.73	Imperial Oil Co. Ltd.
880.91	Ingram & Bell
17.80	Hudsons Bay Co. Ltd.
7.30	Hepburns Limited
6.00	Hayward Import Co. Ltd.
84.45	Hertz, J. W. Co. Ltd.
7.38	Hardisty Drug Co. Ltd.
.88	Great West Bagelry Co. Ltd.
33.48	Gaines Limited
1.00	Government Telegraph Service
104.04	General Supplies Ltd.
921.98	Graham & Reid
89.18	Prosser, Chas. E. & Co.
174.78	French Shoe Shop
13.88	Ramonton Produce Co.
1,284.80	Edmonton City Dairy Ltd.
881.81	Egg & Poultry Marketing Service
23.30	Edmonton & Supplies Ltd.
54.08	Borman, J. G.
1.40	Davies, J. A.
38.38	Campbell, Wilson & Horne Ltd.
2,288.58	Crown Coal Co. Ltd.
37.88	Chandler & Fisher Ltd.
130.48	Clark, W. H. & Co. Ltd.
17.00	Cash, J. & J.
108.88	Cashley's Limited
98.88	City of Edmonton, Electric Light & Power
114.88	Canadian General Electric Co. Ltd.
144.81	Beaver Soap Co. Ltd.
13.84	Brown Fruit Co. Ltd.
2.78	Burroughs Adding Machine of Can. Ltd.
389.41	Burns, P. & Co. Ltd.
178.89	Beane, S. H. Ltd.
883.00	Bloway Henry Co. Ltd.
880.71	Brook, Stanley. Ltd.
148.27	Bakewell's Coffee & Tea Co. Ltd.
88.00	Arctic Ice Co. Ltd.
74.00	American Shoe Store Ltd.
8.80	Archibald, A.
27.90	Alberts Government Telephones

Accounts Payable - continued.University Hospital.December 31, 1924

Misericordia Hospital	486.25
McLaughlin, J. J. Ltd.	158.52
McClary Manufacturing Co.	79.25
McKay-Turner Co. Ltd.	.60
Macdonald-Cooper Co. Ltd.	269.14
National Chemical Co. of Canada Ltd.	102.73
Northwestern Utilities Ltd.	250.00
Otis Penson Elevator Co. Ltd.	409.88
Office Specialty Mfg. Co. Ltd.	22.83
Parke Davis Sales Corporation	12.75
Plunkett, Savage & Sutherland Ltd.	60.60
Pyramid Oil & Refining Co. Ltd.	126.27
Quality Tire Repair Co. Ltd.	4.50
Royal Crown Soap Ltd.	67.10
Royal Fruit Co. Ltd.	210.95
Simmons Limited	457.19
Stephens, G. F. & Co. Ltd.	39.52
Stevens, Alberta Companies Ltd.	307.50
Swift Canadian Co. Ltd.	806.74
Service Drug Stores Ltd.	2.80
Snowdon, C. C.	59.36
Thornton, Perkins & Co. Ltd.	2.50
United Typewriter Co. Ltd.	16.10
U-File M Binder Mfg. Co. Ltd.	14.01
Victor X-Ray Corporation of Can Ltd.	695.78
Woodland Dairy Ltd.	693.34
Wood, Sherry, Collison & Field	3.00
Western Steel Products Ltd.	184.00
Western Grocers Ltd.	126.31
Down Bros. Ltd.	835.00
Canadian Red Cross Society	309.75
Revillon Wholesale Ltd.	2,613.65

\$19,548.32

22, 842, 915

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

37

DEBITSDECEMBER 31st, 1923.

Alexandra School	15.00
Alex Taylor School	1.00
Archer, Dr. A.E.	7.00
Alberta Medical Assn.	47.30
Alumni Assn.	758.45
Alta. Straw & Stone Products	15.00
Austin, C.J.	6.50
Atkinson, Miss	10.00
Alta. Social Service League	27.00
Ash Temple Co. Ltd.,	298.07
Bosomworth, Rev. H.	21.15
Barnecut, F.J.	1.00
Brown, Mr. H.P.	14.78
Blais, I.N.	2.50
Brand, Dr.	20.00
Budinski, N.	103.99
Bowstead, Mr.	16.11
Briscoe, W.H.	12.80
Bellos, W.	12.00
Bateman, Mrs. M.	2.50
Bate, Rev. J.	5.05
Bell, Leo W.	2.00
Butcher, Mr.	6.75
Class '25	5.75
Cook, Miss J.	4.67
Clark, Mr.	1.00
Corbett, E.A.	22.83
Church, J.A.H.	10.00
Curothers, A.F.	5.00
Collier, J.J.	7.50
Cameron, D.A.	10.00
Cromb, Rev. H.T.	60.60
Crawford, Mr.	1.50
Capital Feed Co.	7.50
Cameron, D.E.	13.66
Clyde Local U.F.A.	3.50
City of Calgary	10.00
Canadian Coal Co.	40.00
Cork, Miss M.	27.00
Crux, Dr.	4.75
Dennison & Collins	67.67
Down, H.H.	10.00
Downs, G.F.	15.00
Dominion Government Tax Account	863.83
Drummond, L.E.	25.00
Dominion Government A.R.C.	173.04
Derochers, J.P.	34.50
Dunfield, Mr.	1.00
Dunn, Prof.	5.25
Dewey, Mr.	.75
Edmonton Federation Comm. Leagues	43.00
Elsdon, Rev. J.F.	81.20
Eddy, Dr. N.B.	13.44
Edwards, Capt.	2.00

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

DEBITS

RECEIPTS 1923

13.00	Alexander School
1.00	Alex Taylor School
7.00	Archer, Dr. A.H.
47.30	Albert Medical Assn.
752.48	Alumni Assn.
18.00	Alto, Brian & Stone Products
8.50	Asselin, C.J.
10.00	Attwood, Miss
27.00	Alto, Social Service League
228.07	Ass Temple Co. Ltd.
21.18	Baconworth, Rev. H.
1.00	Barnes, E.L.
14.78	Brown, Mr. H.P.
8.50	Blaiss, I.H.
20.00	Brand, Dr.
108.99	Brinkman, H.
16.11	Brown, Mr.
12.80	Brown, W.H.
12.00	Bell, W.
2.50	Bateman, Mrs. M.
2.08	Bate, Rev. J.
2.00	Bell, Geo. W.
6.78	Bateman, Mr.
8.78	Blaiss, Mrs.
4.67	Blaiss, Mrs.
1.00	Blaiss, Mr.
22.88	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
10.00	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
2.00	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
7.50	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
10.00	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
20.00	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
1.50	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
7.50	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
12.88	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
2.50	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
10.00	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
20.00	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
27.00	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
4.78	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
67.87	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
10.00	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
12.00	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
22.88	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
22.00	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
178.04	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
24.50	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
1.00	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
2.28	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
78	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
43.00	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
21.50	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
12.44	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.
2.00	Blaiss, Mrs. A.A.

Ferris, R.B.	50.00
French Club	72.67
Fraser, A.R.	10.00
Farrel, Rev. A.C.	8.00
Fletcher, Dr.	8.00
Freeman, Mr. G.L.	10.00
Fraser, Stuart	2.73
Folinsbee, Dr. J. F.	4.18
Gateway	916.43
Grisdale, Mr.	3.60
Gillies, Jno.	5.00
Gibson, Dr. G.M.	5.00
Gow, W.D.	5.00
Gould, A.J.	15.00
Galt Hospital	10.45
Hogg, W.J.	1.25
Hall, G.M.	10.00
Hudson Bay Co.	70.00
Henderson, B.M. Co.	272.90
Hewton, Miss A.	.43
Houlton, Sidney Co.	10.00
Hilton, M.J.	9.00
Hughson, Rev.	.50
Holeton, Geo. R.	11.30
House League Basket Ball	6.50
Harkness, Mr.	2.00
Historical Club	1.00
Henth, D.C. & Co.	.58
Industrial Laboratory	245.50
Irvine, J.A.	20.00
Institute of C.A.	1.10
Imperial Bank	5.00
Insurance Account	1916.86
James, W.E.	85.10
Jackson, Roy	40.40
Jamieson, Dr.	107.42
Judah, N.E.	10.00
Jamieson, F.G.	19.55
Junior Dance	.30
James, E.W.	2.00
Johnston, A.C.	6.40
Jeffer, C.A.	2.00
Jones, Mr. E.	20.00
Jackson, J.H.	1.00
Jones, J.T.	1.00
Kanes, E.W.S.	4.70
Key, J.H.	5.00
Klevin, Mr.	2.50
Lawrie, Rev. J.R.	1.00
Law, Frank	1.94
Longman, O.S.	1.45
Law Society	19.25
Lees, Rev. W.M.	1.00
Lásie, James	4.70
Live Stock Commissioner	50.00
Law Commerce Rugby Club	3.15
Misener, Miss J.	7.26

50.00	Terrie, R.B.
72.87	Wrensch Club
10.00	Transt, A.R.
2.00	Turner, Rev. A.G.
2.00	Witcher, Dr.
10.00	Wyseman, Mr. C.I.
2.75	Transt, Stuart
2.18	Wolfinbush, Dr. J. W.
210.43	Gateway
2.43	Grubbs, Mr.
2.00	Stiller, Mrs.
2.00	Gibson, Dr. G.M.
2.00	Gow, W.D.
12.00	Gould, A.J.
10.42	Galt Hospital
1.25	Hager, W.J.
10.00	Hall, G.M.
10.00	Hudson Bay Co.
272.90	Henderson, E.M. Co.
42	Hawson, Miss A.
10.00	Harrison, Sidney Co.
2.00	Hilton, M.J.
2.00	Hughson, Rev.
11.30	Holston, Geo. R.
2.80	Horse League Basket Ball
2.00	Harrison, Mr.
1.00	Hindorfski Club
248.80	Heath, E.C. & Co.
80.00	Industrial Laboratory
1.10	Irvine, J.A.
1.10	Institute of C.A.
2.00	Imperial Bank
1012.82	Insurance Account
22.10	Jones, W.E.
20.40	Jackson, Roy
107.42	Jackson, Dr.
10.00	Judge, W.B.
12.22	Jackson, F.E.
2.00	Junior League
2.00	Jones, E.E.
2.40	Johnson, A.C.
2.00	Jettix, O.A.
20.00	Jones, Mr. E.
1.00	Jackson, J.E.
1.00	Jones, J.F.
2.70	Kearns, E.W.S.
2.00	Koy, J.E.
2.00	Klevin, Mr.
1.00	Kawrie, Rev. J.H.
1.24	Law, Frank
1.42	Longman, O.S.
12.22	Law Society
1.00	Leas, Rev. W.M.
4.70	Leas, James
20.00	Live Stock Commissioner
2.12	Law Commerce Buggy Club
7.22	Misner, Miss J.

Accounts Receivable - Debits - 3.

Meyerman, H.	3.99
Mayfair Golf Club	2.66
Marsh, Rev. W.C.	.10
Marker, Mr.	3.00
Martin, H.	5.00
Military Hospital	13.50
Medical Club	13.04
Mining & Geological Society	2.50
Mitchell, A.	9.80
Murray, J.J. Ltd.	100.47
Martin, H.F.	2.50
Matheson, A.S.	105.00
Mury, S.	.75
Mulloy, Dr. J.K.	18.00
Metals Ltd.	7.50
Montgomery, Mr. A.	3.00
McCarter, G.S.	10.00
McLagan, Rev. Jas. A.C.	24.37
McBeath, J.P.	5.05
McNeill, Rev. H.C.	119.00
McDonald, R.C.	149.25
McIntyre, Mr. J.W.	3.50
McAllister, Jack	4.75
Newson, W.V.	20.00
Nixon, Rev. Hugh	22.20
Naylor, Rev. I.J.	2.00
North West Lumber Co.Ltd.	25.00
Nelson, Mr.	10.00
Nobbs, Percy	20.00
Oliver Public School	.75
Peter, Frank	11.55
Perry, B.L.	26.75
Patriola Pharmacal Co.	106.74
Public Works	10.00
Ponton, G.P.	1.98
Prov. Government Mines Branch	110.00
Pike, Rev. W.H.	53.00
Pinkston, L.W.	10.50
Polar Aerated Water Works Ltd.	5.00
Prov. Govt. Dept. of Agriculture	298.05
Parkdale Comm. League	4.30
Perry, Frank	40.00
Pulos, Jim	2.50
Prov. Library	.40
Ptarmigan Lumber Co.	10.00
Pitcher, W.C.	73.42
Purchase, Rev. F.E.	33.70
Pate, John	19.05
Petrie, D.A.	1.50
Pike A. & Co. Ltd.	2.40
Ross, W.	1.45
Rehwinkle, Rev. A.	8.65
Ramsey James Ltd.	113.60
Robertson Church	3.60
Ridley, R.W.	4.80
Ried, Mrs.	120.50
Reid, K.F.	13.00
Rappel, John	2.50

2.39	McKeehan, E.
2.68	McKeehan, E.
1.10	McKeehan, E.
2.00	McKeehan, E.
2.00	McKeehan, E.
12.50	McKeehan, E.
12.00	McKeehan, E.
2.50	McKeehan, E.
2.50	McKeehan, E.
100.47	McKeehan, E.
2.50	McKeehan, E.
108.00	McKeehan, E.
7.75	McKeehan, E.
18.00	McKeehan, E.
7.50	McKeehan, E.
2.50	McKeehan, E.
10.00	McKeehan, E.
24.27	McKeehan, E.
2.00	McKeehan, E.
119.00	McKeehan, E.
143.25	McKeehan, E.
2.50	McKeehan, E.
4.75	McKeehan, E.
20.00	McKeehan, E.
22.50	McKeehan, E.
2.00	McKeehan, E.
22.00	McKeehan, E.
10.00	McKeehan, E.
20.00	McKeehan, E.
7.75	McKeehan, E.
11.25	McKeehan, E.
22.75	McKeehan, E.
108.75	McKeehan, E.
10.00	McKeehan, E.
1.25	McKeehan, E.
110.00	McKeehan, E.
22.00	McKeehan, E.
10.00	McKeehan, E.
2.00	McKeehan, E.
228.08	McKeehan, E.
4.30	McKeehan, E.
40.00	McKeehan, E.
2.50	McKeehan, E.
2.00	McKeehan, E.
10.00	McKeehan, E.
73.42	McKeehan, E.
22.70	McKeehan, E.
19.08	McKeehan, E.
1.20	McKeehan, E.
2.40	McKeehan, E.
1.45	McKeehan, E.
2.25	McKeehan, E.
112.50	McKeehan, E.
2.50	McKeehan, E.
4.80	McKeehan, E.
120.50	McKeehan, E.
12.00	McKeehan, E.
2.50	McKeehan, E.

Accounts Receivable - Debits - 4.

Ross, James A.	4.00
Richard, Rev. A.D.	1.50
Reith, Miss	1.00
Ruddy, G.T.	4.00
Rea, J.	10.00
Robins Bishop	1.25
Rae, Rev.	1.00
Royal Alexandra Hospital	59.95
Royal Curling Club	.60
Roberts, E.	1.00
Simmondson, Rev. R.A. Court	9.65
Sheldon, Dr.	8.50
Students Union General	29.74
Students Union Women's Initiation	11.05
Students Union Rugby Club	.95
Students Union Dramatic Society	62.69
Students Union Debating Club	.45
Students Union Rink Account	673.03
Sims, Major	5.50
Smith, H.	7.95
Sullivan, Major	10.00
S.C.M. Mens	3.00
Spence, F.M.	1.00
Science Assn.	7.55
Stitt, Rev. M.E.	1.00
Sevell Co.	5.00
Slater, Rev.	46.30
Schuldt, E.W.	1.00
Sisson, Mr.	5.00
Simpson, K.	1.00
Saul, G.M.	.05
Sanderson, Mr.	6.05
Studer, A.	2.50
Stansell, S.S.	28.10
Soldiers Civil Re-Establishment	10.00
Swarg, H.O.	10.00
Simpkin Marshall Co.	.17
St. Matthews Lutheran Church	31.50
Sophomore Dance	17.76
Stewart, Rev. R.E.	3.00
Steeple, Dr. H.B.	4.18
Taxis, S.	42.80
Thompson, John	5.60
Turner, Rev. John	4.30
Tibbits, M.	7.00
Thompson, E.P.	.65
Toronto Type Foundry	45.00
U. of A. Bookstore	1252.63
Undergrad Dance	19.00
Underwood, E. Miss	1.00
Vallancourt, A.	10.00
Vallet, M.	3.72
Van Ark, Mr. W.	1.00
Warner, W.C.	7.01
White Star Coal Co.	10.00
Westminster College	1027.10
Wood, Rev.	7.80

4.00	Kear, James A.
1.50	Kear, James A.D.
1.00	Kear, Miss
4.00	Kear, G.H.
10.00	Kear, J.
1.25	Kear, Bishop
1.00	Kear, Rev.
29.25	Kear, Alexandra Hospital
.60	Kear, Curling Club
1.00	Kear, H.
2.50	Kear, Rev. R.A. Court
2.50	Kear, Dr.
22.75	Kear, Union General
11.00	Kear, Union Women's Initiation
.75	Kear, Union Rugby Club
22.25	Kear, Union Dramatic Society
.45	Kear, Union Debating Club
222.00	Kear, Union Bank Account
2.50	Kear, Major
7.75	Kear, H.
10.00	Kear, Major
2.00	Kear, H. Hens
1.00	Kear, J.M.
7.50	Kear, Asst.
1.00	Kear, Rev. H.H.
2.00	Kear, Co.
48.50	Kear, Rev.
1.00	Kear, W.W.
2.00	Kear, Mr.
1.00	Kear, R.
.25	Kear, C.M.
2.00	Kear, Mr.
2.50	Kear, A.
22.10	Kear, S.H.
10.00	Kear, Civil Re-Establishment
10.00	Kear, H.O.
.17	Kear, Marshall Co.
21.50	Kear, Lutheran Church
17.75	Kear, Dance
2.00	Kear, Rev. R.H.
4.15	Kear, Dr. H.H.
42.50	Kear, S.
2.50	Kear, John
4.50	Kear, Rev. John
7.00	Kear, M.
.25	Kear, E.P.
42.00	Kear, Type Foundry
122.25	Kear, A. Bookstore
12.00	Kear, Dance
1.00	Kear, N. Miss
10.00	Kear, A.
2.75	Kear, H.
1.00	Kear, Mr. W.
7.00	Kear, F.C.
10.00	Kear, Co.
1027.10	Kear, College
7.50	Kear, Rev.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE DEBITS (Continued)

Wilson, Prof. R.S.I.	.75
Williamson, Dr.	10.00
Wees, Mr.	3.20
Women's University Club	26.60
Watson, Geo.	.25
Walker Mine	10.00
Westmount Comm. League	24.45
Woods, P. J. Hwde.	19.95
Woodward, Rev. J. T.	.05
Walley, M.	1.00
Warren, E. W.	18.00
Warren, M.	3.00
Year Book	8.70
Y.M.C.A. Lethbridge	.70
Young, Dr.	10.45

\$12,559.29

RESERVATION LIST (Continued)

10.48	Young, Dr.
.75	T.A.A. Ishida
8.75	York Book
2.00	Walter M.
18.00	Walter M.
1.00	Walter M.
.00	Walter M.
19.25	Walter M.
24.45	Walter M.
10.00	Walter M.
.25	Walter M.
23.20	Walter M.
2.20	Walter M.
10.00	Walter M.
.75	Walter M.
10.00	Walter M.
.75	Walter M.

\$12,525.25

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE DEBITS (Continued)

41

Watson, Geo.	.25
Walker Mine	10.00
Westmount Comm. League	24.45
Woods, P. J. Hwde.	19.95
Woodward, Rev. J. F.	.05
Walley, M.	1.00
Warren, E. W.	18.00
Warren, M.	3.00
Year Book	8.70
Y.M.C.A. Lethbridge	.70
Young, Dr.	10.45

\$12,559.29

12990.67 -

12559.29

12559.29 % Reb
 2768.03 % Reb
 4818.40 % Reb
 31250 % Reb

 20458.22

12990.67
 2768.03
 4818.40
 31250

 20889.60
 431.38

 20458.22

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE.

CREDITS.

December 31st, 1923.

Alberta College,	3.00
Adjustment Account,	10.23
Miss H. Ball,	7.25
Class '26,	9.96
Canadian Pacific Railway,	12.00
Cameron, A.E.	6.15
Collip, Dr.	40.66
Caution Money,	149.01
Class '23,	3.00
Crane Ltd.	4.00
Dominion Government, N. R. C.	96.61
Department of Agriculture,	10.00
Dodd, Miss F.E.	1.00
Faculty Club,	115.00
Fulmer, Miss M.	.30
Gibson, John G.	.50
Green, Thos. H. Rev.	6.00
House Committee,	3.25
Horte, O.	8.15
Highlands Methodist Church,	1.00
Krammer, F.	10.95
Moshier, Dr.	3.96
Moore, O.B.	9.89
McKee, Mr.	.57
McGibbon D.A.	11.31
McDougall Church,	3.50
McLennan, Miss I.K.	1.00
Prov. Government - Dept. of Health,	20.88
Pharmacy Club,	.75
Students' Union Athletic Society,	10.00
Students' Union Sophomore Class,	1.00
Southen, E.	.20
Sutherland, Dr.	6.00
Wauneita Society,	2.17
Walker, Dr. O.J.	1.55
Young, H.S.	2.50

\$563.30

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

CREDITS

December 31st, 1923.

3.00	Alberta College
10.23	Adjustment Account
7.25	Miss H. Bell
9.95	Class '20
12.00	Canadian Pacific Railway
6.15	Cameron, A.E.
40.65	Collip, Dr.
142.01	Caution Money
2.00	Class '22
4.00	Crane Ltd.
96.61	Dominion Government, N. R. Co.
10.00	Department of Agriculture
1.00	Dodd, Miss F.E.
115.00	Faculty Club
.30	Palmer, Miss M.
.30	Gibson, John G.
6.00	Green, Thos. H. Rev.
3.25	Horse Committee
8.15	Horte, O.
1.00	Highlands Methodist Church
10.95	Krammer, E.
3.95	Knicker, Dr.
9.95	Moore, O.B.
.27	McKee, Mr.
1.21	McGibbon D.A.
3.80	McDonald Church
1.00	Melmann, Miss I.R.
20.88	Prov. Government - Dept. of Health
.75	Pharmacy Club
10.00	Students' Union Athletic Society
1.00	Students' Union Sophomore Class
.20	Southern, E.
6.00	Sutherland, Dr.
2.17	Wannatta Society
1.55	Walker, Dr. O.J.
2.50	Young, H.S.
\$283.30	

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - ROOM & BOARD.
DEBITS.

43

December 31, 1923.

Asplund,	Chas	\$ 10.00
Baker,	W. E.	83.50
Becker,	C.	26.00
Budd,	W. E.	25.00
Bryan,	W. C.	60.00
Baker,	H. M.	.05
Becker,	Ruth	40.00
Brammer,	J. H.	38.00
Bright,	A. H.	12.00
Cameron,	R. A.	53.75
Currie,	Donald,	40.00
Cairns,	James	6.75
Clarry,	T.	15.93
Davis,	E. H.	2.00
Dunkley,	T.	120.00
De Mille,	W. E.	40.00
Dyde,	H. A.	152.00
Dawson,	G. S.	36.10
Donaldson,	Geo.	27.10
English,	J.	10.00
Krause,	H. E.	80.00
Levy,	H. R.	40.00
Le Blance Yenne		5.40
Law,	Frank	5.40
Moore,	R. C.	<u>44.00</u>

Forward 952.78

1991

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ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - ROOM & BOARD.
DEBITS. (Cont'd)

	Forward.	\$ 952.78
Horden, V. I.		9.20
Manning, A. H.		14.00
Moss, R. W.		123.65
Miller, J.		160.00
Mitchell, Bessie		80.00
Marshall, Alice B.		12.15
Murphy, F. J.		152.00
Morrison, J. A.		80.00
McLeod, M. E.		30.00
McKay, W.		40.00
McLean, F. R.		8.10
McGregor, Leone		4.00
McArthur, K. D.		80.00
McMillan, W. A.		.15
McRae, D.		100.75
McNeil,		30.80
Nicholson, Mary		14.95
Olson, O. C.		40.00
Pearson, J. G.		.15
Park, W. F.		173.00
Pyper, Rob.		50.00
Pierson, Edna I.		38.00
Pawluk, F.		40.00
Perkins, H. G.		12.00
Roger, W.		8.00
Robertson, B. H.		8.45
Robinson, S. S.		<u>1.00</u>

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - BROWN & BROWN
DEBIT (Cont'd)

Forward	9	902.75		
Horton	V. I.	2.20		
Manning	A. H.	14.00		
Mass	R. W.	122.65		
Miller	L.	100.00		
Mitchell	Debate	80.00		
Morphy	Alfred B.	12.15		
Murray	T. J.	122.00		
Nevins	T. A.	80.00		
Nelson	M. E.	20.00		
Nesby	T.	40.00		
Nolan	T. R.	8.10		
McGregor	James	4.00		
McIntosh	K. D.	50.00		
McMillan	W. A.	12.		
McNee	D.	100.75		
McNeil		20.00		
McPherson	Harry	14.00		
Glenn	O. G.	40.00		
Newton	L. G.	12.		
Perk	W. P.	175.00		
Piper	Rob.	20.00		
Pleasant	James I.	20.00		
Powell	T.	40.00		
Parkins	M. G.	12.00		
Rogers	T.	8.00		
Robertson	R. E.	8.45		
Robinson	S. S.	1.00		

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - ROOM & BOARD.
SERIES. (Cont'd).

45

Forward. \$ 2,263.13

Robertson,	H. B.	18.00
Sinclair,	S. S.	39.85
Stauffer,	M. L.	80.00
Smith,	A. W.	40.00
Salter,	F. M.	1.00
Seulleg,	D. G.	29.20
Smith,	C. R.	26.45
Thureton,	W.	10.00
Taylor,	V. B.	60.00
Taylor,	J. J.	38.00
Tomlinson,		3.30
Timmins,	B.	52.40
Whitman,	D.	40.00
Wees,	W.	40.00
Winters,	H. F.	10.80
Walters,	G. T.	1.90
Williams,	W. P.	2.00
Wells,	Jack	12.00

\$ 2,768.03 ✓

ADDED WITH INQUIRY - ROOM & BOARD.
WHITE (1903-4).

Forward. \$ 2,263.13

18.00	H. E.	Robertson,
29.85	E. E.	Stinnett,
60.00	H. I.	Stanley,
60.00	A. W.	Stark,
1.00	F. M.	Stater,
29.10	D. G.	Steele,
28.45	G. H.	Smith,
10.00	F.	Thurston,
60.00	V. H.	Taylor,
24.00	L. J.	Taylor,
3.50		Thompson,
22.40	B.	Timmons,
40.00	D.	Walters,
40.00	F.	Woods,
10.00	H. F.	Winters,
1.00	G. F.	Winters,
2.00	W. F.	Williams,
11.00	Jack	Wells,

\$ 2,703.03

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - ROOM & BOARD.
CREDITS.

46

Atkinson,	Grace	\$ 13.38
Burgess,	G. S.	55.25
Bank,	B. W.	12.00
Baker,	R. I.	160.00
Brown,	R. J.	160.00
Gray,	D. R.	12.00
Gedmundson,	A. E.	12.00
Greenberg,	C. C.	40.00
Halliday,	F.	20.00
Haw,	O. V.	160.00
Johnston,	C.	12.00
Keir,	Katherine	40.00
Laidlaw,	W. G. C.	12.00
McBrine,	A. W.	40.00
McIntyre,	J. W.	12.00
McLennan,	Jean	.85
McDonald,	W. L.	.20
McFall,	J. R.	40.00
Patten,	H. S.	14.10
Scroggie,	A. G.	31.00
Stock,	S. W.	1.00
Simmons,	Reg.	12.00
Splavic,	Eric	12.00
Thompson,	R. K.	160.00
Thompson,	John	160.00
Uchida,	M.	<u>40.00</u>

Forward. \$ 1,231.78

AND COUNTY TREASURER - JOHN W. BOARD.
CHARGE

12.35	George	Adkinson,
12.35	G. J.	Burges,
12.00	B. V.	Brake,
100.00	R. I.	Brake,
180.00	R. J.	Brown,
12.00	D. R.	Gray,
12.00	A. R.	Godwin,
40.00	G. G.	Greenberg,
30.00	F.	Halley,
100.00	G. V.	Haw,
12.00	G.	Johnson,
40.00	Estherine	Kate,
12.00	W. G. G.	Kelley,
40.00	A. R.	Kelley,
12.00	T. W.	Kelley,
25	John	Kelley,
25	W. I.	Kelley,
40.00	T. R.	Kelley,
14.15	R. B.	Kelley,
22.00	A. G.	Kelley,
1.00	E. W.	Kelley,
12.00	Rob.	Kelley,
12.00	Wife	Kelley,
100.00	R. R.	Thompson,
100.00	John	Thompson,
40.00	H.	Uchida,

Forwarded \$ 1,231.75

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - BOARD & ROOM.
CHURCH. (C nt'd).

47

	Forward.	\$ 1,231.78
Williams,	H. L.	12.00
Wains,	F. D.	40.00
Wells,	John	11.85
Wright,	E. K.	12.00
Woods,	K.	.10
Young,	H. B.	40.00

\$ 1,347.73

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE

December 31st, 1923⁴⁸

<u>Property</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Premium</u>
n the brick, stone and concrete building known s Athabasca Hall, Dining Hall, Boiler House nd Kitchen, Nos. 250-262, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.....	\$ 276,000.00	1.36	3,753.60
n Contents, while contained therein.....	35,000.00	1.60	560.00
n the brick, stone and concrete building known s Assiniboia Hall, Nos. 200-216, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.....	143,000.00	1.09	1,558.70
n Contents, while contained therein.....	15,000.00	1.28	192.00
n the brick, stone and concrete building known s Pembina Hall, No. 300, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.....	100,000.00	.60	600.00
n Contents, while contained therein.....	10,000.00	1.14	114.00
n the brick, stone and concrete building known s Arts Building, Nos. 430-440, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.....	100,000.00	1.10	1,100.00
n Contents, while contained therein.....	40,000.00	1.08	432.00
n the brick, stone and concrete building known s Medical Hall, situate to the South of Power ouse, Nos. 500-513, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.....	100,000.00	1.14	1,140.00
n Contents, while contained therein.....	25,000.00	1.20	300.00
n the brick, stone and concrete building known s Power House and Laboratory, including Power nd Heating Equipment, but excluding Electrical achinery, Nos. 460-5, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.....	84,400.00	2.64	2,228.16
n Electrical Machinery while contained therein.....	28,000.00	2.38	666.40
n Contents, while contained therein.....	15,000.00	2.94	441.00
n the brick, stone and concrete building known s the South Laboratory and garage, No. 450, C.F.U.A. Plan.....	43,000.00	2.76	1,186.80
n Contents excluding Motor Cars in use, while contained therein.....	12,000.00	3.36	403.20
n the brick, stone and concrete building known s the North Laboratory, Nos. 400-410, W.C.F.U. Plan.....	43,000.00	2.52	1,083.60
n Contents, while contained therein.....	15,000.00	3.12	468.00
n the brick building known as Gas House and Green ouse, Nos. 278-278, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.....	3,200.00	1.84	58.88
n Machinery and Equipment, including furnaces etorts, smokestacks, engines, and all other quipment, but excluding contents of greenhouse hile contained therein or thereon	33,000.00	2.34	70.20
n the frame building known as the Carpenter, blacksmith, and Paint Shop, while contained herein.....	1,000.00	7.48	74.80
n Machinery and Equipment usual to a Carpenter blacksmith and Paint Shop, while contained herein.....	2,000.00	7.78	155.60
n stock of materials and supplies usual to a arpenter, Blacksmith and Paint Shop, while ontained therein.....	4,000.00	7.78	311.20
n building of Greenhouse, situate to the South est of Gas House, No. 284, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.....	500.00	1.84	9.20
Average Rate: 1.539.	\$ 1,098,100.00		\$16,907.34

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE

December 31st, 1933

Property	Amount	Rate Premium
Gas House, No. 284, W.C.F.U.A. Plan....	500.00	1.84
Building of Greenhouse, situate to the South and therein.....	4,000.00	7.78
Box, Blacksmith and Paint Shop, while out of materials and supplies used to a	2,000.00	7.78
Machinery and Equipment used to a Carpenter with and Paint Shop, while contained	1,000.00	7.48
Frame Building known as the Carpenter, with, and Paint Shop, while contained	3,000.00	2.34
Contents therein or thereon.....		
nt, but excluding contents of Greenhouse		
s, blacksmiths, engines, and all other		
inery and Equipment, including furnaces	3,200.00	1.84
Gas House and Green		
brick building known as Gas House and Green	18,000.00	2.78
Contents, while contained therein.....	48,000.00	2.52
North Laboratory, Nos. 400-410, W.C.F.U.	18,000.00	2.78
brick, stone and concrete building known		
ed therein.....	18,000.00	2.38
tents excluding Motor Cars in use, while	48,000.00	2.78
U.A. Plan.....		
South Laboratory and Garage, No. 450,		
brick, stone and concrete building known		
tents, while contained therein.....	18,000.00	2.94
otical Machinery while contained therein	28,000.00	2.80
ery, Nos. 460-8, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.....	84,400.00	2.64
ating Equipment, but excluding Electrical		
er House and Laboratory, including Power		
brick, stone and concrete building known		
tents, while contained therein.....	100,000.00	1.20
ical Hall, situate to the South of Power		
Nos. 500-515, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.....	100,000.00	1.14
tents, while contained therein.....	32,000.00	1.20
brick, stone and concrete building known		
Building, Nos. 430-440, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.	100,000.00	1.10
brick, stone and concrete building known		
tents, while contained therein.....	40,000.00	1.08
Building, Nos. 430-440, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.	100,000.00	1.10
brick, stone and concrete building known		
tents, while contained therein.....	10,000.00	1.14
Building, No. 300, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.....	100,000.00	.60
brick, stone and concrete building known		
tents, while contained therein.....	18,000.00	1.28
Amphitheater Hall, Nos. 200-210, W.C.F.U.A. Plan	148,000.00	1.08
brick, stone and concrete building known		
tents, while contained therein.....	32,000.00	1.60
Amphitheater, Nos. 250-260, W.C.F.U.A. Plan.....	278,000.00	1.36
Amphitheater Hall, Dining Hall, Boiler House		
brick, stone and concrete building known		

Rate: 1.388

\$1,098,100.00

\$16,907.34

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE

FARM

December 31st, 1923

<u>Property</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Premium</u>
the frame building, known as Superintendent's dwelling.....	\$2,500.00	1.50	\$ 37.50
the frame building including Silos attached thereto, known as Animal Husbandry Barn.....	20,000.00	1.50	300.00
the frame building, known as the Field Husbandry Barn.....	7,000.00	1.50	105.00
the frame building, known as the Dairy Building.....	1,000.00	1.50	15.00
the frame building, known as the New Horse Barn.....	12,000.00	1.50	180.00
the frame building, known as the New Sheep Barn.....	5,000.00	1.50	75.00
the frame building, known as the New Swine Barn.....	7,000.00	1.50	105.00
Grade Livestock (excluding any animals specifically insured) not more than \$200 on any one horse, \$200 on any one horned cattle, or \$100 on any other animal recoverable in event of loss, but in no case to exceed 75% of its actual cash value.....	5,000.00	1.25	62.50
Registered Livestock (excluding any animals specifically insured, not more than \$1000 on any one horse, \$1000 on any one horned cattle, or \$200 on any other animal recoverable in event of loss, but in no case to exceed 75% of its actual cash value.....	15,000.00	1.25	187.50
feed of all kinds, while contained in Animal Husbandry Barn.....	1,000.00	1.25	12.50
Farm and Stable tools, utensils and equip- ment, while contained in the above described Animal Husbandry Barn. Not more than 75% of the actual cash value will be recoverable on any one article in the event of loss.....	1,000.00	1.25	12.50
Agricultural Implements and Equipment of all kinds while contained in above described Field Husbandry Barn. Not more than 75% of the actual cash value will be recoverable on any one article in the event of loss.....	3,000.00	1.25	37.50
Average Rate: 1.4215	\$79,500.00		\$1,130.00

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE

FARM

December 31st, 1923

Property	Amount	Rate	Premium
Frame building, Superintendent's dwelling.....	\$2,500.00	1.50	\$37.50
Frame building including sales			
Frame building, known as Animal Hospital.....	20,000.00	1.50	3,000.00
Frame building, the Field Barn.....	7,000.00	1.50	1,050.00
Frame building, the Dairy Building.....	1,000.00	1.50	150.00
Frame building, the New Horse Barn.....	15,000.00	1.50	2,250.00
Frame building, the New Sheep Barn.....	5,000.00	1.50	750.00
Frame building, the New Swine Barn.....	7,000.00	1.50	1,050.00
livestock (excluding any animals actually insured) not more than \$200 on any one horse, \$300 on any one horned cattle, or any other animal recoverable in loss, but in no case to exceed 75% actual cash value.....	5,000.00	1.25	625.00
livestock (excluding any specifically insured, not more than any one horse, \$1000 on any one horned or \$300 on any other animal recoverable in loss, but in no case to exceed 75% actual cash value.....	15,000.00	1.25	1,875.00
of all kinds, while contained in Animal Hospital.....	1,000.00	1.25	125.00
and stable tools, utensils and equipment contained in the above described Barn. Not more than 75% actual cash value will be recoverable one article in the event of loss.....	1,000.00	1.25	125.00
livestock (excluding any specifically insured, not more than any one horse, \$1000 on any one horned or \$300 on any other animal recoverable in loss, but in no case to exceed 75% actual cash value.....	3,000.00	1.25	375.00
Rate: 1.45% and special rates on	\$1,150.00		

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCEFACULTYDecember 31st, 1923

50

<u>Property</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Premium</u>
n the part brick part frame building, nown as President's Dwelling No.1.....	\$10,000.00	1.00	\$100.00
n the frame building nown as the President's Garage.....	900.00	1.20	10.80
n the part brick part frame building, nown as Dwelling No. 2.....	6,000.00	1.00	60.00
n the Brick building nown as Dwelling No. 3.....	6,000.00	.80	48.00
n the part brick part frame building, nown as dwelling No. 4.....	6,000.00	1.00	60.00
n the part brick part frame building, nown as Dwelling No. 5.....	5,000.00	1.10	55.00
n the part brick part frame building, nown as Dwelling No. 6.....	5,000.00	1.20	60.00
n the part brick part frame building, nown as Dwelling No. 7.....	5,000.00	1.10	55.00
n the part brick part frame building, nown as Dwelling No. 8.....	6,000.00	1.10	66.00
n the part brick part frame building, nown as Dwelling No. 9.....	5,000.00	1.10	55.00
n the part brick part frame building, nown as Dwelling No. 10.....	5,000.00	1.00	50.00
verage Rate: 1.0347.	\$59,900.00		\$619.80

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE

December 31st, 1923

FACULTY

<u>Property</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Premium</u>
the part brick part frame building, wn as Dwelling No. 10.....	\$10,000.00	1.00	\$100.00
the frame building, wn as the President's Garage.....	200.00	1.20	10.80
the part brick part frame building, wn as Dwelling No. 8.....	6,000.00	1.00	60.00
the brick building, wn as Dwelling No. 3.....	6,000.00	.80	48.00
the part brick part frame building, wn as Dwelling No. 4.....	6,000.00	1.00	60.00
the part brick part frame building, wn as Dwelling No. 5.....	6,000.00	1.10	66.00
the part brick part frame building, wn as Dwelling No. 6.....	6,000.00	1.20	60.00
the part brick part frame building, wn as Dwelling No. 7.....	6,000.00	1.10	66.00
the part brick part frame building, wn as Dwelling No. 8.....	6,000.00	1.10	66.00
the part brick part frame building, wn as Dwelling No. 9.....	6,000.00	1.10	66.00
the part brick part frame building, wn as Dwelling No. 10.....	6,000.00	1.00	60.00
Range Rate: 1.0347.	\$59,900.00		\$619.80

TRUST ACCOUNT

December 31st, 1923.

	Dr.	Cr.
Associate Air Research,		590.82
Agricultural Club,		33.90
Agnew, T.J.		44.00
Alcohol Account,	706.86	
Andrews, E.		50.00
Black, D.M.		50.00
Berry, Wm.	125.00	
Brown, W.R.		155.00
Cameron, Geo.		35.00
Caution Money, 1920-21,		593.14
Caution Money, 1921-22,		249.29
Caution Money, 1922-23,		2892.04
Caution Money, 1923-24,		2990.00
Caldwell, Olive,		41.10
Cook, W.H.		76.20
Cassels, J.		113.00
Cain, Ardis,	10.00	
Crawford, G.M.		256.94
Class 1924,		159.31
Class 1923,		156.85
C.O.T.C.		2.86
Class 1925,		241.56
Dr. J.B. Collip Research,		4637.68
Dr. J.B. Collip, Trading Account,	1161.30	
Dr. J.B. Collip, Plant Extract,		2000.00
Calhoun, W.P.		2.00
Crawford, H.W.		6.95
Coal Research Mines Branch,	88.00	
Commerce Club,		26.00
Dahl, Paul,		4.00
Dowding, S.		50.00
DeMille, W.E.		10.00
Ethridge, F.M.		103.00
Faculty Club,		7.82
Field Husbandry Research,		375.49
Ferguson, Lola,		10.00
French Club,		1.42
Gateway,		60.07
George, G.R.		.50
Gaetz, H.H.		136.58
Gray, D.R.		2.00
Gordon, Dr. R.K.	180.58	
Harrocks, M.		3.00
Husband, G.D.		100.00
Harrison, Bob,		2.75
Hutzulak, Paul,		25.00
House Committee,		47.20
Hansen, D.A.		3.85
Hollinshead, J.L.		4.50
Hallman, Vernon,		12.00
Interest Account,		1595.58
Iddings, A.		25.00

University of Alberta

December 31st, 1933

STUDENTS' LOAN FUND

Balance at Credit of Fund 118.59

Cash received in repayment of loans 78.75
 University of Alberta Grant 200.00
 Bank Interest 9.81
 Interest on loans 33.08
 Amount to Credit of Fund 433.60

Represented by:

Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada 433.60

University of AlbertaDecember 31st, 1923ROCKEFELLER GRANT

1923

Dec. 11th. Donation from

Rockefeller Foundation 500,000.00

Represented by:

Dec. 31st. Savings Account 425,000.00

General Account 75,000.00 500,000.00

Imperial Bank of Canada.

University of Alberta

December 31st, 1953

ROCKEFELLER GRANT

1953

Dec. 31st. Donation from

Rockefeller Foundation

Represented by:

425,000.00

Dec. 31st. Savings Account

75,000.00

General Account

Imperial Bank of Canada

University of AlbertaDecember 31st, 1923ALBERTA PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION

1922

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund 7000.00

1923

Dec. 3rd. Interest on Debentures 420.00

31st. Amount to Credit of Fund 7420.00

Represented by:

Dec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada 420.00

7 Debentures Town of Vegreville

6% @ 1000.00 ea. 7000.007420.00

University of Alberta

December 31st, 1923

ALBERTA INDIAN ASSOCIATION

1923

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund 7000.00

1923

Dec. 31st. Interest on Deposits 420.00

31st. Amount to Credit of Fund 7420.00

Represented by:

Dec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada 420.00

V. Department Town of Vegreville

at 1000.00 ea. 7000.00

7420.00

University of Alberta.December 31st, 1923.SIR JAMES AIKEN SCHOLARSHIP FUND.

1922

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund 2107.80

1923

Dec. 31st. Interest on Bank Balances
and Investments 126.48

Less 2234.28

Nov. 1st. Cash Paid (Scholarship) 125.00

Dec. 31st. Amount to Credit of Fund 2109.28

Represented by:

P. of A. Debenture \$2000 @ 96.64

1932.80

P. of A. Saving Certificates 115.00

Cash in Bank 61.48

2109.28

6000

115.00

University of Alberta

December 31st, 1922.

SIR JAMES ALLEN SCHOLARSHIP FUND.

1922		
Dec. 31st.	Balance at Credit of Fund	2107.80
1922		
Dec. 31st.	Interest on Bank Balances and Investments	186.48
	Less	2224.28
	Nov. 1st. Cash Paid (Scholarship)	188.00
2109.28	Dec. 31st. Amount to Credit of Fund	
	Represented by:	
	1. of A. Deane's \$2000 & 88.44	2088.44
	2. of A. Deane's Contributions	118.00
2109.28	Cash in Bank	61.48

University of AlbertaDecember 31st, 1923WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY CLUB LOAN FUND

1922

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund 30.86

1923

May 8th. Cash received in repayment
of Loan 100.00Dec. 31st. Interest on Loans and Bank
Balance 10.16
Amount to Credit of Fund 141.02

Represented by:

Dec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of
Canada 141.02

University of Alberta

December 31st, 1923

WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY CLUB FUND

1923

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund 50.86

1923

May 8th. Cash received in repayment of loan 100.00

Dec. 31st. Interest on loans and Bank Balance 10.18

Amount to Credit of Fund

Represented by:

Dec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada

141.0

University of AlbertaDecember 31st, 1923MOSIER MEMORIAL FUND

1922

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund
 (included with Gen. Trust Account) 350.00

31st. Interest on Bank Balance and
 Saving Certificates 9.26
 Amount to Credit of Fund 359.26
 Represented by:

P. of A. Saving Certificates 350.00
 Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada 9.26
 359.26

University of Alberta
December 31st, 1933

MOSEBY MEMORIAL FUND

1933

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund
(included with Gen. Trust Account) 380.00

389.
31st. Interest on Bank Balance and
Savings Certificates
Amount to Credit of Fund
Represented by:

359.1
P. of A. Savings Certificates
Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada
3.86
355.00

University of Alberta
December 31st, 1923

19th ALBERTA DRAGOONS

I. O. D. E.

1922

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund 58.99

1923

Oct. 31st. Bank Interest 1.68

Amount to Credit of Fund 60.67

Represented by:

Dec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada 60.67

University of Alberta
December 31st, 1923

JOHN ALBERTA STAGGONS

I. O. D. E.

1923
1922

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund 58.50
1923
Dec. 31st. Cash Interest 1.58
Amount to Credit of Fund 50.00
Represented by:
Dec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada 50.00

University of AlbertaDecember 31st, 1923DR. BLAIS' PRIZE

1922

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund 10.96

1923

Oct. 31st. Bank Interest .24Amount to Credit of Fund 11.20
represented byDec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of 11.20
Canada11.20

University of Alberta

December 31st, 1933

DR. BEA'S PRIZE

1933

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund 10.50

1933

Oct. 31st. Bank Interest 2.50

Amount to Credit of Fund represented by 11.30

Dec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada 11.30

UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

DECEMBER 31st, 1924.

WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY CLUB SCHOLARSHIP FUND

1922

Dec. 31st. Balance at credit of Fund 1165.49

1923

Oct. 31st. Bank Interest 5.49

Dec. 31st. Debenture Interest 52.00

Amount to credit of Fund 1222.98
represented by

Dec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of
Canada. 222.98

3-Dominion of Canada 100.00
5½% Gold Bonds, due 1934

2-Dominion of Canada 50.00
5½% Gold Bonds, due 1934

1-Dominion of Canada 500.00
5% Gold Bonds, due 1925

1-Dominion of Canada 100.00
5% Gold Bond, due 1925 1000.00

1222.98

UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

DECEMBER 31st, 1934.

WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY CLUB SCHOLARSHIP FUND

	<u>1933</u>	
Dec. 31st. Balance at credit of Fund	1155.43	
	<u>1934</u>	
Dec. 31st. Bank Interest	5.43	
Dec. 31st. Dominion Interest	53.00	
Amount to credit of Fund represented by	1222.96	
Dec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada.	222.96	
3-Dominion of Canada 100.00 5% Gold Bonds, due 1934		
3-Dominion of Canada 50.00 5% Gold Bonds, due 1934		
1-Dominion of Canada 500.00 5% Gold Bonds, due 1935		
1-Dominion of Canada 100.00 5% Gold Bonds, due 1935	<u>1000.00</u>	
	1222.96	

University of AlbertaDecember 31st, 1923WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY CLUBCOLONIAL HISTORY BOOK ACCOUNT

1922

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund 65.28

1923

Oct. 31st. Bank Interest 1.92

Amount to Credit of Fund 67.20

Represented by:

Dec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada 67.20

University of Alberta

December 31st, 1923

WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY CLUB

COLONIAL HISTORY BOOK ACCOUNT

1923

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund 65.28

1923

Oct. 31st. Bank Interest 1.92

Amount to Credit of Fund 67.20

Represented by:

Dec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada 67.20

University of AlbertaDecember 31st, 1923LAW LIBRARY FUND

1922

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund 560.84

1923

Oct. 31st. Bank Interest 17.02

Amount to Credit of Fund 577.86

Represented by:

Dec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada 577.86

University of Alberta

December 31st, 1923

LAW LIBRARY FUND

1923

Dec. 31st. Balance at Credit of Fund 860.84

1923

Oct. 31st. Bank Interest 17.02

Amount to Credit of Fund 577.86

Represented by:

Dec. 31st. Cash in Imperial Bank of Canada 577.86

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